Honeywell

Xenon[™] 1900/1910 Xenon[™] 1902/1912 Granit[™] 1910i/1911i

Area-Imaging Scanner

User's Guide

Disclaimer

Honeywell International Inc. ("HII") reserves the right to make changes in specifications and other information contained in this document without prior notice, and the reader should in all cases consult HII to determine whether any such changes have been made. The information in this publication does not represent a commitment on the part of HII.

HII shall not be liable for technical or editorial errors or omissions contained herein; nor for incidental or consequential damages resulting from the furnishing, performance, or use of this material.

This document contains proprietary information that is protected by copyright. All rights are reserved. No part of this document may be photocopied, reproduced, or translated into another language without the prior written consent of HII.

© 2010-2012 Honeywell International Inc. All rights reserved.

Web Address:

Xenon and Granit are trademarks or registered trademarks of Honeywell International Inc.

Microsoft® Windows®, Windows NT®, Windows 2000, Windows ME, Windows XP, and the Windows logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

The Bluetooth® word mark and logos are owned by Bluetooth SIG, Inc.

Other product names or marks mentioned in this document may be trademarks or registered trademarks of other companies and are the property of their respective owners.

Product Agency Compliance - Xenon 1900/1910

USA

FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class B

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio or television technician for help.

If necessary, the user should consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ television technician for additional suggestions. The user may find the following booklet helpful: "Something About Interference." This is available at FCC local regional offices. Honeywell is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modifications of this equipment or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than those specified by Honeywell. The correction is the responsibility of the user.

Use only shielded data cables with this system. This unit has been tested with cables less than 3 meters. Cables greater than 3 meters may not meet class B performance.

Caution: Any changes or modifications made to this equipment not expressly approved by Honeywell may void the FCC authorization to operate this equipment.

UL Statement

UL listed: UL60950-1, 2nd Edition.

Canada

Industry Canada ICES-003

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003. Operation is subject to the following conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Conformité à la règlementation canadienne

Cet appareil numérique de la Classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada. Son fonctionnement est assujetti aux conditions suivantes :

- 1. Cet appareil ne doit pas causer de brouillage préjudiciable.
- 2. Cet appareil doit pouvoir accepter tout brouillage reçu, y compris le brouillage pouvant causer un fonctionnement indésirable.



C-UL listed: CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, 2nd Edition.

Europe



The CE marking indicates compliance to 2004/108/EC EMC Directive with Standards EN55022 CLASS B, EN55024, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3 and 2011/65/EU RoHS directive. In addition, complies to 2006/95/EC Low Voltage Directive, when shipped with recommended power supply. European contact:

Hand Held Products Europe B.V. Nijverheidsweg 9-13 5627 BT Eindhoven The Netherlands

Honeywell International Inc. shall not be liable for use of our product with equipment (i.e., power supplies, personal computers, etc.) that is not CE marked and does not comply with the Low Voltage Directive.

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Information

Honeywell complies with Directive 2002/96/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PAR-LIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 27 January 2003 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE). This product has required the extraction and use of natural resources for its production. It may contain hazardous substances that could impact health and the environment, if not properly disposed.

In order to avoid the dissemination of those substances in our environment and to diminish the pressure on the natural resources, we encourage you to use the appropriate take-back systems for product disposal. Those systems will reuse or recycle most of the materials of the product you are disposing in a sound way.

The crossed out wheeled bin symbol informs you that the product should not be disposed of along with municipal waste and invites you to use the appropriate separate take-back systems for product disposal.

If you need more information on the collection, reuse, and recycling systems, please contact your local or regional waste administration.

You may also contact your supplier for more information on the environmental performances of this product.

Germany



If your product is marked with the GS symbol, then the product has been issued a GS certificate showing compliance to EN 60950-1, Second Edition.

This device is not intended for use in direct field of view at visual display workplaces. To avoid distracting reflections at visual display workplaces, this device should not be placed in direct field of view.

Australia/NZ

C-Tick Statement



Conforms to AS/NZS 3548 EMC requirement

Mexico





Conforms to NOM-019.

Japan



Russia



Gost-R certificate

South Korea



This product meets Korean agency approval.

Taiwan

If the following label is attached to your product, the product meets Taiwan agency approval:



BSMI Standard: CNS13438, CNS14336

依據標準: CNS13438, CNS14336

International

LED Safety Statement

LEDs have been tested and classified as "EXEMPT RISK GROUP" to the standard: IEC 62471:2006.

CB Scheme

Certified to CB Scheme IEC 60950-1, Second Edition.

Laser Safety Statement

If the following label is attached to your product, it indicates the product contains a laser engine or laser aimer:



This device has been tested in accordance with and complies with IEC60825-1 ed2 (2007) Pulse duration of 15.5 mSec. Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11, except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007.

LASER LIGHT, DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM, CLASS 2 LASER PRODUCT. 1.0 mW MAX OUTPUT: 650nM.

Caution: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of

procedures other than those specified herein may

result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Patents

For patent information, please refer to www.honeywellaidc.com/patents.

Solids and Water Protection

The Xenon 1900 has a rating of IP41, immunity of foreign particles and dripping water.

Warning



To reduce the possibility of heat-related injuries, avoid touching sections of the scanner that feel warm.

Product Agency Compliance - Xenon 1902/1912 and CCB01-010BT Base

USA

FCC Part 15 Subpart C

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Caution: Any changes or modifications made to this equipment not

expressly approved by Honeywell may void the FCC

authorization to operate this equipment.

Use only shielded data cables with this system. This unit has been tested with cables less than 3 meters. Cables greater than 3 meters may not meet class B performance.



UL listed: UL60950-1, 2nd Edition.

Canada

Industry Canada

This device complies with Canadian RSS-210. Operation is subject to the following conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause interference.
- This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Conformité à la règlementation canadienne

Cet appareil ISM est conforme à la norme CNR-210 du Canada. Son fonctionnement est assujetti aux conditions suivantes :

- 1. Cet appareil ne doit pas causer de brouillage préjudiciable.
- 2. Cet appareil doit pouvoir accepter tout brouillage reçu, y compris le brouillage pouvant causer un fonctionnement indésirable.



C-UL listed: CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, 2nd Edition for I.T.E. product safety.

Europe



The CE marking on the product indicates that this device is in conformity with all essential requirements of the 1999/5/EC R&TTE Directive and 2011/65/EU RoHS directive. In addition, complies to 2006/95/EC Low Voltage Directive, when shipped with recommended power supply. European contact:

Hand Held Products Europe B.V. Nijverheidsweg 9-13 5627 BT Eindhoven The Netherlands

Honeywell shall not be liable for use of our product with equipment (i.e., power supplies, personal computers, etc.) that is not CE marked and does not comply with the Low Voltage Directive. This equipment is intended for use throughout the European Community and has been assessed to the following standards:

EN 300 328

EN 301 489-1

EN 301 489-17

EN60950-1

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Information

Honeywell complies with Directive 2002/96/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PAR-LIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE).

This product has required the extraction and use of natural resources for its production. It may contain hazardous substances that could impact health and the environment, if not properly disposed.

In order to avoid the dissemination of those substances in our environment and to diminish the pressure on the natural resources, we encourage you to use the appropriate take-back systems for product disposal. Those systems will reuse or recycle most of the materials of the product you are disposing in a sound way.

The crossed out wheeled bin symbol informs you that the product should not be disposed of along with municipal waste and invites you to use the appropriate separate take-back systems for product disposal.

If you need more information on the collection, reuse, and recycling systems, contact your local or regional waste administration.

You may also contact your supplier for more information on the environmental performances of this product.

Germany



If your product is marked with the GS symbol, then the product has been issued a GS certificate showing compliance to EN 60950-1, Second Edition.

This device is not intended for use in direct field of view at visual display workplaces. To avoid distracting reflections at visual display workplaces, this device should not be placed in direct field of view.

Australia/NZ

C-Tick Statement



Conforms to AS/NZS 3548 EMC requirements.

Brazil

This product is approved by Anatel, according to the procedures regulated by Resolution No. 242/2000 and meets the technical requirements applied.

Este produto está homologado pela ANATEL, de acordo com os procedimentos regulamentados pela Resolução No. 242/2000 e atende aos requisitos técnicos aplicados.

Para maiores informações, consulte o site da ANATEL – www.anatel.gov.br



China

SRRC Radio Certificate.

Japan



Complies with Technical Regulations Conformity Certification of Specified Radio equipment.

Korea



This product meets Korean agency approval.

Mexico



Conforms to NOM-019.

This product meets Cofetel approval.

Russia



Gost-R certificate.

Taiwan

If the following label is attached to your product, the product meets Taiwan agency approval:



BSMI Standard: CNS13438, CNS14336 (Xenon 1902 only)

依據標準: CNS13438, CNS14336



NCC standard: Low power frequency electric machineries technical standard: LP0002

International

LED Safety Statement

Scanner LEDs have been tested and classified as "EXEMPT RISK GROUP" to the standard: IEC 62471:2006.

Radio Technology



CB Scheme

Certified to CB Scheme IEC 60950-1, Second Edition.

Laser Safety Statement

If the following label is attached to your product, it indicates the product contains a laser engine or laser aimer:



This device has been tested in accordance with and complies with IEC60825-1 ed2 (2007) Pulse duration of 15.5 mSec. Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11, except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007.

LASER LIGHT, DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM, CLASS 2 LASER PROD-UCT, 1.0 mW MAX OUTPUT: 650nM.

Caution:

Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Solids and Water Protection

The Xenon 1902 has a rating of IP41, immunity of foreign particles and dripping water.

Patents

For patent information, please refer to www.honeywellaidc.com/patents.

Warning



To reduce the possibility of heat-related injuries, avoid touching sections of the scanner that feel warm.

Product Agency Compliance - Granit 1910i

USA

FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class B

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio or television technician for help.

If necessary, the user should consult the dealer or an experienced radio/ television technician for additional suggestions. The user may find the following booklet helpful: "Something About Interference." This is available at FCC local regional offices. Honeywell is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modifications of this equipment or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than those specified by Honeywell. The correction is the responsibility of the user.

Use only shielded data cables with this system. This unit has been tested with cables less than 3 meters. Cables greater than 3 meters may not meet class B performance.

Caution: Any changes or modifications made to this equipment not expressly approved by Honeywell may void the FCC authorization to operate this equipment.



TÜV-R Statement

TÜV R listed: UL 60950-1, Second Edition and CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, Second Edition.

Canada

Industry Canada ICES-003

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003. Operation is subject to the following conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Conformité à la règlementation canadienne

Cet appareil numérique de la Classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada. Son fonctionnement est assujetti aux conditions suivantes :

- 1. Cet appareil ne doit pas causer de brouillage préjudiciable.
- Cet appareil doit pouvoir accepter tout brouillage reçu, y compris le brouillage pouvant causer un fonctionnement indésirable.



TÜV-R Statement

TÜV R listed: UL 60950-1, Second Edition and CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, Second Edition.

Europe



The CE marking indicates compliance to 2004/108/EC EMC Directive with Standards EN55022 CLASS B, EN55024, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3 and 2011/65/EU RoHS directive. In addition, complies to 2006/95/EC Low Voltage Directive, when shipped with recommended power supply. European contact:

Hand Held Products Europe B.V. Nijverheidsweg 9-13 5627 BT Eindhoven The Netherlands

Honeywell International Inc. shall not be liable for use of our product with equipment (i.e., power supplies, personal computers, etc.) that is not CE marked and does not comply with the Low Voltage Directive.

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Information

Honeywell complies with Directive 2002/96/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PAR-LIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 27 January 2003 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE).

This product has required the extraction and use of natural resources for its production. It may contain hazardous substances that could impact health and the environment, if not properly disposed.

In order to avoid the dissemination of those substances in our environment and to diminish the pressure on the natural resources, we encourage you to use the appropriate take-back systems for product disposal. Those systems will reuse or recycle most of the materials of the product you are disposing in a sound way.

The crossed out wheeled bin symbol informs you that the product should not be disposed of along with municipal waste and invites you to use the appropriate separate take-back systems for product disposal.

If you need more information on the collection, reuse, and recycling systems, please contact your local or regional waste administration.

You may also contact your supplier for more information on the environmental performances of this product.

Australia/NZ

C-Tick Statement



Conforms to AS/NZS 3548 EMC requirement

Russia



Gost-R certificate

International

LED Safety Statement

LEDs have been tested and classified as "EXEMPT RISK GROUP" to the standard: IEC 62471:2006.

CB Scheme

Certified to CB Scheme IEC 60950-1, Second Edition.

Laser Safety Statement

If the following label is attached to your product, it indicates the product contains a laser engine or laser aimer:



This device has been tested in accordance with and complies with IEC60825-1 ed2 (2007). Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11, except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007.

LASER LIGHT, DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM, CLASS 2 LASER PRODUCT, 1.0 mW MAX OUTPUT: 650nM.

Caution: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may

result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Patents

For patent information, please refer to www.honeywellaidc.com/patents.

Solids and Water Protection

The Granit 1910i has a rating of IP65, totally protected against dust and protected against low pressure water jets.

Warning



To reduce the possibility of heat-related injuries, avoid touching sections of the scanner that feel warm.

Product Agency Compliance - Granit 1911i and CCB02-100BT Base

USA

FCC Part 15 Subpart C

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Caution: Any changes or modifications made to this equipment not

expressly approved by Honeywell may void the FCC

authorization to operate this equipment.

Use only shielded data cables with this system. This unit has been tested with cables less than 3 meters. Cables greater than 3 meters may not meet class B performance.



TÜV-R Statement

TÜV R listed: UL 60950-1, Second Edition and CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, Second Edition.

Canada

Industry Canada

This device complies with Canadian RSS-210. Operation is subject to the following conditions:

- This device may not cause interference.
- This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Conformité à la règlementation canadienne

Cet appareil ISM est conforme à la norme CNR-210 du Canada. Son fonctionnement est assujetti aux conditions suivantes :

- 1. Cet appareil ne doit pas causer de brouillage préjudiciable.
- 2. Cet appareil doit pouvoir accepter tout brouillage reçu, y compris le brouillage pouvant causer un fonctionnement indésirable.



TÜV-R Statement

TÜV R listed: UL 60950-1, Second Edition and CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, Second Edition.

Europe



The CE marking on the product indicates that this device is in conformity with all essential requirements of the 1999/5/EC R&TTE Directive and 2011/65/EU RoHS directive. In addition, complies to 2006/95/EC Low Voltage Directive, when shipped with recommended power supply. European contact:

Hand Held Products Europe B.V. Nijverheidsweg 9-13 5627 BT Eindhoven The Netherlands

Honeywell shall not be liable for use of our product with equipment (i.e., power supplies, personal computers, etc.) that is not CE marked and does not comply with the Low Voltage Directive. This equipment is intended for use throughout the European Community and has been assessed to the following standards:

EN 300 328

EN 301 489-1

EN 301 489-17

EN60950-1

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Information

Honeywell complies with Directive 2002/96/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PAR-LIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE).

This product has required the extraction and use of natural resources for its production. It may contain hazardous substances that could impact health and the environment, if not properly disposed.

In order to avoid the dissemination of those substances in our environment and to diminish the pressure on the natural resources, we encourage you to use the appropriate take-back systems for product disposal. Those systems will reuse or recycle most of the materials of the product you are disposing in a sound way.

The crossed out wheeled bin symbol informs you that the product should not be disposed of along with municipal waste and invites you to use the appropriate separate take-back systems for product disposal.

If you need more information on the collection, reuse, and recycling systems, contact your local or regional waste administration.

You may also contact your supplier for more information on the environmental performances of this product.

Australia/NZ

C-Tick Statement



Conforms to AS/NZS 3548 EMC requirements.

China

SRRC Radio Certificate.



China Safety applies only to the CCB02-100BT.

Russia



Gost-R certificate.

International

LED Safety Statement

Scanner LEDs have been tested and classified as "EXEMPT RISK GROUP" to the standard: IEC 62471:2006.

Radio Technology



CB Scheme

Certified to CB Scheme IEC 60950-1, Second Edition.

Laser Safety Statement

If the following label is attached to your product, it indicates the product contains a laser engine or laser aimer:



This device has been tested in accordance with and complies with IEC60825-1 ed2 (2007). Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11, except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007.

LASER LIGHT, DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM, CLASS 2 LASER PRODUCT. 1.0 mW MAX OUTPUT: 650nM.

Caution: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of

procedures other than those specified herein may

result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Solids and Water Protection

The Granit 1911i has a rating of IP65, immunity of foreign particles and dripping water.

Patents

For patent information, please refer to www.honeywellaidc.com/patents.

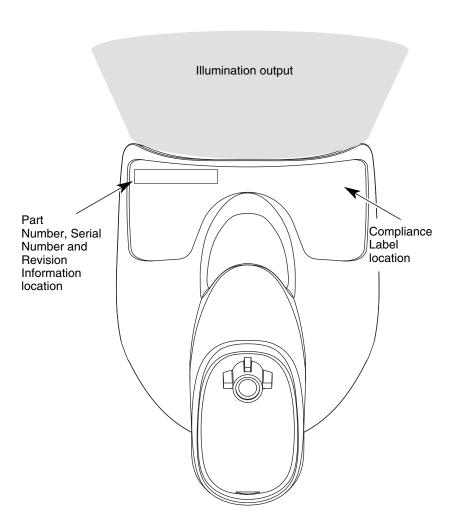
Warning



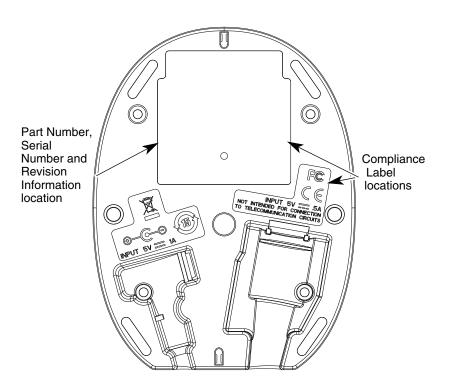
To reduce the possibility of heat-related injuries, avoid touching sections of the scanner that feel warm.

Required Safety Labels

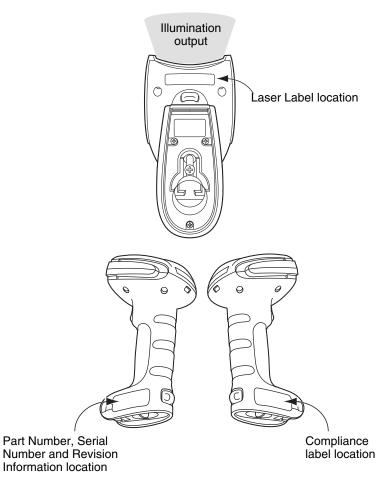
Xenon 1900/1910/1902/1912 Scanner



CCB01-010BT Base



Granit 1910i/1911i Scanner



CCB02-100BT Base

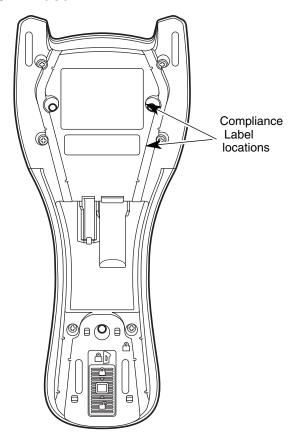


Table of Contents

Chapter 1 - Getting Started

Ab	oout This Manual	1-1
Ur	packing Your Device	1-1
	onnecting the Device	
	Connecting with USB	
	Connecting with Keyboard Wedge	
	Connecting with RS232 Serial Port	
	Connecting with RS485	
Мо	ounting a CCB01-010BT Charge Base	
	ounting a CCB02-100BT Base	
	eading Techniques	
	enu Bar Code Security Settings	
	etting Custom Defaults	
	esetting the Custom Defaults	
	esetting the Factory Defaults	
•	2 - Programming the Interface	
	roduction	
	ogramming the Interface - Plug and Play	
	eyboard Wedge	
	ptop Direct Connect	
	S232 Serial Port	
RS	3485	
	RS485 Packet Mode	
	SB IBM SurePos	
	SB PC or Macintosh Keyboard	
	SB HID	
US	SB Serial	_
	CTS/RTS Emulation	
_	ACK/NAK Mode	
	emote MasterMind™ for USB	
Ve	erifone® Ruby Terminal Default Settings	2-6
	Ibarco® Terminal Default Settings	
Ho	oneywell Bioptic Aux Port Configuration	2-7

	Datalogic™ Magellan® Aux Port Configuration	2-7
	NCR Bioptic Aux Port Configuration	
	Wincor Nixdorf Terminal Default Settings	
	Wincor Nixdorf Beetle™ Terminal Default Settings.	
	Keyboard Country Layout	2-9
	Keyboard Style	
	Keyboard Conversion	
	Control Character Output	2-21
	Keyboard Modifiers	2-22
	RS232 Modifiers	2-23
	RS232 Baud Rate	2-23
	RS232 Word Length: Data Bits, Stop Bits,	
	and Parity	2-25
	RS232 Receiver Time-Out	2-26
	RS232 Handshaking	2-27
	RS232 Timeout	2-28
	XON/XOFF	2-28
	ACK/NAK	2-28
	Scanner to Bioptic Communication	2-29
	Scanner-Bioptic Packet Mode	2-29
	Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Mode	2-30
	Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Timeout	
	·	
Chapt	ter 3 - Cordless System Operation	
	How the Cordless Charge Base/	
	Access Point Works	3-1
	Linking the Scanner to a Charge Base	3-1
	Linking the Scanner to an Access Point	
	Communication Between the Cordless System	
	and the Host	3-2
	Programming the Scanner and Base or Access	
	Point	3-3
	RF (Radio Frequency) Module Operation	
	System Conditions	
	Linking Process	
	Scanner Is Out of Range	

Scanner Is Moved Back Into Range	3-4
Out of Range and Back into Range	
with Batch Mode On	3-4
Page Button	3-5
About the Battery	3-5
Charging Information	3-5
Battery Recommendations	3-5
Proper Disposal of the Battery	3-6
Beeper and LED Sequences and Meaning	3-7
Scanner LED Sequences and Meaning	3-8
Base/Access Point LED Sequences and	
Meaning	3-8
Base Power Communication Indicator	3-9
Reset Scanner	3-9
Scanning While in Base Cradle	3-9
Paging	3-10
Paging Mode	3-10
Paging Pitch	3-11
Error Indicators	
Beeper Pitch - Base Error	3-11
Number of Beeps - Base Error	3-11
Scanner Report	3-12
Scanner Address	
Base or Access Point Address	3-12
Scanner Modes	
Charge Only Mode	
Linked Modes	
Unlinking the Scanner	
Override Locked Scanner	
Out-of-Range Alarm	
Alarm Sound Type	
Scanner Power Time-Out Timer	
Flexible Power Management	
Batch Mode	
Batch Mode Beep	
Batch Mode Storage	
Batch Mode Quantity	3-21

Batch Mode Output Order		
Total Records	3-24	
Delete Last Code		
Clear All Codes		
Transmit Records to Host	3-24	
Batch Mode Transmit Delay	3-25	
Multiple Scanner Operation	3-25	
Scanner Name		
Application Work Groups		
Application Work Group Selection	3-28	
Resetting the Factory Defaults:		
All Application Work Groups	3-29	
Resetting the Custom Defaults:		
All Application Work Groups		
Using the Scanner with Bluetooth Devices		
Bluetooth HID Keyboard Connect		
Bluetooth HID Keyboard Disconnect		
Bluetooth Serial Port - PCs/Laptops		
PDAs/Mobility Systems Devices		
Changing the Scanner's Bluetooth PIN Code		
Minimizing Bluetooth/ISM Band Network Activity		
Auto Reconnect Mode		
Maximum Link Attempts		
Relink Time-Out		
Bluetooth/ISM Network Activity Examples		
Host Acknowledgment	3-37	
Chapter 4 - Input/Output Settings		
Power Up Beeper	4-1	
Beep on BEL Character		
Trigger Click		
Good Read and Error Indicators		
Beeper – Good Read		
Beeper Volume – Good Read		
Beeper Pitch – Good Read		
Vibrate – Good Read		

Beeper Pitch – Error	4-5
Beeper Duration - Good Read	4-5
LED - Good Read	4-5
Number of Beeps - Good Read	4-6
Number of Beeps – Error	4-6
Beeper Volume Max	
Good Read Delay	
User-Specified Good Read Delay	4-7
Manual Trigger Modes	4-7
LED Illumination - Manual Trigger	
Serial Trigger Mode	
Read Time-Out	
Presentation Mode	
LED Illumination - Presentation Mode	4-10
Presentation LED Behavior after Decode	4-10
Presentation Sensitivity	4-11
Presentation Centering	
In-Stand Sensor Mode	
CodeGate [®]	
Streaming Presentation™ Mode	4-15
Streaming Presentation In-Stand Programming	4-15
Mobile Phone Read Mode	
Hands Free Time-Out	
Reread Delay	4-16
User-Specified Reread Delay	
Illumination Lights	
Aimer Delay	
User-Specified Aimer Delay	4-18
Scanner Time-Out	
Aimer Mode	4-19
Centering	
Preferred Symbology	
High Priority Symbology	4-22
Low Priority Symbology	
Preferred Symbology Time-out	
Preferred Symbology Default	
Output Sequence Overview	

Require Output Sequence	4-23 4-24 4-26 4-26 4-27 4-27 4-28
Working Orientation	4-29
Chapter 5 - Data Editing	
Prefix/Suffix Overview To Add a Prefix or Suffix: To Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes To Add a Carriage Return Suffix to All Symbologies Prefix Selections Suffix Selections Function Code Transmit Intercharacter, Interfunction, and Intermessage Delays Intercharacter Delay User Specified Intercharacter Delay Interfunction Delay Intermessage Delay Intermessage Delay Intermessage Delay	5-1 5-2 5-3 5-3 5-4 5-4 5-5 5-5
Chapter 6 - Data Formatting	
Data Format Editor Introduction	6-1 6-3 6-4 6-9

	Miscellaneous Commands	
	Data Formatter	
	Data Format Non-Match Error Tone	
	Primary/Alternate Data Formats	
	Single Scan Data Format Change	6-18
Chap	ter 7 - Symbologies	
	All Symbologies	7-2
	Message Length Description	7-2
	Codabar	7-3
	Codabar Concatenation	7-4
	Code 39	7-6
	Code 32 Pharmaceutical (PARAF)	7-8
	Full ASCII	7-9
	Code 39 Code Page	7-9
	Interleaved 2 of 5	7-10
	NEC 2 of 5	7-12
	Code 93	7-14
	Code 93 Code Page	7-15
	Straight 2 of 5 Industrial (three-bar start/stop).	7-16
	Straight 2 of 5 IATA (two-bar start/stop)	7-17
	Matrix 2 of 5	7-18
	Code 11	7-19
	Code 128	7-20
	ISBT 128 Concatenation	7-20
	Code 128 Code Page	7-22
	GS1-128	
	Telepen	7-24
	UPC-A	7-25
	UPC-A/EAN-13	
	with Extended Coupon Code	
	Coupon GS1 DataBar Output	
	UPC-E0	
	UPC-E1	_
	EAN/JAN-13	_
	Convert UPC-A to EAN-13	7-32

	ISBN Translate	7-34
	EAN/JAN-8	7-35
	MSI	7-37
	GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional	7-39
	GS1 DataBar Limited	7-39
	GS1 DataBar Expanded	7-40
	Trioptic Code	7-41
	Codablock A	7-41
	Codablock F	7-43
	PDF417	
	MacroPDF417	7-45
	MicroPDF417	
	GS1 Composite Codes	
	UPC/EAN Version	
	GS1 Emulation	
	TCIF Linked Code 39 (TLC39)	
	QR Code	
	QR Code Page	
	Data Matrix	
	Data Matrix Code Page	
	MaxiCode	
	Aztec Code	
	Aztec Code Page	
	Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code	
	Postal Codes - 2D	
	Single 2D Postal Codes:	
	Combination 2D Postal Codes:	
	Postal Codes - Linear	
	China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)	
	Korea Post	7-63
Chap	ter 8 - Imaging Commands	
	Single-Use Basis	8-1
	Command Syntax	
	Image Snap - IMGSNP	
	IMGSNP Modifiers	
		2 2

	Image Ship - IMGSHP	8-5
	IMGSHP Modifiers	8-5
	Intelligent Signature Capture - IMGBOX	8-14
	Signature Capture Optimize	
	IMGBOX Modifiers	8-15
	RF Default Imaging Device	8-19
Chap	ter 9 - Interface Keys	
	Keyboard Function Relationships	
	Supported Interface Keys	9-3
Chap	ter 10 - Utilities	
	To Add a Test Code I.D. Prefix to All	
	Symbologies	
	Show Decoder Revision	
	Show Scan Driver Revision	
	Show Software Revision	
	Show Data Format	
	Test Menu	
	TotalFreedom	
	Application Plug-Ins (Apps)	
	EZConfig-Scanning Introduction	
	Installing EZConfig-Scanning from the Web	10-4
Chap	ter 11 - Serial Programming Commands	
	Conventions	11-1
	Menu Command Syntax	11-1
	Query Commands	
	Responses	
	Trigger Commands	
	Resetting the Custom Defaults	
	Menu Commands	11-5

ix

Chapter 12 - Product Specifications

Xenon 1900/1910 Corded Scanner Product	
Specifications	12-1
Xenon 1902/1912 Cordless Scanner Product	
Specifications	12-2
Granit 1910i Industrial Corded Scanner Product	
Specifications	12-3
Granit 1911i Industrial Cordless Scanner Product	
Specifications	12-4
CCB01-010BT Charge Base Product	
Specifications	12-6
CCB02-100BT Industrial Charge Base Product	
Specifications	12-7
Depth of Field Charts	12-8
Xenon B&W Scanner Typical Performance	12-8
Xenon B&W Scanner Guaranteed	
Performance	12-9
Xenon Color Scanner (Model COL) Typical	
Performance	12-10
Xenon Color Scanner (Model COL)	
Guaranteed Performance	12-11
Granit Scanner Typical Performance	12-11
Granit Scanner Guaranteed Performance	12-12
Standard Connector Pinouts	12-13
Keyboard Wedge	12-13
Serial Output	12-13
RS485 Output	12-14
USB	12-14
Observation Matters and	
Chapter 13 - Maintenance	
Repairs	13-1
Maintenance	
Cleaning the Scanner	
Cleaning the Window	
Health Care Housing	
Inspecting Cords and Connectors	

Replacing Cables in Corded Scanners	13-2
Replacing a Xenon Interface Cable	13-3
Replacing a Granit Interface Cable	13-3
Replacing Cables and Batteries	
in Cordless Systems	13-4
Replacing an Interface Cable in a Base	13-4
Changing a Xenon Scanner Battery	
Changing a Granit Scanner Battery	
Troubleshooting a Corded Scanner	
Troubleshooting a Cordless System	
Troubleshooting a Base	
Troubleshooting a Cordless Scanner	
Chapter 14 - Customer Support	
Technical Assistance	14-1
Appendix A - Reference Charts	
Symbology Charts	A-1
Linear Symbologies	A-1
2D Symbologies	
Postal Symbologies	
ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252)	
Lower ASCII Reference Table	
ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements	A-10
Unicode Key Maps	

χi

Getting Started

About This Manual

This User's Guide provides installation and programming instructions for the Xenon™ 1900 and 1910 corded area-imaging scanners, the Xenon 1902 and 1912 cordless area-imaging scanners, and the Granit 1910i corded and 1911i cordless industrial scanners. Product specifications, dimensions, warranty, and customer support information are also included.

Honeywell bar code scanners are factory programmed for the most common terminal and communications settings. If you need to change these settings, programming is accomplished by scanning the bar codes in this guide.

An asterisk (*) next to an option indicates the default setting.

Unpacking Your Device

After you open the shipping carton containing the product, take the following steps:

- Check for damage during shipment. Report damage immediately to the carrier who delivered the carton.
- Make sure the items in the carton match your order.
- Save the shipping container for later storage or shipping.

Connecting the Device

Connecting with USB

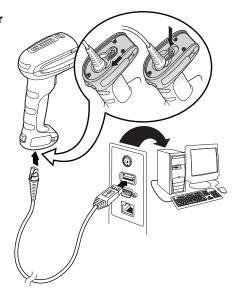
A scanner or a cordless base can be connected to the USB port of a computer.

 Connect the appropriate interface cable to the device first, then to the computer.

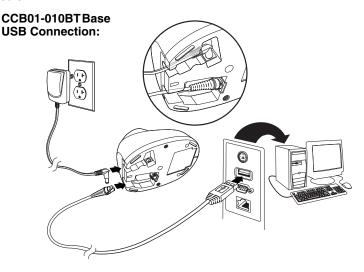
Corded Xenon Scanner USB Connection:

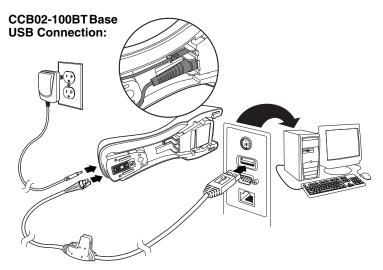


Corded Granit Scanner USB Connection:



 If you are connecting a Granit scanner, make sure the cable is pushed tightly into the scanner. Loosen the locking plate and slide it over the base of the cable connector to lock the cable in place. Tighten the screw.





Note: The power supply must be ordered separately, if needed.

3. If you are connecting a CCB01-010BT Base, make sure the cables are secured in the wireways in the bottom of the cordless base and the

base sits flat on a horizontal surface. If you are connecting a CCB02-100BT Base, see Mounting a CCB02-100BT Base on page 1-11.

- 4. The scanner beeps.
- Verify the scanner or cordless base operation by scanning a bar code from the Sample Symbols in the back of this manual.

The unit defaults to a USB PC Keyboard. Refer to page 2-4 for other USB terminal settings.

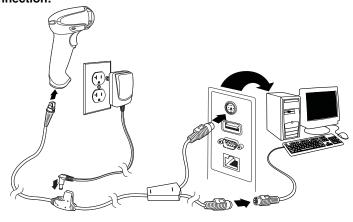
For additional USB programming and technical information, refer to "USB Application Note," available at www.honeywellaidc.com.

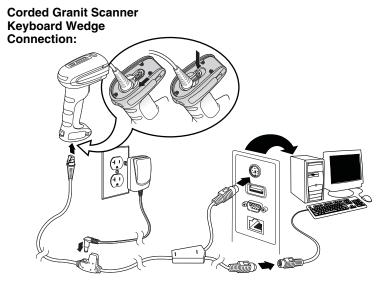
Connecting with Keyboard Wedge

A scanner or cordless base can be connected between the keyboard and PC as a "keyboard wedge," where the scanner provides data output that is similar to keyboard entries. The following is an example of a keyboard wedge connection:

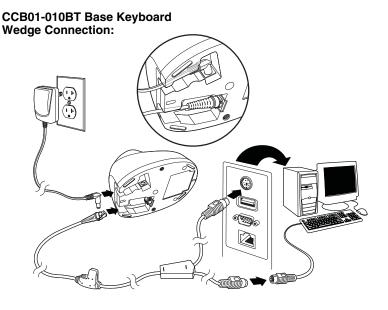
- Turn off power and disconnect the keyboard cable from the back of the terminal/computer.
- 2. Connect the appropriate interface cable to the device and to the terminal/computer.

Corded Xenon Scanner Keyboard Wedge Connection:

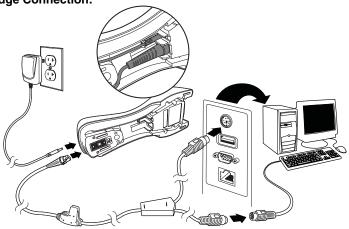




 If you are connecting a Granit scanner, make sure the cable is pushed tightly into the scanner. Loosen the locking plate and slide it over the base of the cable connector to lock the cable in place. Tighten the screw.



CCB02-100BT Base Keyboard Wedge Connection:



Note: The power supply must be ordered separately, if needed.

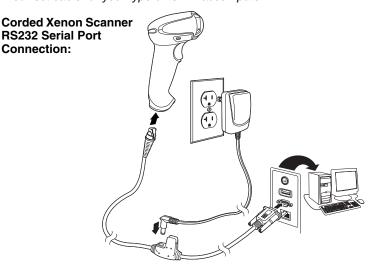
- 4. If you are connecting a CCB01-010BT Base, make sure the cables are secured in the wireways in the bottom of the cordless base and the base sits flat on a horizontal surface. If you are connecting a CCB02-100BT Base, see Mounting a CCB02-100BT Base on page 1-11.
- 5. Turn the terminal/computer power back on. The scanner beeps.
- Verify the scanner or cordless base operation by scanning a bar code from the Sample Symbols in the back of this manual. The scanner beeps once. If using a Granit scanner, it also vibrates.

The unit defaults to an IBM PC AT and compatibles keyboard wedge interface with a USA keyboard. A carriage return (CR) suffix is added to bar code data.

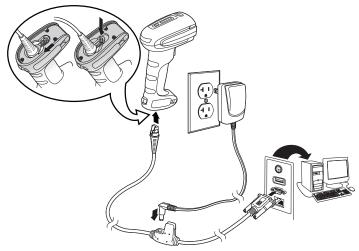
Connecting with RS232 Serial Port

- 1. Turn off power to the terminal/computer.
- 2. Connect the appropriate interface cable to the scanner.

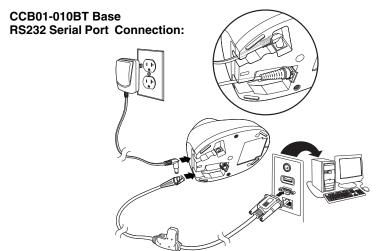
Note: For the scanner or cordless base to work properly, you must have the correct cable for your type of terminal/computer.

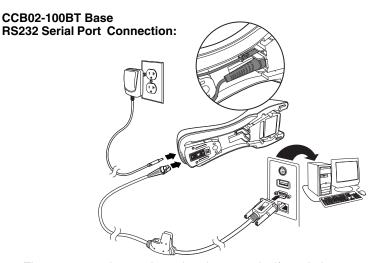


Corded Granit Scanner RS232 Serial Port Connection:



 If you are connecting a Granit scanner, make sure the cable is pushed tightly into the scanner. Loosen the locking plate and slide it over the base of the cable connector to lock the cable in place. Tighten the screw.





Note: The power supply must be ordered separately, if needed.

- 4. If you are connecting a CCB01-010BT Base, make sure the cables are secured in the wireways in the bottom of the cordless base and the base sits flat on a horizontal surface. If you are connecting a CCB02-100BT Base, see Mounting a CCB02-100BT Base on page 1-11.
- 5. Plug the serial connector into the serial port on your computer. Tighten the two screws to secure the connector to the port.
- Once the scanner or cordless base has been fully connected, power up the computer.

This interface programs 115,200 baud, 8 data bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit.

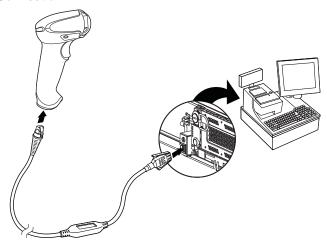
1 - 9

Connecting with RS485

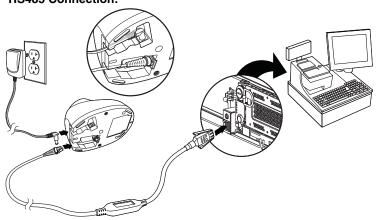
A Xenon scanner or cordless base can be connected for an IBM POS terminal interface. (This interface is not available in the Granit devices.)

Connect the appropriate interface cable to the device, then to the computer.

Corded Xenon Scanner RS485 Connection:



CCB01-010BT Base RS485 Connection:

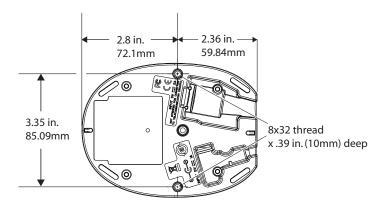


Note: The power supply must be ordered separately, if needed.

- 2. Make sure the cables are secured in the wireways in the bottom of the cordless base and the base sits flat on a horizontal surface.
- 3. Turn the terminal/computer power back on. The scanner beeps.
- Verify the scanner or cordless base operation by scanning a bar code from the Sample Symbols in the back of this manual. The scanner beeps once. If using a Granit scanner, it also vibrates.

For further RS485 settings, refer to RS485, page 2-2.

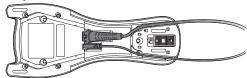
Mounting a CCB01-010BT Charge Base



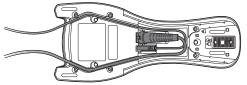
Mounting a CCB02-100BT Base

The CCB02-100BT Base can be mounted on either a horizontal or vertical surface. The cables can be routed through either the top or the bottom of the base.

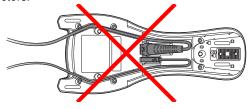
The cables can be routed down through the bottom of the base, securing the cables in the wireways.



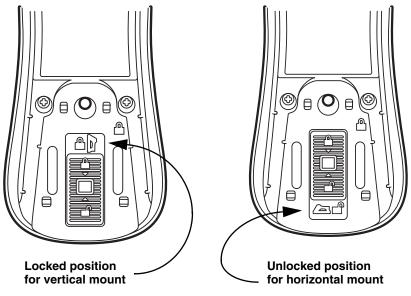
The cables can also be routed up through the top of the base, crossing them over and securing the cables in the wireways.



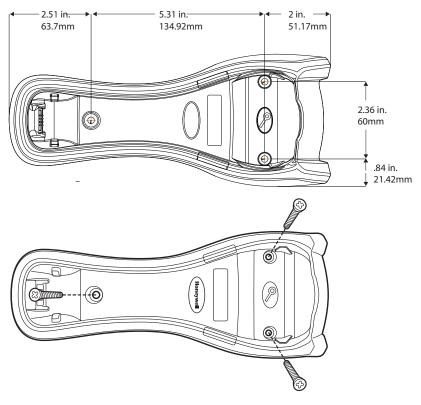
When routing the cables up through the top of the base, be sure to cross the cables over before placing in the wireways. If not, too much strain is placed on the cable connectors.



When mounted on a vertical surface, a locking system is used to secure the scanner when it is in the stand. When mounted on a horizontal surface, the locking mechanism should be set to unlocked (pushed up). When mounted on a vertical surface, the locking mechanism should be set to locked (pushed down).

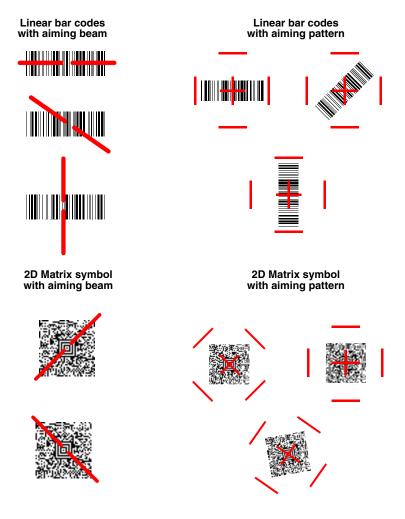


Use 30mm screws, appropriate for the mounting surface material, to mount the base securely.



Reading Techniques

The Xenon 1900/1902 scanners have a view finder that projects a bright red aiming beam that corresponds to the scanner's horizontal field of view. The Xenon 1910/1912 and Granit 1910i/1911i scanners have an aiming pattern . The aiming beam or pattern should be centered over the bar code, but it can be positioned in any direction for a good read.



The aiming beam or pattern is smaller when the scanner is closer to the code and larger when it is farther from the code. Symbologies with smaller bars or elements (mil size) should be read closer to the unit. Symbologies with larger bars or elements (mil size) should be read farther from the unit. To read single or multiple symbols (on a page or on an object), hold the scanner at an appropriate distance from the target, pull the trigger, and center the aiming beam or pattern on the symbol. If the code being scanned is highly reflective (e.g., laminated), it may be necessary to tilt the code up 15° to 18° to prevent unwanted reflection.

Menu Bar Code Security Settings

Honeywell scanners are programmed by scanning menu bar codes or by sending serial commands to the scanner. If you want to restrict the ability to scan menu codes, you can use the Menu Bar Code Security settings. Please contact the nearest technical support office (see Technical Assistance on page 14-1) for further information.

Setting Custom Defaults

You have the ability to create a set of menu commands as your own, custom defaults. To do so, scan the **Set Custom Defaults** bar code below before scanning the menu commands for your custom defaults. If a menu command requires scanning numeric codes from the back cover, then a **Save** code, that entire sequence will be saved to your custom defaults. When you have entered all the commands you want to save for your custom defaults, scan the **Save Custom Defaults** bar code.



Set Custom Defaults



Save Custom Defaults

Note: When using a cordless system, the Custom Defaults settings apply to all workgroups. Scanning the **Save Defaults** bar code also causes both the scanner and the base or Access Point to perform a reset and become unlinked. The scanner must be placed in its base to re-establish the link before any setup codes are entered. If using an Access Point, the linking bar code must be scanned. See Cordless System Operation beginning on page 3-1 for additional information.

You may have a series of custom settings and want to correct a single setting. To do so, just scan the new setting to overwrite the old one. For example, if you had previously saved the setting for Beeper Volume at Low to your custom defaults, and decide you want the beeper volume set to High, just scan the **Set Custom Defaults** bar code, then scan the Beeper Volume High menu code, and then **Save Custom Defaults**. The rest of the custom defaults will remain, but the beeper volume setting will be updated.

Resetting the Custom Defaults

If you want the custom default settings restored to your scanner, scan the **Activate Custom Defaults** bar code below. This is the recommended default bar code for most users. It resets the scanner to the custom default settings. If there are no custom defaults, it will reset the scanner to the factory default settings. Any settings that have not been specified through the custom defaults will be defaulted to the factory default settings.



DE171E1.

Activate Custom Defaults

Note: If using a cordless system, scanning this bar code also causes both the scanner and the base or Access Point to perform a reset and become unlinked. The scanner must be placed in its base to re-establish the link. If using an Access Point, the linking bar code must be scanned. See Cordless System Operation beginning on page 3-1 for additional information.

Resetting the Factory Defaults



This selection erases all your settings and resets the scanner to the original factory defaults. It also disables all plugins.

If you aren't sure what programming options are in your scanner, or you've changed some options and want to restore the scanner to factory default settings, first scan the **Remove Custom Defaults** bar code, then scan **Activate Defaults**. This resets the scanner to the factory default settings.



Remove Custom Defaults



Activate Defaults

Note: If using a cordless system, scanning the **Activate Defaults** bar code also causes both the scanner and the base or Access Point to perform a reset and become unlinked. The scanner must be placed in its base to reestablish the link before any setup codes are entered. If using an Access Point, the linking bar code must be scanned. See Cordless System Operation beginning on page 3-1 for additional information.

The Menu Commands, beginning on page 11-5 list the factory default settings for each of the commands (indicated by an asterisk (*) on the programming pages).

Programming the Interface

Introduction

This chapter describes how to program your system for the desired interface.

Programming the Interface - Plug and Play

Plug and Play bar codes provide instant scanner set up for commonly used interfaces.

Note: After you scan one of the codes, power cycle the host terminal to have the interface in effect.

Keyboard Wedge

If you want your system programmed for an IBM PC AT and compatibles keyboard wedge interface with a USA keyboard, scan the bar code below. Keyboard wedge is the default interface.

Note: The following bar code also programs a carriage return (CR) suffix.



PAP_AT.

IBM PC AT and Compatibles with
CR suffix

Laptop Direct Connect

For most laptops, scanning the **Laptop Direct Connect** bar code allows operation of the scanner in parallel with the integral keyboard. The following **Laptop Direct Connect** bar code also programs a carriage return (CR) suffix and turns on Emulate External Keyboard (page 2-20).



Laptop Direct Connect with CR suffix

RS232 Serial Port

The **RS232 Interface** bar code is used when connecting to the serial port of a PC or terminal. The following **RS232 Interface** bar code also programs a carriage return (CR) and a line feed (LF) suffix, baud rate, and data format as indicated below. It also changes the trigger mode to manual.

Option	Setting
Baud Rate	115,200 bps
Data Format	8 data bits, no parity bit, 1 stop bit



RS232 Interface

RS485

Scan one of the following "Plug and Play" codes to program the scanner for an IBM POS terminal interface.

Note: This interface is not supported in Granit devices.

After scanning one of these codes, you must power cycle the cash

register.

PAPP5B.

IBM Port 5B Interface

PAPP17.

IBM Port 17 Interface

PAP9R1

IBM Port 9B HHBCR-1 Interface

IBM Port 9B HHBCR-2 Interface Each bar code above also programs the following suffixes for each symbology:

Symbology	Suffix	Symbology	Suffix
EAN 8	0C	Code 39	00 0A 0B
EAN 13	16	Interleaved 2 of 5	00 0D 0B
UPC A	0D	Code 128 *	00 0A 0B
UPC E	0A	Code 128 **	00 18 0B
		MaxiCode	00 2F 0B

^{*} Suffixes programmed for Code 128 with IBM 4683 Port 5B, IBM 4683 Port 9B HHBCR-1, and IBM 4683 Port 17 Interfaces

RS485 Packet Mode

The following selection allows you to break up large bar code data into smaller packets on an IBM POS terminal. To break up large bar codes into small packets, scan the Packet Mode On bar code below. Scan the Packet Mode Off bar code if you want large bar code data to be sent to the host in a single chunk. *Default = Packet Mode Off.*



D 1 110 0 00

* Packet Mode Off



Packet Mode On

RS485 Packet Length

If you are using Packet mode, you can specify the size of the data "packet" that is sent to the host. Scan the **Packet Length** bar code, then then the packet size (from 20 - 256) from the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual, then **Save**. *Default* = 40.



Packet Length

^{**}Suffixes programmed for Code 128 with IBM 4683 Port 9 HHBCR-2 Interface

USB IBM SurePos

Scan one of the following "Plug and Play" codes to program the scanner for an IBM SurePos (USB handheld scanner) or IBM SurePos (USB tabletop scanner) interface.

Note: After scanning one of these codes, you must power cycle the cash register.



USB IBM SurePos (USB Handheld Scanner) Interface



USB IBM SurePos (USB Tabletop Scanner) Interface

Each bar code above also programs the following suffixes for each symbology:

Symbology	Suffix	Symbology	Suffix
EAN 8	0C	Code 39	00 0A 0B
EAN 13	16	Interleaved 2 of 5	00 0D 0B
UPC A	0D	Code 128	00 18 0B
UPC E	0A	Code 39	00 0A 0B

USB PC or Macintosh Keyboard

Scan one of the following codes to program the scanner for USB PC Keyboard or USB Macintosh Keyboard. Scanning these codes also adds a CR suffix.



PAP124. USB Keyboard (PC)



USB Keyboard (Mac)



USB Japanese Keyboard (PC)

USB HID

Scan the following code to program the scanner for USB HID bar code scanners.



USB HID Bar Code Scanner

USB Serial

Scan the following code to program the scanner to emulate a regular RS232-based COM Port. If you are using a Microsoft® Windows® PC, you will need to download a driver from the Honeywell website (www.honeywellaidc.com). The driver will use the next available COM Port number. Apple® Macintosh computers recognize the scanner as a USB CDC class device and automatically use a class driver.



TRMUSB130 USB Serial

Note: No extra configuration (e.g., baud rate) is necessary.

CTS/RTS Emulation

USBCTS1

CTS/RTS Emulation On

LISBOTED

* CTS/RTS Emulation Off

ACK/NAK Mode

USBACK1.

USBACKO.

* ACK/NAK Mode Off

Remote MasterMind™ for USB

When using a USB interface, you may wish to configure your scanner to communicate with Remote MasterMind Scanner Management Software (ReM). Scan the ReM On bar code to communicate with ReM. To disable this capability, scan ReM Off.



ReM Off



ReM On

Verifone® Ruby Terminal Default Settings

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Verifone Ruby terminal. This bar code sets the baud rate to 1200 bps and the data format to 8 data bits, no parity bit, 1 stop bit. It also adds a line feed (LF) suffix and programs the following prefixes for each symbology:

Symbology	Prefix
UPC-A	Α
UPC-E	Α
EAN-8	FF
EAN-13	F



Verifone Ruby Settings

Gilbarco® Terminal Default Settings

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Gilbarco terminal. This bar code sets the baud rate to 2400 bps and the data format to 7 data bits, even parity, 2 stop bits. It also adds a carriage return (CR) suffix and programs the following prefixes for each symbology:

Symbology	Prefix
UPC-A	Α
UPC-E	E0
EAN-8	FF
EAN-13	F



Gilbarco Settings

Honeywell Bioptic Aux Port Configuration

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Honeywell bioptic scanner auxiliary port configuration. This bar code sets the baud rate to 38400 bps and the data format to 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit.



Honeywell Bioptic Settings

Datalogic™ Magellan® Aux Port Configuration

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Datalogic Magellan auxiliary port configuration. This bar code sets the baud rate to 9600 bps and the data format to 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit.



Datalogic Magellan Settings

NCR Bioptic Aux Port Configuration

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for an NCR bioptic scanner auxiliary port configuration. The following prefixes are programmed for each symbology:

Symbology	Prefix	Symbology	Prefix
UPC-A	Α	Code 39	B1
UPC-E	E0	Interleaved 2 of 5	B2
EAN-8	FF	All other bar codes	B3
EAN-13	F		



NCR Bioptic Settings

Wincor Nixdorf Terminal Default Settings

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Wincor Nixdorf terminal. This bar code sets the baud rate to 9600 bps and the data format to 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit.



Wincor Nixdorf Terminal Settings

Wincor Nixdorf Beetle™ Terminal Default Settings

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Wincor Nixdorf Beetle terminal. The following prefixes are programmed for each symbology:

Symbology	Prefix	Symbology	Prefix
Code 128	K	EAN-13	Α
Code 93	L	GS1-128	Р
Codabar	N	Interleaved 2 of 5	T
UPC-A	A0	Plessey	0
UPC-E	С	Straight 2 of 5 IATA	Н
EAN-8	В	All other bar codes	М



Wincor Nixdorf Beetle Settings

Keyboard Country Layout

Scan the appropriate country code below to program the keyboard layout for your country or language. As a general rule, the following characters are supported, but need special care for countries other than the United States: @ | \$ # { } [] = / ' \ < > ~

Keyboard Countries



* United States



Albania



KBDCTY81. Azeri (Cyrillic)



Azeri (Latin)



Belarus



Belgium



Bosnia



Brazil



Brazil (MS)



Bulgaria (Cyrillic)



Bulgaria (Latin)



KBDCTY54. Canada (French legacy)



Canada (French)



Canada (Multilingual)



Croatia



Czech

Czech (Programmers)





Czech (QWERTZ)









Faroese



Finland



France



Gaelic

Germany







Greek (220)



KBDCTY65. Greek (319 Latin)



Greek (319)



Greek (Latin)



KBDCTY60.

Greek (Polytonic)









Iceland



Irish



Italy













Latvia (QWERTY)



Lithuania (IBM)



Macedonia











KBDCTY57. Polish (214)



KBDCTY58.

Polish (Programmers)



<BDCTY13.</p>
Portugal



KBDCTY25
Romania



KBDCTY26 Russia



Russian (MS)



KBDCTY68.
Russian (Typewriter)





Serbia (Cyrillic)



KBDCTY36. Serbia (Latin)



Slovakia

Slovakia (QWERTY)









Spanish variation



KBDCTY23.
Sweden



KBDCTY29. Switzerland (French)



KBDCTY85.











KBDCTY88.

United States (Dvorak left)





United States (International)



Keyboard Style

This programs keyboard styles, such as Caps Lock and Shift Lock. If you have used Keyboard Conversion settings, they will override any of the following Keyboard Style settings. *Default = Regular*.

Regular is used when you normally have the Caps Lock key off.



* Regular

Caps Lock is used when you normally have the Caps Lock key on.



KBDSTY1.

Caps Lock

Shift Lock is used when you normally have the Shift Lock key on (not common to U.S. keyboards).



Shift Lock

Automatic Caps Lock is used if you change the Caps Lock key on and off. The software tracks and reflects if you have Caps Lock on or off. This selection can only be used with systems that have an LED that notes the Caps Lock status (AT keyboards).



Automatic Caps Lock

Autocaps via NumLock bar code should be scanned in countries (e.g., Germany, France) where the Caps Lock key cannot be used to toggle Caps Lock. The NumLock option works similarly to the regular Autocaps, but uses the NumLock key to retrieve the current state of the Caps Lock.



Autocaps via NumLock

Emulate External Keyboard should be scanned if you do not have an external keyboard (IBM AT or equivalent).



KBDS1 Y5. Emulate External Kevboard

Note: After scanning the Emulate External Keyboard bar code, you must power cycle your computer.

Keyboard Conversion

Alphabetic keyboard characters can be forced to be all upper case or all lowercase. So if you have the following bar code: "abc569GK," you can make the output "ABC569GK" by scanning **Convert All Characters to Upper Case**, or to "abc569gk" by scanning **Convert All Characters to Lower Case**.

These settings override Keyboard Style selections.

Note: If your interface is a keyboard wedge, first scan the menu code for Automatic Caps Lock (page 2-20). Otherwise, your output may not be as expected.

Default = Keyboard Conversion Off.



* Keyboard Conversion Off



Convert All Characters to Upper Case



Convert All Characters to Lower Case

Control Character Output

This selection sends a text string instead of a control character. For example, when the control character for a carriage return is expected, the output would display [CR] instead of the ASCII code of 0D. Refer to ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page A-4. Only codes 00 through 1F are converted (the first column of the chart).

Note: Control + X (Control + ASCII) Mode overrides this mode.

Default = Off.



Control Character Output On



* Control Character Output Off

Keyboard Modifiers

This modifies special keyboard features, such as CTRL+ ASCII codes and Turbo Mode.

Control + X (Control + ASCII) Mode On: The scanner sends key combinations for ASCII control characters for values 00-1F. Windows is the preferred mode. All keyboard country codes are supported. DOS mode is a legacy mode, and it does not support all keyboard country codes. New users should use the Windows mode. Refer to Keyboard Function Relationships, page 9-1 for CTRL+ X Values.

Windows Mode Prefix/Suffix Off: The scanner sends key combinations for ASCII control characters for values 00-1F, but it does not transmit any prefix or suffix information.

Default = Control + X Mode Off.



Windows Mode Control + X Mode On



* Control + X Mode Off



DOS Mode Control + X Mode On



Windows Mode Prefix/Suffix Off

Turbo Mode: The scanner sends characters to a terminal faster. If the terminal drops characters, do not use Turbo Mode. *Default = Off*



Turbo Mode On



* Turbo Mode Off

Numeric Keypad Mode: Sends numeric characters as if entered from a numeric keypad. *Default = Off*



Numeric Keypad Mode On



* Numeric Keypad Mode Off

Automatic Direct Connect Mode: This selection can be used if you have an IBM AT style terminal and the system is dropping characters. Default = Off



Automatic Direct Connect Mode On



* Automatic Direct Connect Mode Off

RS232 Modifiers

RS232 Baud Rate

Baud Rate sends the data from the scanner to the terminal at the specified rate. The host terminal must be set for the same baud rate as the scanner. Default = 115.200.



300



600



232BAD2. **1200**



232BAD3 **2400**



232BAD5. 9600









RS232 Word Length: Data Bits, Stop Bits, and Parity

Data Bits sets the word length at 7 or 8 bits of data per character. If an application requires only ASCII Hex characters 0 through 7F decimal (text, digits, and punctuation), select 7 data bits. For applications that require use of the full ASCII set, select 8 data bits per character. *Default* = 8.

Stop Bits sets the stop bits at 1 or 2. Default = 1.

Parity provides a means of checking character bit patterns for validity. *Default = None.*



7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Even



232WRD0. 7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity None



232VVRD6. 7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Odd



232WRD4. 7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Even



7 Data, 2 Stop Parity None



232WRD7. 7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Odd



8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Even



232WRD2.

* 8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity None



8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Odd



7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Space



7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Space



232VVRUTT.
8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Space



7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Mark



232WRD13.
7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Mark



8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Mark

RS232 Receiver Time-Out

The unit stays awake to receive data until the RS232 Receiver Time-Out expires. A manual or serial trigger resets the time-out. When an RS232 receiver is sleeping, a character may be sent to wake up the receiver and reset the time-out. A transaction on the CTS line will also wake up the

receiver. The receiver takes 300 milliseconds to completely come up. Change the RS232 receiver time-out by scanning the bar code below, then scanning digits from the inside back cover of this manual, then scanning **Save**. The range is 0 to 300 seconds. *Default = 0 seconds (no time-out - always on).*



RS232 Receiver Time-Out

RS232 Handshaking

RS232 Handshaking allows control of data transmission from the scanner using software commands from the host device. When RTS/CTS is turned **Off**, no data flow control is used.

Flow Control, No Timeout: The scanner asserts RTS when it has data to send, and will wait indefinitely for CTS to be asserted by the host.

Two-Direction Flow Control: The scanner asserts RTS when it is OK for the host to transmit. The host asserts CTS when it is OK for the device to transmit.

Flow Control with Timeout: The scanner asserts RTS when it has data to send and waits for a delay (see RS232 Timeout on page 2-28) for CTS to be asserted by the host. If the delay time expires and CTS is not asserted, the device transmit buffer is cleared and scanning may resume. Default = RTS/CTS Off.

232CTS1.

Flow Control, No Timeout

2320183.
Flow Control with Timeout

232CTS2

Two-Direction Flow Control

322CTC0

* RTS/CTS Off

RS232 Timeout

When using Flow Control with Timeout, you must program the length of the delay you want to wait for CTS from the host. Set the length (in milliseconds) for a timeout by scanning the bar code below, then setting the timeout (from 1-5100 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the inside back cover, then scanning **Save**.



RS232 Timeout

XON/XOFF

Standard ASCII control characters can be used to tell the scanner to start sending data (XON/XOFF On) or to stop sending data (XON/XOFF Off). When the host sends the XOFF character (DC3, hex 13) to the scanner, data transmission stops. To resume transmission, the host sends the XON character (DC1, hex 11). Data transmission continues where it left off when XOFF was sent. *Default = XON/XOFF Off.*



232XON1. XON/XOFF On



* XON/XOFF Off

ACK/NAK

After transmitting data, the scanner waits for an ACK character (hex 06) or a NAK character (hex 15) response from the host. If ACK is received, the communications cycle is completed and the scanner looks for more bar codes. If NAK is received, the last set of bar code data is retransmitted and

the scanner waits for ACK/NAK again. Turn on the ACK/NAK protocol by scanning the **ACK/NAK On** bar code below. To turn off the protocol, scan **ACK/NAK Off**. Default = ACK/NAK Off.



ACK/NAK On

* ACK/NAK Off

Scanner to Bioptic Communication

The following settings are used to set up communication between Honeywell scanners and bioptic scanners.

Note: The scanner's baud rate must be set to 38400 and the RS232 timeout must be set to 3000 in order to communicate with a bioptic scanner. See RS232 Modifiers on page 2-23, and RS232 Timeout on page 2-28 for further information.

Scanner-Bioptic Packet Mode

Packet Mode On must be scanned to set the scanner's format so it is compatible with a bioptic scanner. *Default = Packet Mode Off.*



* Packet Mode Off



Packet Mode On

Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Mode

Bioptic ACK/Nak On must be scanned so the scanner will wait for an ACK or NAK from a bioptic scanner after each packet is sent. The Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Timeout (below) controls how long the scanner will wait for a response. *Default = Bioptic ACK/NAK Off.*



* Bioptic ACK/NAK Off



232NAK1. Bioptic ACK/NAK On

Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Timeout

This allows you to set the length (in milliseconds) for a timeout for a bioptic scanner's ACK/NAK response. Scan the bar code below, then set the timeout (from 1-30,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the inside back cover, then scanning **Save**. *Default* = 5100.



ACK/NAK Timeout

Cordless System Operation

Note: This chapter applies only to cordless scanning systems. It does not apply to corded scanners.

How the Cordless Charge Base/Access Point Works

A cordless charge base or an Access Point provide the link between the cordless scanner and the host system. The base/Access Point contains an interface assembly and an RF communication module. The RF communication module performs the data exchange between the cordless scanner and the interface assembly. The control assembly coordinates the central interface activities including: transmitting/receiving commands and data to/from the host system, performing software activities (parameter menuing, visual indicator support, power-on diagnostics), and data translation required for the host system.

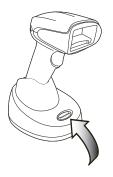
The cordless charge base is also a scanner's battery charger. Refer to Charging Information, page 3-5, for additional information.

Linking the Scanner to a Charge Base

Turn off power before connecting a base, then power up the computer once the base is fully connected. When the base is connected and powered up, put the scanner in the base to establish a link. The green LED on the base flashes to indicate the scanner's battery is charging.

If the scanner and base have previously been linked, you do not receive any feedback. If this is the first time that the scanner and base are linked, both devices emit a short chirp when their radios link. At this point, that one scanner is linked to one base.

Xenon Scanner



CCB01-010BT Charge Base Page Button and Base LEDs

Granit Scanner

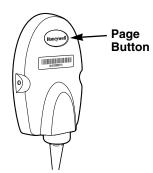


CCB02-100BT Charge Base Page Button and Base LEDs

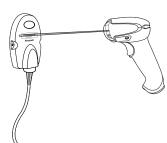
To determine if your cordless system is set up correctly, scan one of the sample bar codes in the back of this manual. If the scanner provides a single good read beep and the green LED lights, the scanner has successfully linked to the base. If using a Granit scanner, the scanner also vibrates. If you receive an error tone and the red LED lights, the scanner has not linked to the base. Refer to page 13-7 for troubleshooting information.

Linking the Scanner to an Access Point

Turn on the computer (laptop/desktop). Plug the interface cable into the Access Point first and then into the appropriate port on the computer. The Page button lights up when the connection to the host is made.



Scan the linking bar code on the top of the Access Point to establish a connection between the Access Point and the scanner. The scanner emits a short beep and flashes the green LED to confirm a connection with the Access Point. The Access Point's Page button remains blue.

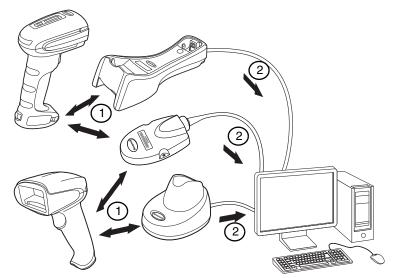


Communication Between the Cordless System and the Host

The cordless scanner provides immediate feedback in the form of a "good read" indication with a green LED on the scanner and an audible beep. If using a Granit scanner, the scanner also vibrates. This indicates that the bar code has been scanned correctly and the base or Access Point has acknowledged receiving the data. This is possible since the cordless system provides two-way communication between the scanner and the base or Access Point.

When data is scanned, the data is sent to the host system via the base or Access Point. The cordless scanner recognizes data acknowledgement (ACK) from the base or Access Point. If it cannot be determined that the data has

been properly sent to the base or Access Point, the scanner issues an error indication. You must then check to see if the scanned data was received by the host system.



- 1. Scanner reads code and gets ACK from base or Access Point
- Base or Access Point sends data to host

Programming the Scanner and Base or Access Point

When using the scanner and charge base or Access Point together as a system, menu parameters and configuration settings are stored in the charge base or Access Point. Therefore, when programming any menu configuration settings, the scanner must be linked to the intended charge base or Access Point.

Note: This only applies when the scanner is linked to a charge base or Access Point. If the scanner is in a non-base mode, configuration settings are stored in the scanner.

RF (Radio Frequency) Module Operation

The cordless system uses a two-way Bluetooth® radio to transmit and receive data between the scanner and the base or Access Point. Designed for point-to-point and multipoint-to-single point applications, the radio operates using a license free ISM band, which sends relatively small data packets at a fast data rate over a radio signal with randomly changing frequencies, makes the cordless system highly responsive to a wide variety of data collection applications and resistant to noisy RF environments. The CCB01-010BT (Bluetooth Class

2) provides a communication range of 33 feet (10m) between the scanner and base or Access Point, depending on the environment. The CCB02-100BT (Bluetooth Class 1) provides a communication range of 330 feet (100m) between the scanner and base or Access Point, depending on the environment. See Flexible Power Management, page 3-18, for information about controlling this range.

System Conditions

The components of the cordless system interact in specific ways as you associate a scanner to a base or Access Point, as you move a scanner out of range, bring a scanner back in range, or swap scanners between two cordless systems. The following information explains the cordless system operating conditions.

Linking Process

Once a scanner is placed into a cordless charge base, the scanner's battery charge status is checked, and software automatically detects the scanner and links it to the base depending on the selected link mode.

Refer to Linking the Scanner to an Access Point, page 3-2, for information about linking to an Access Point.

Scanner Is Out of Range

The cordless scanner is in communication with its base or Access Point, even when it is not transmitting bar code data. Whenever the scanner can't communicate with the base or Access Point for a few seconds, it is out of range. If the scanner is out of range and you scan a bar code, the scanner issues an error tone indicating no communication with the base or Access Point. A cordless charge base can also sound an alarm. Refer to Out-of-Range Alarm, page 3-15.

Scanner Is Moved Back Into Range

The scanner relinks if the scanner or the base or Access Point have been reset, or the scanner comes back into range. If the scanner relinks, you will hear a single chirp when the relinking process (uploading of the parameter table) is complete. Refer to Out-of-Range Alarm on page 3-15 for further information.

Out of Range and Back into Range with Batch Mode On

The scanner may store a number of symbols (approximately 500 U.P.C. symbols; others may vary) when it is out of range and then send them to the base or Access Point when back in range (see Batch Mode on page 3-19).

You will not hear a communication error tone in this mode, but you will hear a short buzz when you pull the trigger if the radio communication is not working. Once the radio connection is made, the scanner produces a series of beeps while the data is being transferred to the base or Access Point.

Page Button

When you press the Page button on the base or Access Point, the scanners associated with that base or Access Point will begin beeping (3 short and 1 long beep). If you pull the trigger on a scanner that is beeping in response, or press the Page button on the base or Access Point a second time, all associated scanners will stop beeping. See Paging on page 3-10 for further information about Page Button settings.

About the Battery



There is a danger of explosion if the batteries are incorrectly replaced. Replace the batteries with only the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the recycle program for batteries as directed by the governing agency for the country where the batteries are to be discarded.

Power is supplied to the cordless scanner by a rechargeable battery that is integrated in the scanner handle. Batteries are shipped approximately 30% to 60% charged. The battery should be charged for a minimum of 4 hours before initial use to ensure optimal performance.

Charging Information

The battery is designed to charge while the scanner is positioned in the cordless base unit. Refer to Base/Access Point LED Sequences and Meaning, page 3-8, for an interpretation of the Charge Status indicators. Refer to Charge Only Mode (page 3-13) if you need to charge a scanner without linking it to the base.

Place the scanner in the base that is connected to an appropriate power supply. Use only a Listed Limited Power Source (LPS) or Class 2 type power supply with output rated 5 to 5.2Vdc, 1A.

Note: If you are powering the base through the interface cable (for example, a USB cable) and not using an external power supply plugged into the aux port, the current available for charging is reduced and charge times are increased.

Battery Recommendations

- The battery is a lithium ion cell and can be used without a full charge, and can also be charged without fully discharging, without impacting the battery life. There is no need to perform any charge/discharge conditioning on this type of battery.
- Keep the base connected to power when the host is not in use.
- Replace a defective battery immediately since it could damage the scanner.

- Although your battery can be recharged many times, it will eventually be depleted. Replace it after the battery is unable to hold an adequate charge.
- If you are not sure if the battery or charger is working properly, send it to Honeywell International Inc. or an authorized service center for inspection. Refer to Customer Support on page 14-1 for additional information.



Caution:

Use only Honeywell Li-ion battery packs, model number BAT-SCN01, rated 3.7 Vdc, 7.4Whr in this device. Use of any non-Honeywell battery may result in damage not covered by the warranty.

Safety Precautions for Lithium Batteries

- Do not place batteries in fire or heat the batteries.
- Do not store batteries near fire or other high temperature locations.
- Do not store or carry batteries together with metal objects.
- Do not expose batteries to water or allow the batteries to get wet.
- Do not connect (short) the positive and negative terminals, of the batteries, to each other with any metal object.
- Do not pierce, strike or step on batteries or subject batteries to strong impacts or shocks.
- · Do not disassemble or modify batteries.



Caution:

Danger of explosion if batteries are incorrectly replaced. Dispose of used batteries according to the recycle program for batteries as directed by the governing agency for the country where the batteries are to be discarded.

Proper Disposal of the Battery



When the battery has reached the end of its useful life, the battery should be disposed of by a qualified recycler or hazardous materials handler. Do not incinerate the battery or dispose of the battery with general waste materials. You may send the scanner's battery to us. (postage paid). The shipper is responsible for complying with all federal, state, and local laws and regulations related to the packing, labeling, manifesting, and ship-

ping of spent batteries. Contact the Product Service Department (page 14-1) for recycling or disposal information. Since you may find that your cost of returning the batteries significant, it may be more cost effective to locate a local recycle/disposal company.

Beeper and LED Sequences and Meaning

The scanner contains LEDs on the rear of the unit that indicate linking status, decoding state, and battery condition. The base has LEDs on the top of the unit that indicate its power up, communication, and battery charge condition. The red LED = error; green LED = success of any type. Scanners and the CCB01-010BT base have audible indicators as well: 1 razz or error tone = error; 2 beeps = menu change; 1 beep = all other successes.

The table below lists the indication and cause of the LED indication, beeps, and vibrations for the scanner.

3 - 7

Scanner LED Sequences and Meaning

LED Indication	Beeper Indication	Vibrate Indication	Cause
Normal Operation			
Red Flash	None	None	Battery low
Green Flash	1 beep	None	Successful communication or linking
Red, blinking	Razz or error tone	None	Failed communication
Menu Operation			
Green Flash	2 beeps	2 vibrations	Successful menu change
Red, blinking	Razz or error tone	1 long vibration	Unsuccessful menu change

Base/Access Point LED Sequences and Meaning

The base contains a red LED and the Access Point has a blue LED that indicate the status of the unit and verifies its communication with the host system. The base also has a green LED that indicates scanner battery charge condition.

Red or Blue LED - Host Communication			
Red or Blue LED	Communication Condition		
Off	USB suspend		
On continuously	Power on, system idle		
Short blinks in multiple pulses. Occurs while transferring data to/from the RF module or the Host port.	Receiving data		

Green LED - Scanner Battery (base only, does not apply to Access Point)			
Green LED	Charge Condition		
Off	Battery not detected or charge suspended		
Slow flash, 1 second on, 1 second off	Pre-charge and charging		
On continuously	Charge complete		
Fast flash, 300 mSec on, 300 mSec off	Charge Error		

Base Power Communication Indicator

To display the power indicator on a base or an Access Point, scan the **Base Power Communication Indicator On** bar code. To turn off the power indicator, scan the **Off** bar code. *Default = On*.



* Base Power Communication Indicator On



Base Power Communication
Indicator Off

Reset Scanner

Scanning this bar code reboots the scanner and causes it to relink with the base or Access Point.



Scanning While in Base Cradle

Note: This feature only applies to the CCB01-010BT base.

If you want to be able to scan bar codes while the scanner is in the base cradle, scan the **Scanning in Cradle On** bar code below. If you want to only allow scanning when the scanner is out of the base cradle, scan **Scanning in Cradle**

Off. If you want the scanner to shut down when in the base cradle, scan **Shut Down Scanner in Cradle**. *Default = Scanning in Cradle On (for CCB01-010BT)*.



Scanning in Cradle Off



* Scanning in Cradle On



Paging

Paging Mode

By default, the paging button on the base or Access Point pages the scanners associated with that base or Access Point. If you want the paging button on your base or Access Point to be disabled, scan the **Paging Mode Off** bar code, below. When Paging Mode is off, the base or Access Point will no longer page scanners when the button is pressed. The red LED on the base or blue LED on the Access Point will remain lit to indicate that Paging Mode is off. (This light will go out when the button is pressed, then back on when it's released.) *Default = Paging Mode On*.



* Paging Mode On



Paging Mode Off

Paging Pitch

When you press the Page button on the base or Access Point, the scanners associated with that base or Access Point will begin beeping (see Page Button on page 3-5). You can set the pitch of the paging beep for each scanner by scanning one of the following bar codes. *Default = Low.*



BEPPFQ1000. * Low (1000 Hz)



Medium (3250 Hz)



REPPEQ4200 High (4200 Hz)

Error Indicators

Beeper Pitch - Base Error

Note: This feature only applies to the CCB01-010BT base.

The CCB01-010BT base can be configured to beep at a particular pitch when an error occurs, such as transmission problems to a host system. The beeper pitch codes modify the pitch (frequency) of the error tone the base emits when there is an error. Default = Low.



BASEQ2250. * Razz (250 Hz)



BASFQ23250. Medium (3250 Hz)



BASFQ24200. High (4200 Hz)

Number of Beeps - Base Error

Note: This feature only applies to the CCB01-010BT base.

The number of beeps and LED flashes emitted by the CCB01-010BT base for an error condition can be programmed from 1 - 9. For example, if you program this option to have five error beeps, there will be five error beeps and five LED flashes in response to an error. To change the number of error beeps, scan the bar code below and then scan a digit (1-9) bar code and the **Save** bar code on the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual. Default = 1.



Number of Base Error Beeps/LED Flashes

Scanner Report

Scan the bar code below to generate a report for the connected scanners. The report indicates the port, work group, scanner name, and address. To assign a name to your scanner, refer to Menu Command Syntax, page 11-1.



Scanner Report

Scanner Address

Scan the bar code below to determine the address of the scanner you are using.



Scanner Address

Base or Access Point Address

Scan the bar code below to determine the address of the base or Access Point you are using.



Base Address

Scanner Modes

Your scanner is capable of working in single scanner mode, multiple scanner mode, or with Bluetooth devices other than the charge base or Access Point.

Charge Only Mode

There may be times when you want to charge your scanner, but not link to the base. For example, if a scanner is linked to an Access Point or other Bluetooth device and you need to charge the scanner, but want to retain your existing link.

In order to program the base for Charge Only Mode, you must link a scanner to it. Once the scanner is linked to the base, scan the **Charge Only Mode** bar code. Any subsequent scanners placed in that base will charge without linking to it. The scanner used to program the base remains linked to the base. To unlink this scanner, scan Unlink Scanner on page 3-14.



Charge Only Mode

Note: When in Charge Only Mode, the scanner periodically wakes up and beeps. See "Power Up Beeper" on page 4-1 to change this setting.

If you want to charge a scanner and link to the base, use **Charge and Link Mode**. If the base is programmed for Charge Only Mode, you must link a scanner to it first in order to program it for Charge and Link Mode. Scan the linking bar code on the base to link the scanner, then scan **Charge and Link Mode**. Default = Charge and Link Mode.



* Charge and Link Mode

Linked Modes

Locked Link Mode and Open Link Mode are the link modes that accommodate different applications. Scan the appropriate bar codes included in the Open Link and Locked Link Mode explanations that follow to switch from one mode to another. *Default = Open Link Mode*.

Locked Link Mode - Single Scanner

If you link a scanner to a base or an Access Point using the Locked Link Mode, other scanners are blocked from being linked if they are inadvertently placed into the base, or if the Access Point linking bar code is scanned. If you do place a different scanner into a base, it will charge the scanner, but the scanner will not be linked.



BASCONO, DNG1.
Locked Link Mode
(Single Scanner)

To use a different scanner, you need to unlink the original scanner by scanning the **Unlink Scanner** bar code. (See Scanner Modes, page 3-13.)

Open Link Mode - Single Scanner

When newly shipped or defaulted to factory settings, a scanner is not linked to a base or an Access Point. A link is established when the scanner is placed into a base, or an Access Point linking bar code is scanned. When in Open Link Mode, a new link is established when a new scanner is placed in the base, or you scan an Access Point linking bar code. Each time a scanner is placed into a base or scans an Access Point linking bar code, the scanner becomes linked to the base or Access point and the old scanner is unlinked.



BASCON1,DNG1
* Open Link Mode
(Single Scanner)

Unlinking the Scanner

If a base or an Access Point has a scanner linked to it, that scanner must be unlinked before a new scanner can be linked. Once the previous scanner is unlinked, it will no longer communicate with the base or Access Point. To unlink the scanner from a base or an Access Point, scan the **Unlink Scanner** bar code below.



Unlink Scanner

Override Locked Scanner

If you need to replace a broken or lost scanner that is linked to a base or an Access Point, scan the **Override Locked Scanner** bar code below with a new scanner and place that scanner in the base, or scan the Access Point linking bar code. The locked link will be overridden; the broken or lost scanner's link with the base or Access Point will be removed, and the new scanner will be linked.



Override Locked Scanner (Single Scanner)

Out-of-Range Alarm

If your scanner is out range of the base, an alarm sounds from both your base and scanner. If your scanner is out range of an Access Point, an alarm sounds from just the scanner. The alarm stops when the scanner is moved closer to the base or Access Point, when the base or Access Point connects to another scanner, or when the alarm duration expires. To activate the alarm options for the scanner or the base and to set the alarm duration, scan the appropriate bar code below and then set the time-out duration (from 0-3000 seconds) by scanning digits on the Programming Chart inside the back cover, then scanning Save. Default = 0 sec (no alarm).



BASORD.

Base Alarm Duration

Note: The Access Point does not have a base alarm.



Scanner Alarm Duration

Note: If you are out of range when you scan a bar code, you will receive an error tone even if you do not have the alarm set. You receive the error tone since the data could not be communicated to the base or Access Point or the host.

Alarm Sound Type

You may change the alarm type for the scanner or a CCB01-010BT base by scanning the appropriate bar code below and then scanning a digit (0-7) bar code and the **Save** bar code on the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual. *Default* = 0.

The sounds are as follows:

Setting	Sound		
0	3 long beeps, medium pitch		
1	3 long beeps, high pitch		
2	4 short beeps, medium pitch		
3	4 short beeps, high pitch		
4	single chirps, medium pitch		
5	2 chirps, then 1 chirp, medium pitch		
6	single chirps, high pitch		
7	2 chirps, then 1 chirp, high pitch		



Base Alarm Type

Note: Only the CCB01-010BT base has an alarm



Scanner Alarm Type

Scanner Power Time-Out Timer

Note: Scanner Power Time-out Timer only applies to cordless systems. It does not apply to corded scanners.

When there is no activity within a specified time period, the scanner enters low power mode. Scan the appropriate scanner power time-out bar code to change the time-out duration (in seconds).

Note: Scanning zero (0) is the equivalent of setting no time-out.

If there are no trigger pulls during the timer interval, the scanner goes into power down mode. Whenever the trigger is enabled, the timer is reset. If the scanner is placed in the charge base cradle and the battery is in the process of being charged, the scanner will not go into power down mode. Default = 3600 seconds.



0 seconds







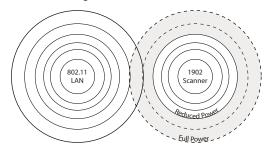




Note: When the scanner is in power down mode, pull the trigger to power the unit back up. There will be a set of power up beeps and a delay of up to a few seconds for the radio to join. The scanner will then be ready to use.

Flexible Power Management

If you are experiencing network performance issues, and suspect the scanner is interfering with other devices, you can turn down the power output of the scanner. This reduces the range between the scanner and a base or an Access Point as shown in the following illustration:



Scan one of the bar codes below to set the scanner's power output to **Full Power** (100%), **Medium Power** (35%), **Medium Low Power** (5%), or **Low Power** (1%). *Default = Full Power*.

For the new power setting to take effect, the scanner and the base or Access Point must be reset. See **Reset Scanner and Base/Access Point** (page 3-19).

Note: Setting a Granit scanner to anything lower than Full Power changes it to Class II Bluetooth.



* Full Power



Medium Low Power



Medium Power



BI_IXPT.

Reset Scanner and Base/Access Point

Once the power level is set, you must scan the **Reset Base** bar code and wait for the scanner to unlink and relink to a base or an Access Point. Once that is done, scan the **Reset Scanner** bar code and wait for the base or Access Point to unlink and relink to the scanner.



: * : RESET_ . 3
Reset Scanner

Batch Mode

Batch mode is used to store bar code data when a scanner is out of range of its base or Access Point, or when performing inventory. The data is transmitted to the base or Access Point once the scanner is back in range or when the records are manually transmitted.

Note: Batch mode has limitations when using multiple scanners to one base or Access Point. If a cordless system is being used in "multiple link mode," where up to 7 scanners are to be connected to one base or Access Point, some accumulated or batched scans could be lost if scanners are constantly being moved in and out of range.

Automatic Batch Mode stores bar code data when the scanner is out of range of the base or Access Point. The data is automatically transmitted to the base or Access Point once the scanner is back in range. When the scanner's buffer space is full, any bar codes scanned generate an error tone. In order to scan bar codes again, the scanner must be moved back into range of the base or Access Point so data can be transmitted.

Inventory Batch Mode stores bar code data, whether or not you are in range of the base or Access Point. To transmit the stored data to the base or Access Point, either place the scanner in the base, or scan Transmit Inventory Records (page 3-24). When the scanner's buffer space is full, any bar codes scanned generate an error tone. In order to scan bar codes again, the data must be transmitted to the base or Access Point. Once the data is transmitted, it is cleared in the scanner.

Persistent Batch Mode is the same as Inventory Batch Mode, except that once the data is transmitted to the base or Access Point, it is retained in the scanner. If you want to transmit more than once, you can do so using this mode. In order to clear the scanner's buffer, you must scan Clear All Codes (see page 3-24).

Default = Batch Mode Off.



* Batch Mode Off



BATENA1.

Automatic Batch Mode





Persistent Batch Mode

Batch Mode Beep

When scanning in Inventory Batch Mode (page 3-20), the scanner beeps every time a bar code is scanned. If using a Granit scanner, it also vibrates. When Batch Mode Beep is On, you will also hear a click when each bar code is sent to the host. If you do not want to hear these clicks, scan Batch Mode Beep Off. Default = Batch Mode Beep On.



Batch Mode Beep Off

* Batch Mode Beep On

Batch Mode Storage

When a scanner is storing data during a Batch Mode process, you can select whether the data is stored in Flash memory or in RAM.

Flash Storage: The scanner writes any untransmitted data to flash memory prior to powering down. The data will still be there when the scanner powers back up. However, the scanner will power down, even with untransmitted data, if it reaches a power down timeout or if the battery power is very low.

RAM Storage: The scanner will not power down while it contains data that has not been transmitted to the base or Access Point, even if it reaches a power down timeout. However, if the scanner runs out of battery power, it will power down and the data will be lost.

Default = Flash Storage.



BATNVS1.

* Flash Storage



RAM Storage

Batch Mode Quantity

When in Batch Mode, you may wish to transmit the number of multiple bar codes scanned, rather than a single bar code multiple times. For example, if you scan three bar codes called XYZ with **Batch Mode Quantity Off**, when you transmit your data it will appear as XYZ three times. Using **Batch Mode Quantity On** and the **Quantity Codes** (page 3-22), you could output your data as "XYZ, 00003" instead.

Note: If you wish to format your output, for example, place a CR or tab between the bar code data and the quantity, refer to Data Formatting beginning on page 6-1.

Default = Batch Mode Quantity Off.



* Batch Mode Quantity Off



Batch Mode Quantity On

Entering Quantities

Quantity Codes (page 3-22) allow you to enter a quantity for the last item scanned, up to 9999 (default = 1). Quantity digits are shifted from right to left, so if a 5th digit is scanned, the 1st digit scanned is discarded and the 2nd, 3rd and 4th digits are moved to the left to accommodate the new digit.

For example, if the Quantity 5 bar code is scanned after the quantity has been set to 1234, then the 1 is dropped, the quantity will be 2345.

Example: Add a quantity of 5 for the last item scanned.

- 1. Scan the item's bar code.
- 2. Scan the quantity 5 bar code.

Example: Add a quantity of 1,500 for the last item scanned.

- Scan the item's bar code.
- 2. Scan the quantity 1 bar code.
- 3. Scan the quantity 5 bar code.
- 4. Scan the quantity 0 bar code.
- 5. Scan the quantity 0 bar code.

Example: Change a quantity of 103 to 10.

To correct an incorrect quantity, scan the quantity 0 bar code to replace the incorrect digits, then scan the correct quantity bar codes.

- 1. Scan the quantity 0 bar code to change the quantity to 1030.
- 2. Scan the quantity 0 bar code to change the quantity to 0300.
- 3. Scan the quantity 1 bar code to change the quantity to 3001.
- 4. Scan the quantity 0 bar code to change the quantity to 0010.

Default = 1.

Quantity Codes



BATNUM1.

















Batch Mode Output Order

When batch data is transmitted, select whether you want that data sent as **FIFO** (first-in first-out), or **LIFO** (last-in first-out). *Default = Batch Mode FIFO*.



* Batch Mode FIFO



Batch Mode LIFO

Total Records

If you wish to output the total number of bar codes scanned when in Batch Mode, scan ${f Total}$ ${f Records}$.



Total Records

Delete Last Code

If you want to delete the last bar code scanned when in Batch Mode, scan **Delete Last Code**.



Delete Last Code

Clear All Codes

If you want to clear the scanner's buffer of all data accumulated in Batch Mode, scan Clear All Codes.



Clear All Codes

Transmit Records to Host

If you are operating in Inventory Batch Mode (see Inventory Batch Mode on page 3-20), you must scan the following bar code to transmit all the stored data to the host system.



Transmit Inventory Records

Batch Mode Transmit Delay

Sometimes when accumulated scans are sent to the host system, the transmission of those scans is too fast for the application to process. To program a transmit delay between accumulated scans, scan one of the following delays. *Default = Off.*

Note: In most cases, a short (250 ms (milliseconds)) delay is ideal, however, longer delays may be programmed. Contact Technical Support (page 14-1) for additional information.



* Batch Mode Transmit Delay Off (No Delay)



Batch Mode Transmit Delay Short (250 ms)



Batch Mode Transmit Delay Medium (500 ms)



Batch Mode Transmit Delay Long (1000 ms)

Multiple Scanner Operation

Note: Multiple Scanner Operation Mode allows you to link up to 7 scanners to one base or Access Point. You cannot join an 8th scanner until you unlink one of the 7 scanners or take a scanner out of range.

To put the scanner in multiple scanner mode, scan the bar code below. Once you scan this bar code, the scanner is unlinked from the base or Access Point and must either be placed into the base, or you must scan the Access Point linking bar code in order to relink.



BASCON2, DNG3. **Multiple Scanner Operation**

Scanner Name

You may assign a name to each scanner you are using for identification purposes. For example, you may want to have a unique identifier for a scanner that is receiving imaging commands sent from the base or Access Point.

The default name is in the format "ScannerName_Model_SN_XXXXXXXXXXXX" If you have more than one scanner linked to a base, and they all have the same name, the first scanner linked to the base receives commands. When renaming a series of scanners with identical names, unlink all except one of the scanners from the base.

Perform the rename operation using either the bar codes on page 3-27, or by sending the serial command : ScannerName: BT NAMNewName. where ScannerName is the current name of the scanner, and NewName is the new name for the scanner. If you wish to change the names of additional scanners, link them one at a time and repeat the :ScannerName:BT NAMNewName. command for each scanner.

To rename scanners with sequential, numeric names, scan the bar codes below. Scan the **Reset** code after each name change and wait for the scanner to relink to the base or Access Point before scanning a bar code to rename the next scanner.



0001



BT_NAM0002. 0002



BT_NAM0003. 0003



0004









You may also scan the **Scanner Name** bar code below and scan a number for the scanner name. For example, if you wanted to name the linked scanner "312," you would scan the bar code below, scan the 3, 1, and 2 bar codes on the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual, then scan Save. Scan the **Reset** bar code and wait for the scanner to relink to the base.



Application Work Groups

Your cordless system can have up to 7 scanners linked to one base or Access Point. You can also have up to 7 work groups. If you want to have all of the scanners' settings programmed alike, you don't need to use more than 1 work group. If you want each scanner to have unique settings (e.g., beeper volume, prefix/suffix, data formatter), then you may program each scanner to its own unique work group and may program each scanner independently. For example, you might want to have multiple work groups in a retail/warehouse application where you need to have different data appended to bar codes used in the warehouse area versus the retail area. You could assign all the scanners in the retail area to one work group and those in the warehouse to another. Consequently, any desired changes to either the retail or warehouse area would apply to all scanners in that particular work group. Honeywell's online configuration tool, EZConfig-Scanning (page 10-2), makes it easy for you to program your system for use with multiple scanners and multiple work groups.

The scanner keeps a copy of the menu settings it is using. Whenever the scanner is connected or reconnected to a base or an Access Point, the scanner is updated with the latest settings from the base or Access Point for its work group. The scanner also receives menu setting changes processed by the base or Access Point. If a scanner is removed from a base or an Access Point and placed into another base or linked to another Access Point, it will be updated with the new base/Access Point settings for whatever work group to which that the scanner was previously assigned. For example, if the scanner was in work group 1 linked to the first base, it will be placed in work group 1 in the second base with the associated settings.

Application Work Group Selection

This programming selection allows you to assign a scanner to a work group by scanning the bar code below. You may then program the settings (e.g., beeper volume, prefix/suffix, data formatter) that your application requires. Default = Group 0.



GRPSELO.

* Group 0



Group 1



GRPSEL2. Group 2



GRPSEL3.
Group 3



Group 4



GRPSEL5
Group 5



Resetting the Factory Defaults: All Application Work Groups

The following bar code defaults all of the work groups to the factory default settings.



Factory Default Settings: All Work Groups

To see what the factory default settings are, refer to the table of Menu Commands, beginning on page 11-5. The standard product default settings for each of the commands are indicated by an asterisk (*).

Note: Scanning this bar code also causes both the scanner and the base or Access Point to perform a reset and become unlinked. The scanner must be placed in the base, or the Access Point linking bar code must be scanned to re-establish the link. Refer to Scanner Modes, page 3-13 for additional information.

If your scanner is in multiple scanner mode, you will hear up to 30 seconds of beeping while all scanners are relinked to the base or Access Point and the settings are changed.

Resetting the Custom Defaults: All Application Work Groups

If you want the custom default settings restored to all of the work groups, scan the **Custom Product Default Settings** bar code below. (If there are no custom defaults, it will reset the work groups to the factory defaults.) See Setting Custom Defaults on page 1-15 for further information about custom defaults.



Custom Default Settings:
All Work Groups

Note: Scanning this bar code also causes both the scanner and the base or Access Point to perform a reset and become unlinked. The scanner must be placed in its base, or the Access Point linking bar code must be scanned to re-establish the link. Refer to Scanner Modes, page 3-13 for additional information.

If your scanner is in multiple scanner mode, you will hear up to 30 seconds of beeping while all scanners are relinked to the base or Access Point and the settings are changed.

Using the Scanner with Bluetooth Devices

The scanner can be used either with the charge base, an Access Point, or with other Bluetooth devices. Those devices include personal computers, laptops, PDAs, and Honeywell mobility systems devices.

Bluetooth HID Keyboard Connect

Your scanner can be paired with Bluetooth-capable devices, such as iPads, smart phones, and laptops, so that scanned data appears on your device screen as though it was entered on the keyboard. In order to pair with the Bluetooth device:

1. Scan the Bluetooth HID Keyboard Connect bar code below.



Bluetooth HID Keyboard Connect

 Set the Bluetooth-capable host device so it searches for other Bluetooth devices. (Refer to your device's User's Guide for pairing instructions.) Once your host device has located the scanner, select the scanner name. The host generates and displays a random PIN that must be scanned within 60 seconds. You must quickly scan Bluetooth PIN Code, then the numbers below, then Save.



Bluetooth PIN Code





















Bluetooth HID Keyboard Disconnect

If your scanner has been connected directly to an iPad, smart phone, or laptop using Bluetooth HID Keyboard Connect (page 3-30), you must disconnect it in order to once again communicate with the base or Access Point. Scan the Bluetooth HID Keyboard Disconnect bar code to unlink the scanner from the currently linked host. Scan the linking bar code on the base or Access Point to relink the scanner.



Bluetooth HID Keyboard Disconnect

Bluetooth Serial Port - PCs/Laptops

Scanning the **Non-Base BT Connection** bar code below allows the scanner to be used with other Bluetooth devices (e.g., PC/laptop). When in this mode, the scanner behaves like an RS-232 serial device, and you will need to open a COM port on the host to read scanned data.

After you scan the bar code below, follow the instructions supplied with your Bluetooth device to locate the scanner and connect to it. If you go out of range with your scanner, the scanner will not reconnect to the Bluetooth device when it is back in range. If you want to relink to the charge base or Access Point, refer to Override Locked Scanner, page 3-15.

Note: The multiple work groups option is not available when you are using the scanner with Bluetooth devices other than the charge base or Access Point.



BT_TRM0;BT_DNG5.
Non-Base BT Connection

PDAs/Mobility Systems Devices

You may also use the scanner with a PDA or a Honeywell Mobility Systems device. Scan the bar code below and follow the instructions supplied with your Bluetooth device to locate the scanner, and connect with it.



BT Connection - PDA/Mobility Systems Device

Changing the Scanner's Bluetooth PIN Code

Some devices require a PIN code as part of the Bluetooth security features. Your scanner's default PIN is 1234, which you may need to enter the first time you connect to your PDA or PC. The PIN code must be between 1 and 16 characters. To change the PIN, scan the bar code below and then scan the appropriate numeric bar codes from the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual. Scan **Save** to save your selection.



Minimizing Bluetooth/ISM Band Network Activity

The settings described below can help you customize the relinking behavior of the cordless area-imaging system to obtain the best compromise between convenience and low interference.

Note: ISM band refers to the 2.4 to 2.48 GHz frequency band used by wireless networks, cordless phones, and Bluetooth.

Auto Reconnect Mode

Auto Reconnect controls whether or not the scanner automatically begins the relink process when a loss of connection is detected. When the **Auto Reconnect On** bar code is scanned, the scanner begins the relink process immediately, without user intervention. *Default = Auto Reconnect On*.





Note: If you are connecting to a Bluetooth Interface Module, set Auto Reconnect to Off.

The table below shows the results of the Auto Reconnect On and Off settings:

Event	Auto Reconnect On	Auto Reconnect Off
Scanner out of range	Relink occurs automatically. If maximum number of link attempts is unsuccessful, then the scanner must be relinked by either pulling the trigger, placing the scanner in the base, or scanning the Access Point linking bar code. (See Maximum Link Attempts on page 3-35.)	The scanner is relinked by pulling the trigger, or scanning the Access Point linking bar code.
Base or Access point reset (firmware upgrade or power cycle)	Scanner behaves as if out of range.	No attempt to relink made while base or Access Point is powered off. Trigger must be pulled to initiate relinking.

Event	Auto Reconnect On	Auto Reconnect Off
Scanner power down due to Power Time-Out Timer setting (see page 4- 9)	Trigger must be pulled, Access Point linking bar code must be scanned, or the scanner must be placed in the base unit to relink. (Note: scanner relinks on power up, but powers on due to one of the above actions.)	
Scanner reset due to firmware upgrade	Relink occurs automaticall	y.
Scanner reset due to battery change	Relink occurs automaticall	y.
Scanner placed in different base unit	Relink to new base occurs	automatically.

Maximum Link Attempts

The Maximum Link Attempts setting controls the number of times the scanner tries to form a connection with a base or an Access Point. During the connection setup process, the scanner transmits in order to search for and connect to a base or an Access Point. In order to prevent continuous transmissions that could interfere with other users of the ISM band, the number of attempts to connect is limited by this setting. After the maximum number of attempts is reached, the scanner will not attempt to reconnect to a base or an Access Point. Pressing the trigger, scanning an Access Point linking bar code, or placing the scanner in the cradle resets the attempt count and the scanner will again try to link.

Scan the **Maximum Link Attempts** bar code, then scan the number of attempts for the setting (from 0-100) from the inside back cover. Scan Save to save the setting. Default = 0.



Note: When Auto Reconnect Mode is On, setting Maximum Link Attempts to zero will cause the scanner to try to link until the Power Time-Out Timer setting (see page 3-16) expires. When Auto Reconnect Mode is Off, setting Maximum Link Attempts to zero will cause the scanner to only attempt linking one time after a trigger pull.

Relink Time-Out

Relink Time-Out controls the idle time between relink attempts. An attempt to link a scanner to a base or an Access Point typically lasts up to 5 seconds. This is the time when the scanner is actually attempting a contact. Relink Time-Out controls the amount of time, in seconds, that elapses between the end of one connection attempt and the start of the next.

Note: The length of time for an attempt depends on the number of scanners connected to a base unit or Access Point. An extra 7 seconds may be required when a connection is successful.

Scan the **Relink Time-Out** bar code, then scan the number of seconds for the setting (from 1-100) from the inside back cover. Scan Save to save the setting. *Default = 3 seconds*.



Bluetooth/ISM Network Activity Examples

Default values

When the scanner goes out of range, the scanner repeatedly attempts to connect to the base unit or Access Point. Each attempt consists of approximately 5 seconds of active time followed by 3 seconds of idle time. After one hour, the scanner powers off and batch mode data is lost.

Maximum Link Attempts set to 15 Other values at default setting

When the scanner goes out of range, 15 attempts are made to link to the base unit or Access Point. Each attempt consists of approximately 5 seconds of active time followed by 3 seconds of idle time. After 15 cycles (8*15 =120), or about 2 minutes, the scanner stops trying to connect to the base or Access Point, but retains any bar codes that may have been saved in batch mode. After one hour, the scanner powers off and batch mode data is lost.

Auto Reconnect Mode set to 0 Maximum Link Attempts set to 15 Other values at default setting

When the scanner goes out of range, no action is taken to relink. When the trigger is pulled, 15 attempts are made to link to the base or Access Point. Each attempt consists of approximately 5 seconds of active time followed by 3 seconds of idle time. After 15 cycles (8*15 =120), or about 2 minutes, the scanner stops trying to connect to the base or Access Point, but retains any bar codes that may have been saved in batch mode. After one hour, the scanner powers off and batch mode data is lost. Refer to Auto Reconnect Mode, page 3-34, to review other events that can start the relink process.

Auto Reconnect Mode set to 1
Maximum Link Attempts set to 0
Relink Time-Out set to 10
Scanner Power Time-Out Timer set to 1800

Note: See Scanner Power Time-Out Timer on page 3-16.

The scanner attempts to connect to the base or Access Point every 15 seconds, measured from one attempt start to the next attempt start. After one half hour, the scanner powers off.

Host Acknowledgment

Some applications require that the host terminal (or server) validate incoming bar code data (database look-up) and provide acknowledgement to the scanner whether or not to proceed. In Host ACK Mode, the scanner waits for this acknowledgement after each scan. Visual and audible acknowledgements provide valuable feedback to the scan operator. The Host ACK functionality is controlled via a number of pre-defined escape commands that are sent to the scanner to make it behave in different ways.

Note: System performance degrades when using Host ACK at rates lower than 9600 baud.

The following criteria must be met for the Host ACK to work correctly:

- The cordless system must be configured for Host Port RS232 (terminal ID = 000) or USB COM Emulation (terminal ID = 130).
- RTS/CTS is defaulted off. You must enable it if the host system requires it.
- Host ACK must be set to On (page 3-38).
- A comma must be used as a terminator.
- The host terminal software must be capable of interpreting the bar code data, make decisions based on the data content, and send out appropriate escape commands to the scanner.

Escape commands are addressed to the scanner via "Application Work Groups." Once a command is sent, all scanners in a group respond to that command. Because of this, it is recommended that each scanner is assigned to its own group in Host ACK mode.

The commands to which the scanner responds are listed on page 3-38. The **[ESC]** is a **1B** in hex. A typical command string is **y [ESC] x**, where "y" is the application work group number, "[ESC] x" is the escape command, and the comma is the terminator, which is required. (When "y" is not specified, the command is sent to the default Application Work Group 0.)

Example: Commands may be strung together to create custom response sequences. An example of a command string is listed below.

0[ESC]4,[ESC]5,[ESC]6,

The above example will make a scanner that is in application work group zero beep low, then medium, then high.

Example: A good read beep is required for any item on file, but a razz or error tone is required if the item is not on file. In this case,

[ESC]7, is sent to the host for an on-file product

[ESC]8,[ESC]8, is sent to the host for a not-on-file product

When a bar code is scanned, the scanner enters a timeout period until either the host ACK sequence is received, or the timeout expires (in 10 seconds, by default).

Once Host ACK is enabled, the system works as follows when a bar code is scanned:

- The scanner reads the code and sends data to the base or Access Point to transmit to the host system. No audible or visual indication is emitted until the scanner receives an escape command. The scanner read illumination goes out when there's a successful read.
- Scanner operation is suspended until 1) a valid escape string is received from the host system or 2) the scanner times out.
- Once condition 1 or 2 above has been met, the scanner is ready to scan again, and the process repeats.

A time-out occurs if the scanner does not receive a valid escape command within 10 seconds. A time-out is indicated by an error tone. If a time-out occurs, the operator should check the host system to understand why a response to the scanner was not received.

Host ACK On/Off



Host ACK On



* Host ACK Off

Host ACK Responses

Command	Action
[ESC] a,	Double beeps to indicate a successful menu change was made.
[ESC] b,	Razz or error tone to indicate a menu change was unsuccessful.
[ESC] 1,	The green LED illuminates for 135 milliseconds followed by a pause.

Command	Action
[ESC] 2,	The green LED illuminates for 2 seconds followed by a pause.
[ESC] 3,	The green LED illuminates for 5 seconds followed by a pause.
[ESC] 4,	Emits a beep at a low pitch.
[ESC] 5,	Emits a beep at a medium pitch.
[ESC] 6,	Emits a beep at a high pitch.
[ESC] 7,	Beeps to indicate a successful decode and communication to host.
[ESC] 8,[ESC] 8,	Razz or error tone to indicate a decode/ communication to host was unsuccessful.

Input/Output Settings

Power Up Beeper

Note: This feature does not apply to the CCB02-100BT base.

The scanner can be programmed to beep when it's powered up. If you are using a cordless system, the base can also be programmed to beep when it is powered up. Scan the **Off** bar code(s) if you don't want a power up beep. Default = Power Up Beeper On - Scanner.



Power Up Beeper Off -Scanner



* Power Up Beeper On -Scanner

Power Up Beeper Off -Cordless Base

Power Up Beeper On -Cordless Base

Beep on BEL Character

You may wish to force the scanner to beep upon a command sent from the host. If you scan the **Beep on BEL On** bar code below, the scanner will beep every time a BEL character is received from the host. *Default = Beep on BEL Off.*





BELBEP1.

Beep on BEL On

Trigger Click

To hear an audible click every time the scanner trigger is pressed, scan the **Trigger Click On** bar code below. Scan the **Trigger Click Off** code if you don't wish to hear the click. (This feature has no effect on serial or automatic triggering.) Default = Trigger Click Off.



*Trigger Click Off



Trigger Click On

Good Read and Error Indicators

Beeper - Good Read

The beeper may be programmed **On** or **Off** in response to a good read. Turning this option off only turns off the beeper response to a good read indication. All error and menu beeps are still audible. *Default = Beeper - Good Read On.*



Beeper - Good Read Off



* Beeper - Good Read On

Beeper Volume - Good Read

The beeper volume codes modify the volume of the beep the scanner emits on a good read. Default = High.



Low



Medium





Beeper Pitch - Good Read

The beeper pitch codes modify the pitch (frequency) of the beep the scanner emits on a good read. The Medium pitch differs for the Xenon and Granit scanners. Default = Medium.





* Medium - Xenon (2700 Hz)



* Medium - Granit (3200 Hz)



BEPFQ14200. High (4200 Hz)

Vibrate - Good Read

Note: Vibration settings apply only to Granit Devices.

The scanner vibrates once when a bar code is successfully read, and twice when a programming bar code is successfully read. When a programming bar code is unsuccessful, the scanner emits one long vibration (2 times the Vibrate Duration length). Scan **Vibrate - Good Read Off** to keep the scanner from vibrating. Default = Vibrate - Good Read On.



Vibrate- Good Read Off



* Vibrate- Good Read On

Vibrate Duration

If you want to set the length for the good read vibration, scan the bar code below, then set the duration (from 100 - 2,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the inside back cover, then scanning **Save**.

Default = 300 ms.



Vibrate Duration

Beeper Pitch - Error

The beeper pitch codes modify the pitch (frequency) of the sound the scanner emits when there is a bad read or error. *Default = Razz.*



BEPF Q2250. * **Razz (250 Hz)**



BEPFQ23250. Medium (3250 Hz)



BEPFQ24200. High (4200 Hz)

Beeper Duration - Good Read

The beeper duration codes modify the length of the beep the scanner emits on a good read. *Default = Normal*.



* Normal Beep



Short Beep

LED - Good Read

The LED indicator can be programmed **On** or **Off** in response to a good read. *Default = On.*



* LED - Good Read On



BEPLEDU.

LED - Good Read Off

Number of Beeps – Good Read

The number of beeps of a good read can be programmed from 1 - 9. The same number of beeps will be applied to the beeper and LED in response to a good read. For example, if you program this option to have five beeps, there will be five beeps and five LED flashes in response to a good read. The beeps and LED flashes are in sync with one another. To change the number of beeps, scan the bar code below and then scan a digit (1-9) bar code and the **Save** bar code on the **Programming Chart** inside the back cover of this manual. Default = 1.



Number of Good Read Beeps/LED Flashes

Number of Beeps – Error

The number of beeps and LED flashes emitted by the scanner for a bad read or error can be programmed from 1 - 9. For example, if you program this option to have five error beeps, there will be five error beeps and five LED flashes in response to an error. To change the number of error beeps, scan the bar code below and then scan a digit (1-9) bar code and the **Save** bar code on the **Programming Chart** inside the back cover of this manual. **Default** = 1.



Number of Error Beeps/LED Flashes

Beeper Volume Max

Note: The Beeper Volume Max feature only applies to Granit products.

Scan the following bar code to set all error and good read beeps to the maximum volume. This feature also sets the Beeper Pitch – Good Read to the highest level.



Beeper Volume Max

Good Read Delay

This sets the minimum amount of time before the scanner can read another bar code. *Default = 0 ms (No Delay)*.



* No Delay



DLYGRD500. Short Delay (500 ms)



Medium Delay (1,000 ms)



DLYGRD1500. Long Delay (1,500 ms)

User-Specified Good Read Delay

If you want to set your own length for the good read delay, scan the bar code below, then set the delay (from 0 - 30,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the inside back cover, then scanning **Save**.



User-Specified Good Read Delay

Manual Trigger Modes

When in manual trigger mode, the scanner scans until a bar code is read, or until the trigger is released. Two modes are available, **Normal** and **Enhanced**. Normal mode offers good scan speed and the longest working ranges (depth of field). Enhanced mode will give you the highest possible scan speed but slightly

less range than Normal mode. Enhanced mode is best used when you require a very fast scan speed and don't require a long working range. $Default = \dot{M}an$ ual Trigger-Normal.



* Manual Trigger - Normal



Manual Trigger - Enhanced

LED Illumination - Manual Trigger

If you wish to set the illumination LED brightness, scan one of the bar codes below. This sets the LED illumination for the scanner when the trigger is pressed. *Default = High.*

Note: The Medium setting is not available on Granit devices. The LEDs are like a flash on a camera. The lower the ambient light in the room, the brighter the LEDs need to be so the scanner can "see" the bar codes.



Off







Serial Trigger Mode

You can activate the scanner either by pressing the trigger, or using a serial trigger command (see Trigger Commands on page 11-4). When in serial mode, the scanner scans until a bar code has been read or until the deactivate command is sent. The scanner can also be set to turn itself off after a specified time has elapsed (see Read Time-Out, which follows).

Read Time-Out

Use this selection to set a time-out (in milliseconds) of the scanner's trigger when using serial commands to trigger the scanner. Once the scanner has timed out, you can activate the scanner either by pressing the trigger or using a serial trigger command. After scanning the **Read Time-Out** bar code, set the time-out duration (from 0-300,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits on the Programming Chart inside the back cover, then scanning **Save**. *Default = 30,000 ms*.



Read Time-Out

Presentation Mode

Presentation Mode uses ambient light and scanner illumination to detect bar codes. When in Presentation Mode, the LEDs remain dim until a bar code is presented to the scanner, then the aimer turns on and the LEDs turn up to read the code. If the light level in the room is not high enough, Presentation Mode may not work properly

Note: If you are using a cordless charge base in Presentation Mode, the battery will not charge unless the power supply is plugged into the base's auxiliary power port.

Scan one of the following bar codes to program either your Xenon or your Granit device for Presentation Mode.

Presentation Mode - Xenon

PAPTPR.

Presentation Mode - Granit

LED Illumination - Presentation Mode

If you wish to set the illumination LED brightness, scan one of the bar codes below. This sets the LED illumination for the scanner when it is in Presentation Mode. (If the scanner is triggered manually, the LED illumination will switch to the setting for a manual trigger. See LED Illumination -Manual Trigger on page 4-8.) Default = High.

Note: The LEDs are like a flash on a camera. The lower the ambient light in the room, the brighter the LEDs need to be so the scanner can "see" the bar codes.







* High

Note: LED Illumination - Presentation Mode does not apply to Streaming Presentation™ Mode or Mobile Phone Read Mode.

Presentation LED Behavior after Decode

When a scanner is in presentation mode, the LEDs dim 30 seconds after a bar code is decoded. If you wish to dim the LEDs immediately after a bar code is decoded, scan the **LEDs Off** bar code, below. *Default = LEDs On*.



* LEDs On



TRGPCKN. **LEDs Off**

Presentation Sensitivity

Presentation Sensitivity is a numeric range that increases or decreases the scanner's reaction time to bar code presentation. To set the sensitivity, scan the **Sensitivity** bar code, then scan the degree of sensitivity (from 0-20) from the inside back cover, and **Save**. 0 is the most sensitive setting, and 20 is the least sensitive. *Default* = 1.



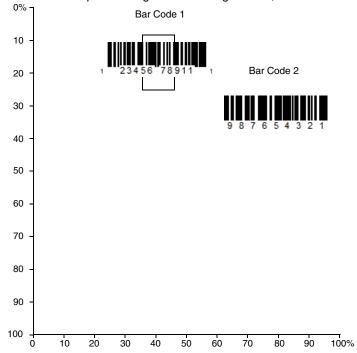
Presentation Centering

Use Presentation Centering to narrow the scanner's field of view when it is in the stand to make sure the scanner reads only those bar codes intended by the user. For instance, if multiple codes are placed closely together, Presentation Centering will insure that only the desired codes are read.

Note: To adjust centering when the scanner is hand-held, see Centering (page 4-19).

If a bar code is not touched by a predefined window, it will not be decoded or output by the scanner. If Presentation Centering is turned on by scanning **Presentation Centering On**, the scanner only reads codes that pass through the centering window you specify using the **Top of Presentation Centering Window**, **Bottom of Presentation Centering Window**, **Left**, and **Right of Presentation Centering Window** bar codes.

In the example below, the white box is the centering window. The centering window has been set to 20% left, 30% right, 8% top, and 25% bottom. Since Bar Code 1 passes through the centering window, it will be read. Bar Code 2 does not pass through the centering window, so it will not be read.



Note: A bar code needs only to be touched by the centering window in order to be read. It does not need to pass completely through the centering window.

Scan **Presentation Centering On**, then scan one of the following bar codes to change the top, bottom, left, or right of the centering window. Then scan the percent you want to shift the centering window using digits on the inside back cover of this manual. Scan **Save**. *Default Presentation Centering = 40% for Top and Left, 60% for Bottom and Right.*



Presentation Centering On



PDCWINO.

* Presentation Centering Off





Centering Window



Left of Presentation Centering Window



Right of Presentation Centering Window

In-Stand Sensor Mode

Note: The In-Stand Sensor feature only applies to Xenon products.

This feature senses when the scanner is removed from the stand and tells it to begin manual triggering. When Sensor On is enabled, the scanner defaults to Streaming Presentation Mode when it is in the stand, and to Manual Trigger Mode when it is removed from the stand. Default = Sensor On.



* Sensor On



Sensor Off

Note: If you are taking images (see Imaging Commands beginning on page 8-1), you must set the In-Stand Sensor to Off.

You may program a Streaming Presentation Mode (Normal, Enhanced, or Mobile Phone) you wish to use for in-stand scanning, and a Manual Trigger mode (Normal, Enhanced, or Mobile Phone) you wish to use for out-of-stand scanning. To do this, you must first scan the preferred Streaming Presentation mode (see below), then scan the Manual Trigger mode (see page 4-7 and page 4-16) you want to use.

CodeGate®

When CodeGate is On, the trigger is used to allow decoded data to be transmitted to the host system. The scanner remains on, scanning and decoding bar codes, but the bar code data is not transmitted until the trigger is pressed. When CodeGate is Off, bar code data is transmitted when it is decoded. Default = CodeGate Off Out-of-Stand.



AOSCGDD. * CodeGate Off

Out-of-Stand



CodeGate On

Streaming Presentation™ Mode

When in Streaming Presentation mode, the scanner's aimer goes out after a short time, but the scan illumination remains on all the time to continuously search for bar codes. Two modes are available, **Normal** and **Enhanced**. Normal mode offers good scan speed and the longest working ranges (depth of field). Enhanced mode will give you the highest possible scan speed but slightly less range than Normal mode. Enhanced mode is best used when you require a very fast scan speed and don't require a long working range.



Streaming Presentation Mode - Normal



PAPSPE.
Streaming Presentation Mode
- Enhanced

When using Preferred Symbology (page 4-21), a lower priority symbol must be centered on the aiming pattern to be read in Streaming Presentation Mode.

Note: If you are using a cordless charge base, it must have an external power supply plugged into the aux port for Streaming Presentation to work properly.

Streaming Presentation In-Stand Programming

This option is available when using In-Stand Sensor Mode, page 4-14. You may program a specific Streaming Presentation Mode for in-stand scanning, and a Manual Trigger mode for out-of-stand scanning. To do this, you must first scan the preferred Streaming Presentation mode (Normal, Enhanced, or Mobile Phone), then scan the Manual Trigger mode (Normal, Enhanced, or Mobile Phone) you want to use.

Mobile Phone Read Mode

When this mode is selected, your scanner is optimized to read bar codes from mobile phone or other LED displays. However, the speed of scanning printed bar codes may be slightly lower when this mode is enabled. You can enable Mobile Phone Reading for either a hand held device, or for a hands-free (presentation) application.



Hand Held Scanning - Mobile Phone



Streaming Presentation - Mobile Phone

Note: To turn off Mobil Phone Read Mode, scan a Manual or Serial Trigger Mode bar code (see page 4-7).

Hands Free Time-Out

The Scan Stand and Presentation Modes are referred to as "hands free" modes. If the scanner's trigger is pulled when using a hands free mode, the scanner changes to manual trigger mode. You can set the time the scanner should remain in manual trigger mode by setting the Hands Free Time-Out. Once the time-out value is reached, (if there have been no further trigger pulls) the scanner reverts to the original hands free mode.

Scan the **Hands Free Time-Out** bar code, then scan the time-out duration (from 0-300,000 milliseconds) from the inside back cover, and **Save**. *Default* = 5,000 ms.



Hands Free Time-Out

Reread Delay

This sets the time period before the scanner can read the *same* bar code a second time. Setting a reread delay protects against accidental rereads of the same bar code. Longer delays are effective in minimizing accidental rereads.

Use shorter delays in applications where repetitive bar code scanning is required. Reread Delay only works when in a Presentation Mode (see page 4-9). *Default = Medium*.



DLYRRD500. Short (500 ms)



DLYRRD/50.
* Medium (750 ms)





DLYRRD2000. Extra Long (2000 ms)

User-Specified Reread Delay

If you want to set your own length for the reread delay, scan the bar code below, then set the delay (from 0-30,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the inside back cover, then scanning **Save**.



User-Specified Reread Delay

Illumination Lights

If you want the illumination lights on while reading a bar code, scan the **Lights On** bar code, below. However, if you want to turn just the lights off, scan the **Lights Off** bar code. *Default = Lights On*.

Note: This setting does not affect the aimer light. The aiming light can be set using Aimer Mode (page 4-19).



SCNLED1.
* Lights On



Lights Off

Aimer Delay

The aimer delay allows a delay time for the operator to aim the scanner before the picture is taken. Use these codes to set the time between when the trigger is pulled and when the picture is taken. During the delay time, the aiming light will appear, but the LEDs won't turn on until the delay time is over. Default = Off.



200 milliseconds



SCNDLY400. 400 milliseconds



* Off (no delay)

User-Specified Aimer Delay

If you want to set your own length for the duration of the delay, scan the bar code below, then set the time-out by scanning digits (0 - 4,000 ms) from the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual, then scan **Save**.



Delay Duration

Scanner Time-Out

Note: Scanner Time-Out applies only to corded scanners. It does not apply to cordless systems.

Scanner Time-Out powers down the scanner after the unit has been idle for the specified time. To prevent the scanner from powering down, set this time-out to 0, or no timer. Scan **Scanner Time-Out**, then set the time-out by scanning digits (from 0 - 999,999 ms) from the inside back cover, then scanning **Save.** Default = 1 ms.



Aimer Mode

This feature allows you to turn the aimer on and off. When the Interlaced bar code is scanned, the aimer is interlaced with the illumination LEDs. *Default = Interlaced*.





* Interlaced

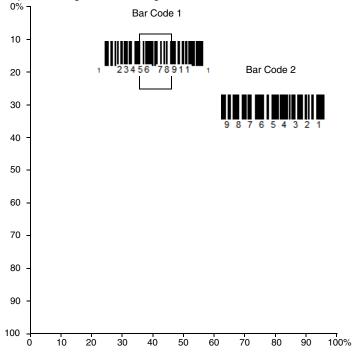
Centering

Use Centering to narrow the scanner's field of view to make sure that when the scanner is hand-held, it reads only those bar codes intended by the user. For instance, if multiple codes are placed closely together, centering will insure that only the desired codes are read. (Centering can be used in conjunction with Aimer Delay, page 4-18, for the most error-free operation in applications where multiple codes are spaced closely together. Using the Aimer Delay and Centering features, the scanner can emulate the operation of older systems, such as linear laser bar code scanners.)

Note: To adjust centering when the scanner is in the stand, see Presentation Centering (page 4-11).

If a bar code is not touched by a predefined window, it will not be decoded or output by the scanner. If centering is turned on by scanning **Centering On**, the scanner only reads codes that pass through the centering window you specify using the **Top of Centering Window, Bottom of Centering Window, Left**, and **Right of Centering Window** bar codes.

In the example below, the white box is the centering window. The centering window has been set to 20% left, 30% right, 8% top, and 25% bottom. Since Bar Code 1 passes through the centering window, it will be read. Bar Code 2 does not pass through the centering window, so it will not be read.



Note: A bar code needs only to be touched by the centering window in order to be read. It does not need to pass completely through the centering window.

Scan **Centering On**, then scan one of the following bar codes to change the top, bottom, left, or right of the centering window. Then scan the percent you want to shift the centering window using digits on the inside back cover of this manual. Scan **Save**. Default Centering = 40% for Top and Left, 60% for Bottom and Right.





* Centering Off



Top of Centering Window



Bottom of Centering Window





Preferred Symbology

The scanner can be programmed to specify one symbology as a higher priority over other symbologies in situations where both bar code symbologies appear on the same label, but the lower priority symbology cannot be disabled.

For example, you may be using the scanner in a retail setting to read U.P.C. symbols, but have occasional need to read a code on a drivers license. Since some licenses have a Code 39 symbol as well as the PDF417 symbol, you can use Preferred Symbology to specify that the PDF417 symbol be read instead of the Code 39.

Preferred Symbology classifies each symbology as **high priority**, **low priority**, or as an **unspecified type**. When a low priority symbology is presented, the scanner ignores it for a set period of time (see Preferred Symbology Time-out on page 4-22) while it searches for the high priority symbology. If a high priority symbology is located during this period, then that data is read immediately.

If the time-out period expires before a high priority symbology is read, the scanner will read any bar code in its view (low priority or unspecified). If there is no bar code in the scanner's view after the time-out period expires, then no data is reported.

Note: A low priority symbol must be centered on the aiming pattern to be read.



Preferred Symbology On



* Preferred Symbology Off

High Priority Symbology

To specify the high priority symbology, scan the High Priority Symbology bar code below. On the Symbology Charts on page A-1, find the symbology you want to set as high priority. Locate the Hex value for that symbology and scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart (inside back cover). Scan **Save** to save your selection. *Default = None*



High Priority Symbology

Low Priority Symbology

To specify the low priority symbology, scan the Low Priority Symbology bar code below. On the Symbology Charts on page A-1, find the symbology you want to set as low priority. Locate the Hex value for that symbology and scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart (inside back cover)

If you want to set additional low priority symbologies, scan **FF**, then scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart for the next symbology. You can program up to 5 low priority symbologies. Scan **Save** to save your selection. *Default = None*



Low Priority Symbology

Preferred Symbology Time-out

Once you have enabled Preferred Symbology and entered the high and low priority symbologies, you must set the time-out period. This is the period of time the scanner will search for a high priority bar code after a low priority

bar code has been encountered. Scan the bar code below, then set the delay (from 1-3,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the inside back cover, then scanning **Save**. *Default* = 500 ms.



Preferred Symbology Time-out

Preferred Symbology Default

Scan the bar code below to set all Preferred Symbology entries to their default values.



Preferred Symbology Default

Output Sequence Overview

Require Output Sequence

When turned off, the bar code data will be output to the host as the scanner decodes it. When turned on, all output data must conform to an edited sequence or the scanner will not transmit the output data to the host device.

Note: This selection is unavailable when the Multiple Symbols Selection is turned on.

Output Sequence Editor

This programming selection allows you to program the scanner to output data (when scanning more than one symbol) in whatever order your application requires, regardless of the order in which the bar codes are scanned. Reading the *Default Sequence* symbol programs the scanner to the Universal values, shown below. These are the defaults. Be **certain** you want to delete or clear all formats before you read the *Default Sequence* symbol.

Note: To make Output Sequence Editor selections, you'll need to know the code I.D., code length, and character match(es) your application requires. Use the Alphanumeric symbols (inside back cover) to read these options. You must hold the trigger while reading each bar code in the sequence.

To Add an Output Sequence

 Scan the *Enter Sequence* symbol (see Require Output Sequence, page 4-27).

2. Code I.D.

On the Symbology Charts on page A-1, find the symbology to which you want to apply the output sequence format. Locate the Hex value for that symbology and scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart (inside back cover).

Length

Specify what length (up to 9999 characters) of data output will be acceptable for this symbology. Scan the four digit data length from the Programming Chart. (Note: 50 characters is entered as 0050. 9999 is a universal number, indicating all lengths.) When calculating the length, you must count any programmed prefixes, suffixes, or formatted characters as part of the length (unless using 9999).

4. Character Match Sequences

On the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), page A-4, find the Hex value that represents the character(s) you want to match. Use the Programming Chart to read the alphanumeric combination that represents the ASCII characters. (99 is the Universal number, indicating all characters.)

5. End Output Sequence Editor

Scan **F** to enter an Output Sequence for an additional symbology, or **Save** to save your entries.

Other Programming Selections

Discard

This exits without saving any Output Sequence changes.

Output Sequence Example

In this example, you are scanning Code 93, Code 128, and Code 39 bar codes, but you want the scanner to output Code 39 1st, Code 128 2nd, and Code 93 3rd, as shown below.

Note: Code 93 must be enabled to use this example.



A - Code 39



B - Code 128



C - Code 93

You would set up the sequence editor with the following command line:

SEQBLK62999941FF6A999942FF69999943FF

The breakdown of the command line is shown below:

SEQBLKsequence editor start command

62 code identifier for Code 39

9999 code length that must match for Code 39, 9999 = all lengths

41 start character match for Code 39, 41h = "A"

FF termination string for first code 6A code identifier for **Code 128**

9999 code length that must match for Code 128, 9999 = all lengths

42 start character match for Code 128, 42h = "B"

FF termination string for second code

69 code identifier for Code 93

9999 code length that must match for Code 93, 9999 = all lengths

43 start character match for Code 93, 43h = "C"

FF termination string for third code

To program the previous example using specific lengths, you would have to count any programmed prefixes, suffixes, or formatted characters as part of the length. If you use the example on page 4-25, but assume a <CR> suffix and specific code lengths, you would use the following command line:

SEQBLK62001241FF6A001342FF69001243FF

The breakdown of the command line is shown below:

SEQBLKsequence editor start command

62 code identifier for Code 39

0012 A - Code 39 sample length (11) plus CR suffix (1) = 12

start character match for Code 39, 41h = "A"

FF termination string for first code 6A code identifier for **Code 128**

0013 B - Code 128 sample length (12) plus CR suffix (1) = 13

start character match for Code 128, 42h = "B"

FF termination string for second code

69 code identifier for Code 93

0012 C - Code 93 sample length (11) plus CR suffix (1) = 12

start character match for Code 93, 43h = "C"

FF termination string for third code

Output Sequence Editor



SEQBLK. Enter Sequence



Default Sequence

Partial Sequence

If an output sequence operation is terminated before all your output sequence criteria are met, the bar code data acquired to that point is a "partial sequence."

Scan **Discard Partial Sequence** to discard partial sequences when the output sequence operation is terminated before completion. Scan **Transmit Partial Sequence** to transmit partial sequences. (Any fields in the sequence where no data match occurred will be skipped in the output.)



Transmit Partial Sequence



* Discard Partial Sequence

Require Output Sequence

When an output sequence is **Required**, all output data must conform to an edited sequence or the scanner will not transmit the output data to the host device. When it's On/Not Required, the scanner will attempt to get the output data to conform to an edited sequence but, if it cannot, the scanner transmits all output data to the host device as is.

When the output sequence is Off, the bar code data is output to the host as the scanner decodes it. Default = Off.

Note: This selection is unavailable when the Multiple Symbols Selection is turned on.



SEQ EN2. Required



SEQ ENO. *Off



On/Not Required

Multiple Symbols

When this programming selection is turned **On**, it allows you to read multiple symbols with a single pull of the scanner's trigger. If you press and hold the trigger, aiming the scanner at a series of symbols, it reads unique symbols once, beeping (if turned on) for each read. If using a Granit scanner, the scanner also vibrates. The scanner attempts to find and decode new symbols as long as the trigger is pulled. When this programming selection is turned Off, the scanner will only read the symbol closest to the aiming beam. Default = Off.



On



* Off

No Read

With No Read turned **On**, the scanner notifies you if a code cannot be read. If using an EZConfig-Scanning Tool Scan Data Window (see page 10-3), an "NR" appears when a code cannot be read. If No Read is turned **Off**, the "NR" will not appear. *Default = Off*.



SHWNRDO.

If you want a different notation than "NR," for example, "Error," or "Bad Code," you can edit the output message (see Data Formatting beginning on page 6-1). The hex code for the No Read symbol is 9C.

Video Reverse

Video Reverse is used to allow the scanner to read bar codes that are inverted. The Video Reverse Off bar code below is an example of this type of bar code. Scan Video Reverse Only to read *only* inverted bar codes. Scan Video Reverse and Standard Bar Codes to read both types of codes.

Note: After scanning Video Reverse Only, menu bar codes cannot be read. You must scan Video Reverse Off or Video Reverse and Standard Bar Codes in order to read menu bar codes.

Note: Images downloaded from the unit are not reversed. This is a setting for decoding only.





* Video Reverse Off



Video Reverse and Standard Bar Codes

Working Orientation

Some bar codes are direction-sensitive. For example, KIX codes and OCR can misread when scanned sideways or upside down. Use the working orientation settings if your direction-sensitive codes will not usually be presented upright to the scanner. Default = Upright.

Upright:

եց կել կել կել կել կել կել կել կել կ

Vertical, Top to Bottom: (Rotate CW 90°)

Upside Down:

իկրդեցինի հինկնինինինը

Vertical, Bottom to Top: (Rotate CCW 90°)

Default = Upright.



* Upright



Upside Down



Vertical, Bottom to Top



ROTATN3.

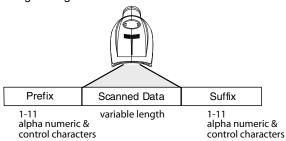
Vertical, Top to Bottom

Data Editing

Prefix/Suffix Overview

When a bar code is scanned, additional information is sent to the host computer along with the bar code data. This group of bar code data and additional, user-defined data is called a "message string." The selections in this section are used to build the user-defined data into the message string.

Prefix and Suffix characters are data characters that can be sent before and after scanned data. You can specify if they should be sent with all symbologies, or only with specific symbologies. The following illustration shows the breakdown of a message string:



Points to Keep In Mind

- It is not necessary to build a message string. The selections in this
 chapter are only used if you wish to alter the default settings. Default
 prefix = None. Default suffix = None.
- A prefix or suffix may be added or cleared from one symbology or all symbologies.
- You can add any prefix or suffix from the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4, plus Code I.D. and AIM I.D.
- You can string together several entries for several symbologies at one time.
- Enter prefixes and suffixes in the order in which you want them to appear on the output.
- When setting up for specific symbologies (as opposed to all symbologies), the specific symbology ID value counts as an added prefix or suffix character.
- The maximum size of a prefix or suffix configuration is 200 characters, which includes header information.

To Add a Prefix or Suffix:

- Step 1. Scan the Add Prefix or Add Suffix symbol (page 5-3).
- **Step 2.** Determine the 2 digit Hex value from the Symbology Chart (included in the Symbology Charts, beginning on page A-1) for the

- symbology to which you want to apply the prefix or suffix. For example, for Code 128, Code ID is "i" and Hex ID is "6A".
- **Step 3.** Scan the 2 hex digits from the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual or scan **9**, **9** for all symbologies.
- **Step 4.** Determine the hex value from the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4, for the prefix or suffix you wish to enter.
- **Step 5.** Scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual.
- **Step 6.** Repeat Steps 4 and 5 for every prefix or suffix character.
- Step 7. To add the Code I.D., scan 5, C, 8, 0.
 To add AIM I.D., scan 5, C, 8, 1.
 To add a backslash (\), scan 5, C, 5, C.
- Note: To add a backslash (\) as in Step 7, you must scan 5C twice once to create the leading backslash and then to create the backslash itself.
- **Step 8.** Scan **Save** to exit and save, or scan **Discard** to exit without saving.

Repeat Steps 1-6 to add a prefix or suffix for another symbology.

Example: Add a Suffix to a specific symbology

To send a CR (carriage return) Suffix for U.P.C. only:

- Step 1. Scan Add Suffix.
- **Step 2.** Determine the 2 digit hex value from the Symbology Chart (included in the Symbology Charts, beginning on page A-1) for U.P.C..
- **Step 3.** Scan **6**, **3** from the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual.
- **Step 4.** Determine the hex value from the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4, for the CR (carriage return).
- **Step 5.** Scan **0**, **D** from the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual.
- Step 6. Scan Save, or scan Discard to exit without saving.

To Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes

You can clear a single prefix or suffix, or clear all prefixes/suffixes for a symbology. If you have been entering prefixes and suffixes for single symbologies, you can use **Clear One Prefix (Suffix)** to delete a specific character from a symbology. When you **Clear All Prefixes (Suffixes)**, all the prefixes or suffixes for a symbology are deleted.

- Step 1. Scan the Clear One Prefix or Clear One Suffix symbol.
- **Step 2.** Determine the 2 digit Hex value from the Symbology Chart (included in the Symbology Charts, beginning on page A-1) for the symbology from which you want to clear the prefix or suffix.
- **Step 3.** Scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual or scan **9**, **9** for all symbologies.

Your change is automatically saved.

To Add a Carriage Return Suffix to All Symbologies

Scan the following bar code if you wish to add a carriage return suffix to all symbologies at once. This action first clears all current suffixes, then programs a carriage return suffix for all symbologies.



VSUFCR.

Add CR Suffix
All Symbologies

Prefix Selections

PREBK2.

Add Prefix

PRECL2.

Clear One Prefix



Clear All Prefixes

Suffix Selections



SUFBK2.

Add Suffix



SUFULZ.



Clear All Suffixes

Function Code Transmit

When this selection is enabled and function codes are contained within the scanned data, the scanner transmits the function code to the terminal. Charts of these function codes are provided in Supported Interface Keys starting on page 9-3. When the scanner is in keyboard wedge mode, the scan code is converted to a key code before it is transmitted. *Default = Enable*.



* Enable



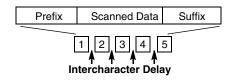
Disable

Intercharacter, Interfunction, and Intermessage Delays

Some terminals drop information (characters) if data comes through too quickly. Intercharacter, interfunction, and intermessage delays slow the transmission of data, increasing data integrity.

Intercharacter Delay

An intercharacter delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed between the transmission of each character of scanned data. Scan the Intercharacter Delay bar code below, then scan the number of 5ms delays, and the **Save** bar code using the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual.





To remove this delay, scan the **Intercharacter Delay** bar code, then set the number of delays to 0. Scan the **Save** bar code using the **Programming** Chart inside the back cover of this manual.

Note: Intercharacter delays are not supported in USB serial emulation.

User Specified Intercharacter Delay

An intercharacter delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed after the transmission of a particular character of scanned data. Scan the **Delay Length** bar code below, then scan the number of 5ms delays, and the **Save** bar code using the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual.

Next, scan the Character to Trigger Delay bar code, then the 2-digit hex value for the ASCII character that will trigger the delay ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4.



Delay Length

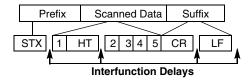


Character to Trigger Delay

To remove this delay, scan the **Delay Length** bar code, and set the number of delays to 0. Scan the **Save** bar code using the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual.

Interfunction Delay

An interfunction delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed between the transmission of each control character in the message string. Scan the **Interfunction Delay** bar code below, then scan the number of 5ms delays, and the **Save** bar code using the **Programming Chart** inside the back cover of this manual.

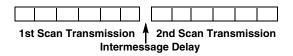




To remove this delay, scan the **Interfunction Delay** bar code, then set the number of delays to 0. Scan the **Save** bar code using the **Programming Chart** inside the back cover of this manual.

Intermessage Delay

An intermessage delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed between each scan transmission. Scan the **Intermessage Delay** bar code below, then scan the number of 5ms delays, and the **Save** bar code using the **Programming Chart** inside the back cover of this manual.





To remove this delay, scan the **Intermessage Delay** bar code, then set the number of delays to 0. Scan the **Save** bar code using the **Programming** Chart inside the back cover of this manual.

Data Formatting

Data Format Editor Introduction

You may use the Data Format Editor to change the scanner's output. For example, you can use the Data Format Editor to insert characters at certain points in bar code data as it is scanned. The selections in the following pages are used only if you wish to alter the output. *Default Data Format setting = None.*

Normally, when you scan a bar code, it is output automatically. However, when you create a format, you must use a "send" command (see Send Commands on page 6-4) within the format program to output data.

Multiple formats may be programmed into the scanner. They are stacked in the order in which they are entered. However, the following list presents the order in which formats are applied:

- 1. Specific Terminal ID, Actual Code ID, Actual Length
- 2. Specific Terminal ID, Actual Code ID, Universal Length
- 3. Specific Terminal ID, Universal Code ID, Actual Length
- 4. Specific Terminal ID, Universal Code ID, Universal Length
- 5. Universal Terminal ID, Actual Code ID, Actual Length
- 6. Universal Terminal ID, Actual Code ID, Universal Length
- 7. Universal Terminal ID, Universal Code ID, Actual Length
- 8. Universal Terminal ID, Universal Code ID, Universal Length

The maximum size of a data format configuration is 2000 bytes, which includes header information.

If you have changed data format settings, and wish to clear all formats and return to the factory defaults, scan the **Default Data Format** code below.



* Default Data Format

Add a Data Format

- Step 1. Scan the Enter Data Format symbol (page 6-2).
- Step 2. Select Primary/Alternate Format

Determine if this will be your primary data format, or one of 3 alternate formats. This allows you to save a total of 4 different data formats. To program your primary format, scan 0 using the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual. If you are programming an alternate format, scan 1, 2, or 3, depending on which alternate format

you are programming. (See Primary/Alternate Data Formats on page 6-18 for further information.)

Step 3. Terminal Type

Refer to Terminal ID Table (page 6-4) and locate the Terminal ID number for your PC. Scan three numeric bar codes on the inside back cover to program the scanner for your terminal ID (you must enter 3 digits). For example, scan 0 0 3 for an AT wedge.

Note: 099 indicates all terminal types.

Step 4. Code I.D.

In the Symbology Charts, beginning on page A-1, find the symbology to which you want to apply the data format. Locate the Hex value for that symbology and scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual.

If you wish to create a data format for all symbologies, with the exception of some specific symbologies, refer to B8 (page 6-16).

If you are creating a data format for Batch Mode Quantity, use 35 for the Code I.D.

Note: 99 indicates all symbologies.

Step 5. Length

Specify what length (up to 9999 characters) of data will be acceptable for this symbology. Scan the four digit data length from the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual. For example, 50 characters is entered as 0050.

Note: 9999 indicates all lengths.

Step 6. Editor Commands

Refer to Data Format Editor Commands (page 6-4). Scan the symbols that represent the command you want to enter. 94 alphanumeric characters may be entered for each symbology data format.

Step 7. Scan Save to save your data format, or Discard to exit without saving your changes.



DEMBK3. **Enter Data Format**

MNUSAV.

Save



MNUABT.

Discard

Other Programming Selections

Clear One Data Format

This deletes one data format for one symbology. If you are clearing the primary format, scan **0** from the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual. If you are clearing an alternate format, scan **1**, **2**, or **3**, depending on the format you are clearing. Scan the Terminal Type and Code I.D. (see Symbology Charts on page A-1), and the bar code data length for the specific data format that you want to delete. All other formats remain unaffected.

Clear all Data Formats

This clears all data formats.

Save to exit and save your data format changes.

Discard to exit without saving any data format changes.



DEMCL3.

Clear One Data Format

Clear All Data Formats

/INUSAV. Save



MNUABT.

Discard

Terminal ID Table

<u>Terminal</u>	Model(s)	Terminal ID
USB	PC keyboard (HID)	124
	Mac Keyboard	125
	PC Keyboard (Japanese)	134
	Serial (COM driver required)	130
	HID POS	131
	USB SurePOS Handheld	128
	USB SurePOS Tabletop	129
Serial	RS232 TTL	000
	RS232 True	000
	RS485 (IBM-HHBCR 1+2, 46xx)	051
Keyboard	PS2 compatibles	003
	AT compatibles	002

Data Format Editor Commands

When working with the Data Format Editor, a virtual cursor is moved along your input data string. The following commands are used to both move this cursor to different positions, and to select, replace, and insert data into the final output. For examples that use the Data Format Editor commands, refer to Data Formatter on page 6-16.

Send Commands

Send all characters

F1 Include in the output message all of the characters from the input message, starting from current cursor position, followed by an insert character. Syntax = F1xx where xx stands for the insert character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Send a number of characters

F2 Include in the output message a number of characters followed by an insert character. Start from the current cursor position and continue for "nn" characters or through the last character in the input message, followed by character "xx." Syntax = F2nnxx where nn stands for the numeric value (00-99) for the number of characters, and xx stands for the insert character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

F2 Example: Send a number of characters



1234567890ABCDEFGHIJ

Send the first 10 characters from the bar code above, followed by a carriage return. Command string: F2100D

F2 is the "Send a number of characters" command

10 is the number of characters to send

0D is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234567890

F2 and F1 Example: Split characters into 2 lines

Send the first 10 characters from the bar code above, followed by a carriage return, followed by the rest of the characters.

Command string: F2100DF10D

F2 is the "Send a number of characters" command

10 is the number of characters to send for the first line

0D is the hex value for a CR

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

0D is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234567890

ABCDEFGHIJ

<CR>

Send all characters up to a particular character

F3 Include in the output message all characters from the input message. starting with the character at the current cursor position and continuing to, but not including, the search character "ss," followed by an insert character. The cursor is moved forward to the "ss" character. *Syntax* = F3ssxx where ss stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code, and xx stands for the insert character's hex value for its ASCII code.

Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

F3 Example: Send all characters up to a particular character



Using the bar code above, send all characters up to but not including "D," followed by a carriage return.

Command string: F3440D

F3 is the "Send all characters up to a particular character" command

44 is the hex value for a 'D"

0D is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234567890ABC

<CR>

Send all characters up to a string

B9 Include in the output message all characters from the input message, starting with the character at the current cursor position and continuing to, but not including, the search string "s...s." The cursor is moved forward to the beginning of the "s...s" string. Syntax = B9nnnns...s where nnnn stands for the length of the string, and s...s stands for the string to be matched. The string is made up of hex values for the characters in the string. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

B9 Example: Send all characters up to a defined string



1234567890ABCDEEGHU

Using the bar code above, send all characters up to but not including "AB."

Command string: B900024142

B9 is the "Send all characters up to a string" command

0002 is the length of the string (2 characters)

41 is the hex value for A

42 is the hex value for B

The data is output as: 1234567890

Send all but the last characters

E9 Include in the output message all but the last "nn" characters, starting from the current cursor position. The cursor is moved forward to one position past the last input message character included. *Syntax = E9nn* where nn stands for the numeric value (00-99) for the number of characters that will not be sent at the end of the message.

Insert a character multiple times

F4 Send "xx" character "nn" times in the output message, leaving the cursor in the current position. Syntax = F4xxnn where xx stands for the insert character's hex value for its ASCII code, and nn is the numeric value (00-99) for the number of times it should be sent. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

E9 and F4 Example: Send all but the last characters, followed by 2 tabs



Send all characters except for the last 8 from the bar code above, followed by 2 tabs.

Command string: E908F40902

E9 is the "Send all but the last characters" command

08 is the number of characters at the end to ignore

F4 is the "Insert a character multiple times" command

09 is the hex value for a horizontal tab

02 is the number of times the tab character is sent

The data is output as: 1234567890AB <tab><tab>

Insert a string

BA Send "ss" string of "nn" length in the output message, leaving the cursor in the current position. Syntax = BAnnnns...s where nnnn stands for the length of the string, and s...s stands for the string. The string is made up of hex values for the characters in the string. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

B9 and BA Example: Look for the string "AB" and insert 2 asterisks (**)



1234567890ABCDEFGHIJ

Using the bar code above, send all characters up to but not including "AB." Insert 2 asterisks at that point, and send the rest of the data with a carriage return after.

Command string: B900024142BA00022A2AF10D

B9 is the "Send all characters up to a string" command

0002 is the length of the string (2 characters)

41 is the hex value for A

42 is the hex value for B

BA is the "Insert a string" command

0002 is the length of the string to be added (2 characters)

2A is the hex value for an asterisk (*)

2A is the hex value for an asterisk (*)

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

0D is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234567890**ABCDEFGHIJ

<CR>

Insert symbology name

B3 Insert the name of the bar code's symbology in the output message, without moving the cursor. Only symbologies with a Honeywell ID are included (see Symbology Charts on page A-1). Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Insert bar code length

B4 Insert the bar code's length in the output message, without moving the cursor. The length is expressed as a numeric string and does not include leading zeroes.

B3 and B4 Example: Insert the symbology name and length



1234567890ABCDEFGHIJ

Send the symbology name and length before the bar code data from the bar code above. Break up these insertions with spaces. End with a carriage return.

Command string: B3F42001B4F42001F10D

B3 is the "Insert symbology name" command

F4 is the "Insert a character multiple times" command

20 is the hex value for a space

01 is the number of times the space character is sent

B4 is the "Insert bar code length" command

F4 is the "Insert a character multiple times" command

20 is the hex value for a space

01 is the number of times the space character is sent

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

0D is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: Code128 20 1234567890ABCDEFGHIJ

Insert key strokes

B5 Insert a key stroke or combination of key strokes. Key strokes are dependent on your keyboard (see Unicode Key Maps on page A-13). Any key can be inserted, including arrows and functions. Syntax = B5xxssnn where xx is the number of keys pressed (without key modifiers), ss is the key modifier from the table below, and nn is the key number from the Unicode Key Maps, page A-13.

Key Modifiers		
No Key Modifier	00	
Shift Left	01	
Shift Right	02	
Alt Left	04	
Alt Right	80	
Control Left	10	
Control Right	20	

For example, B501021F inserts an "A" on a 104 key, U.S. style keyboard. B5 = the command, 01 = number of keys pressed (without the key modifier), 02 is the key modifier for Shift Right, and 1F is the "a" key. If a lower case "a" were to be inserted, B501001F would be entered.

If there are three keystrokes, the syntax would change from B5xxssnn for one keystroke to B5xxssnnssnnssnn. An example that would insert "abc" is as follows: B503001F00320030F833.

Note: Key modifiers can be added together when needed. Example: Control Left+Shift Left = 11.

Move Commands

Move the cursor forward a number of characters

F5 Move the cursor ahead "nn" characters from current cursor position. Syntax = F5nn where nn is the numeric value (00-99) for the number of characters the cursor should be moved ahead.

F5 Example: Move the cursor forward and send the data



1234567890ABCDEFGHIJ

Move the cursor forward 3 characters, then send the rest of the bar code data from the bar code above. End with a carriage return.

Command string: F503F10D

F5 is the "Move the cursor forward a number of characters" command 03 is the number of characters to move the cursor

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

0D is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 4567890ABCDEFGHIJ

<CR>

Move the cursor backward a number of characters

F6 Move the cursor back "nn" characters from current cursor position. Syntax = F6nn where nn is the numeric value (00-99) for the number of characters the cursor should be moved back.

Move the cursor to the beginning

F7 Move the cursor to the first character in the input message. *Syntax* = *F7*.

FE and F7 Example: Manipulate bar codes that begin with a 1



1234567890ABCDEFGHIJ

Search for bar codes that begin with a 1. If a bar code matches, move the cursor back to the beginning of the data and send 6 characters followed by a carriage return. Using the bar code above:

Command string: FE31F7F2060D

FE is the "Compare characters" command

31 is the hex value for 1

F7 is the "Move the cursor to the beginning" command

F2 is the "Send a number of characters" command

06 is the number of characters to send

0D is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 123456

<CR>

Move the cursor to the end

EA Move the cursor to the last character in the input message. Syntax = EA.

Search Commands

Search forward for a character

F8 Search the input message forward for "xx" character from the current cursor position, leaving the cursor pointing to the "xx" character. Syntax = F8xx where xx stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code.

Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

F8 Example: Send bar code data that starts after a particular character



Search for the letter "D" in bar codes and send all the data that follows. including the "D." Using the bar code above:

Command string: F844F10D

F8 is the "Search forward for a character" command

44 is the hex value for "D"

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

0D is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: **DEFGHIJ**

<CR>

Search backward for a character

F9 Search the input message backward for "xx" character from the current cursor position, leaving the cursor pointing to the "xx" character. Syntax = F9xx where xx stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code.

Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Search forward for a string

B0 Search forward for "s" string from the current cursor position, leaving cursor pointing to "s" string. Syntax = B0nnnnS where nnnn is the string length (up to 9999), and S consists of the ASCII hex value of each character in the match string. For example, B0000454657374 will search forward for the first occurrence of the 4 character string "Test." Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

B0 Example: Send bar code data that starts after a string of characters



1234567890ABCDEEGHJJ

Search for the letters "FGH" in bar codes and send all the data that follows, including "FGH." Using the bar code above:

Command string: **B00003464748F10D**

B0 is the "Search forward for a string" command

0003 is the string length (3 characters)

46 is the hex value for "F"

47 is the hex value for "G"

48 is the hex value for "H"

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

0D is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: **FGHIJ**

<CR>

Search backward for a string

B1 Search backward for "s" string from the current cursor position, leaving cursor pointing to "s" string. Syntax = B1nnnnS where nnnn is the string length (up to 9999), and S consists of the ASCII hex value of each character in the match string. For example, B1000454657374 will search backward for the first occurrence of the 4 character string "Test." Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Search forward for a non-matching character

E6 Search the input message forward for the first non-"xx" character from the current cursor position, leaving the cursor pointing to the non-"xx" character. Syntax = E6xx where xx stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

E6 Example: Remove zeroes at the beginning of bar code data



This example shows a bar code that has been zero filled. You may want to ignore the zeroes and send all the data that follows. E6 searches forward for the first character that is not zero, then sends all the data after, followed by a carriage return. Using the bar code above:

Command string: **E630F10D**

E6 is the "Search forward for a non-matching character" command

30 is the hex value for 0

F1 is the "Send all characters" command.

0D is the hex value for a CR The data is output as: **37692**

<CR>

Search backward for a non-matching character

E7 Search the input message backward for the first non-"xx" character from the current cursor position, leaving the cursor pointing to the non-"xx" character. Syntax = E7xx where xx stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Miscellaneous Commands

Suppress characters

FB Suppress all occurrences of up to 15 different characters, starting at the current cursor position, as the cursor is advanced by other commands. When the FC command is encountered, the suppress function is terminated. The cursor is not moved by the FB command. Syntax = FBnnxxyy . .zz where nn is a count of the number of suppressed characters in the list, and xxvv .. zz is the list of characters to be suppressed.

FB Example: Remove spaces in bar code data



345 678 90

This example shows a bar code that has spaces in the data. You may want to remove the spaces before sending the data. Using the bar code above:

Command string: FB0120F10D

FB is the "Suppress characters" command

01 is the number of character types to be suppressed

20 is the hex value for a space

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

0D is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 34567890

<CR>

Stop suppressing characters

FC Disables suppress filter and clear all suppressed characters. Syntax = FC.

Replace characters

E4 Replaces up to 15 characters in the output message, without moving the cursor. Replacement continues until the E5 command is encountered. $\dot{S}yntax = E4nnxx_1xx_2yy_1yy_2...zz_1zz_2$ where nn is the total count of the number of characters in the list (characters to be replaced plus replacement characters); xx1 defines characters to be replaced and xx₂ defines replacement characters, continuing through zz₁ and ZZ2.

E4 Example: Replace zeroes with CRs in bar code data



1234056780ABC

If the bar code has characters that the host application does not want included, you can use the E4 command to replace those characters with something else. In this example, you will replace the zeroes in the bar code above with carriage returns.

Command string: E402300DF10D

E4 is the "Replace characters" command

02 is the total count of characters to be replaced, plus the replacement characters (0 is replaced by CR, so total characters = 2)

30 is the hex value for 0

0D is the hex value for a CR (the character that will replace the 0)

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

0D is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234

5678 ABC <CR>

Stop replacing characters

E5 Terminates character replacement. Syntax = E5.

Compare characters

FE Compare the character in the current cursor position to the character "xx." If characters are equal, move the cursor forward one position. Syntax = FExx where xx stands for the comparison character's hex value for its ASCII code.

Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Compare string

B2 Compare the string in the input message to the string "s." If the strings are equal, move the cursor forward past the end of the string. Syntax = B2nnnnS where nnnn is the string length (up to 9999), and S consists of the ASCII hex value of each character in the match string. For example, B2000454657374 will compare the string at the current cursor position with the 4 character string "Test." Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page A-4 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Check for a number

EC Check to make sure there is an ASCII number at the current cursor position. The format is aborted if the character is not numeric.

EC Example: Only output the data if the bar code begins with a number

If you will only accept data from bar codes that begin with a number, you can use EC to check for the number.

Command string: ECF10D

EC is the "Check for a number" command

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

0D is the hex value for a CR

If this bar code is read.



the format fails.

If this bar code is read:



the data is output as:

1234AB <CR>

Check for non-numeric character

ED Check to make sure there is a non-numeric ASCII character at the current cursor position. The format is aborted if the character is numeric.

ED Example: Only output the data if the bar code begins with a letter

If you will only accept data from bar codes that begin with a letter, you can use ED to check for the number.

Command string: EDF10D

ED is the "Check for a non-numeric character" command

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

0D is the hex value for a CR

If this bar code is read,



the format fails.

If this bar code is read:



the data is output as:

AB1234 <CR>

Insert a delay

EF Inserts a delay of up to 49,995 milliseconds (in multiples of 5), starting from the current cursor position. Syntax = EFnnnn where nnnn stands for the delay in 5ms increments, up to 9999. This command can only be used with keyboard emulation.

Discard Data

B8 Discards types of data. For example, you may want to discard Code 128 bar codes that begin with the letter A. In step 4 (page 6-2), select 6A (for Code 128), and in step 5, select 9999 (for all lengths). Enter FE41B8 to compare and discard Code 128 bar codes that begin with the letter A. Syntax = B8.

Note: The B8 command must be entered after all other commands.
The Data Format must be **Required** (see page 6-16) in order for the B8 command to work. If Data Format is On, but Not Required (page 6-17), bar code data that meets the B8 format is scanned and output as usual.

Other data format settings impact the B8 command. If Data Format Non-Match Error Tone is **On** (page 6-18), the scanner emits an error tone. If Data format Non-Match Error Tone is **Off**, the code is disabled for reading and no tone is sounded.

Data Formatter

When Data Formatter is turned Off, the bar code data is output to the host as read, including prefixes and suffixes.



Data Formatter Off

You may wish to require the data to conform to a data format you have created and saved. The following settings can be applied to your data format:

Data Formatter On, Not Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix

Scanned data is modified according to your data format, and prefixes and suffixes are transmitted.

Data Formatter On, Not Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix

Scanned data is modified according to your data format. If a data format is found for a particular symbol, those prefixes and suffixes are not transmitted. If a data format is *not* found for that symbol, the prefixes and suffixes *are* transmitted.

Data Format Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix

Scanned data is modified according to your data format, and prefixes and suffixes are transmitted. Any data that does not match your data format requirements generates an error tone and the data in that bar code is not transmitted. If you wish to process this type of bar code without generating an error tone, see Data Format Non-Match Error Tone.

Data Format Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix

Scanned data is modified according to your data format. If a data format is found for a particular symbol, those prefixes and suffixes are not transmitted. Any data that does not match your data format requirements generates an error tone. If you wish to process this type of bar code without generating an error tone, see Data Format Non-Match Error Tone.

Choose one of the following options. Default = Data Formatter On, Not Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix.



DFM_EN1.
* Data Formatter On,
Not Required,
Keep Prefix/Suffix



Data Formatter On, Not Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix



Data Format Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix



Data Format Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix

Data Format Non-Match Error Tone

When a bar code is encountered that doesn't match your required data format, the scanner normally generates an error tone. However, you may want to continue scanning bar codes without hearing the error tone. If you scan the **Data Format Non-Match Error Tone Off** bar code, data that doesn't conform to your data format is not transmitted, and no error tone

will sound. If you wish to hear the error tone when a non-matching bar code is found, scan the **Data Format Non-Match Error Tone On** bar code. Default = Data Format Non-Match Error Tone On.



DEMDECU.

* Data Format Non-Match Error Tone On



Data Format Non-Match Error Tone Off

Primary/Alternate Data Formats

You can save up to four data formats, and switch between these formats. Your primary data format is saved under **0**. Your other three formats are saved under **1**, **2**, and **3**. To set your device to use one of these formats, scan one of the bar codes below.



ALTFNMO.

Primary Data Format



Data Format 1



Data Format 2



ALTENM3.

Data Format 3

Single Scan Data Format Change

You can also switch between data formats for a single scan. The next bar code is scanned using an alternate data format, then reverts to the format you have selected above (either Primary, 1, 2, or 3).

For example, you may have set your device to the data format you saved as Data Format 3. You can switch to Data Format 1 for a single trigger pull by scanning the **Single Scan-Data Format 1** bar code below. The next bar code that is scanned uses Data Format 1, then reverts back to Data Format 3.



Single Scan-Primary Data Format

VSAF 1

Single Scan-Data Format 1

VSAF_2.

Single Scan-Data Format 2

VSAF 3.

Single Scan-Data Format 3

Symbologies

This programming section contains the following menu selections. Refer to Chapter 11 for settings and defaults.

- All Symbologies
- Aztec Code
- China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)
- Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code
- Codabar
- Codablock A
- Codablock F
- Code 11
- Code 128
- Code 32 Pharmaceutical (PARAF)
- Code 39
- Code 93
- Data Matrix
- EAN/JAN-13
- EAN/JAN-8
- GS1 Composite Codes
- GS1 DataBar Expanded
- GS1 DataBar Limited
- GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional
- GS1 Emulation
- GS1-128

- Interleaved 2 of 5
- Korea Post
- Matrix 2 of 5
- MaxiCodeMicroPDF417
- MSI
- NEC 2 of 5
- Postal Codes 2D
- Postal Codes Linear
- PDF417
- GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional
- QR Code
- Straight 2 of 5 IATA (two-bar start/ stop)
- Straight 2 of 5 Industrial (three-bar start/stop)
- TCIF Linked Code 39 (TLC39)
- Telepen
- Trioptic Code
- UPC-A
- UPC-A/EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code
- UPC-E0
- UPC-E1

All Symbologies

If you want to decode all the symbologies allowable for your scanner, scan the **All Symbologies On** code. If on the other hand, you want to decode only a particular symbology, scan **All Symbologies Off** followed by the On symbol for that particular symbology.





All Symbologies Off

Note: When All Symbologies On is scanned, 2D Postal Codes are not enabled. 2D Postal Codes must be enabled separately.

Message Length Description

You are able to set the valid reading length of some of the bar code symbologies. If the data length of the scanned bar code doesn't match the valid reading length, the scanner will issue an error tone. You may wish to set the same value for minimum and maximum length to force the scanner to read fixed length bar code data. This helps reduce the chances of a misread.

EXAMPLE: Decode only those bar codes with a count of 9-20 characters.

Min. length = 09Max. length = 20

EXAMPLE: Decode only those bar codes with a count of 15 characters.

Min. length = 15Max. length = 15

For a value other than the minimum and maximum message length defaults, scan the bar codes included in the explanation of the symbology, then scan the digit value of the message length and **Save** bar codes on the Programming Chart inside the back cover of this manual. The minimum and maximum lengths and the defaults are included with the respective symbologies.

Codabar

<Default All Codabar Settings>



Codabar On/Off





Codabar Start/Stop Characters

Start/Stop characters identify the leading and trailing ends of the bar code. You may either transmit, or not transmit Start/Stop characters. Default = Don't Transmit.



Transmit



* Don't Transmit

Codabar Check Character

Codabar check characters are created using different "modulos." You can program the scanner to read only Codabar bar codes with Modulo 16 check characters. Default = No Check Character.

No Check Character indicates that the scanner reads and transmits bar code data with or without a check character.

When Check Character is set to Validate and Transmit, the scanner will only read Codabar bar codes printed with a check character, and will transmit this character at the end of the scanned data. When Check Character is set to *Validate, but Don't Transmit*, the unit will only read Codabar bar codes printed *with* a check character, but will not transmit the check character with the scanned data.



* No Check Character



CBRCK21.
Validate Modulo 16, but
Don't Transmit



Validate Modulo 16 and Transmit

Codabar Concatenation

Codabar supports symbol concatenation. When you enable concatenation, the scanner looks for a Codabar symbol having a "D" start character, adjacent to a symbol having a "D" stop character. In this case the two messages are concatenated into one with the "D" characters omitted.



Select Require to prevent the scanner from decoding a single "D" Codabar symbol without its companion. This selection has no effect on Codabar symbols without Stop/Start D characters.



On



CBRCCT2.

Require

Codabar Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-60. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 60.



Minimum Message Length

CBRMAX.

Maximum Message Length

Code 39

< Default All Code 39 Settings >



Code 39 On/Off





Code 39 Start/Stop Characters

Start/Stop characters identify the leading and trailing ends of the bar code. You may either transmit, or not transmit Start/Stop characters. *Default* = Don't Transmit.



Transmit



* Don't Transmit

Code 39 Check Character

No Check Character indicates that the scanner reads and transmits bar code data with or without a check character.

When Check Character is set to Validate, but Don't Transmit, the unit only reads Code 39 bar codes printed with a check character, but will not transmit the check character with the scanned data.

When Check Character is set to Validate and Transmit, the scanner only reads Code 39 bar codes printed with a check character, and will transmit this character at the end of the scanned data. Default = No Check Charac-



* No Check Character



Validate, but Don't Transmit



Validate and Transmit

Code 39 Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 0-48. Minimum Default = 0, Maximum Default = 48.



Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

Code 39 Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Code 39 bar codes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters a Code 39 bar code with the append trigger character(s), it buffers Code 39 bar codes until it reads a Code 39 bar code that does not have the append trigger. The data is then transmitted in the order in which the bar codes were read (FIFO). *Default = Off.*



On



C39APP0. * Off

Code 32 Pharmaceutical (PARAF)

Code 32 Pharmaceutical is a form of the Code 39 symbology used by Italian pharmacies. This symbology is also known as PARAF.

Note: Trioptic Code (page 7-41) must be turned off while scanning Code 32 Pharmaceutical codes.



On



* Off

Full ASCII

If Full ASCII Code 39 decoding is enabled, certain character pairs within the bar code symbol will be interpreted as a single character. For example: \$V will be decoded as the ASCII character SYN, and /C will be decoded as the ASCII character #. Default = Off.

NUL %U	DLE \$P	SP	SPACE	0	0	@	%V	Р	Р	"	%W	р	+P
SOH \$A	DC1 \$Q	!	/A	1	1	Α	Α	Q	Q	а	+A	q	+Q
STX \$B	DC2 \$R	"	/B	2	2	В	В	R	R	b	+B	r	+R
ETX \$C	DC3 \$S	#	/C	3	3	С	С	S	S	С	+C	s	+S
EOT \$D	DC4 \$T	\$	/D	4	4	D	D	Т	Т	d	+D	t	+T
ENQ \$E	NAK \$U	%	/E	5	5	Е	Е	U	U	е	+E	u	+U
ACK \$F	SYN \$V	&	/F	6	6	F	F	٧	V	f	+F	v	+V
BEL \$G	ETB \$W	"	/G	7	7	G	G	W	W	g	+G	w	+W
BS \$H	CAN \$X	(/H	8	8	Н	Н	Х	Х	h	+H	х	+X
HT \$I	EM \$Y)	/I	9	9	I	ı	Υ	Υ	i	+l	у	+Y
LF \$J	SUB \$Z	*	/J	:	/Z	J	J	Z	Z	j	+J	z	+Z
VT \$K	ESC %A	+	/K	;	%F	K	K	[%K	k	+K	{	%P
FF \$L	FS %B	,	/L	<	%G	L	L	١	%L	I	+L	I	%Q
CR \$M	GS %C	-	-	=	%Н	М	М]	%M	m	+M	}	%R
SO \$N	RS %D			>	%l	N	N	٨	%N	n	+N	~	%S
SI \$O	US %E	/	/0	?	%J	0	0	_	%0	О	+0	DEL	%T

Character pairs /M and /N decode as a minus sign and period respectively. Character pairs /P through /Y decode as 0 through 9.



C39ASC1.



* Full ASCII Off

Code 39 Code Page

Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the bar code being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the bar code below, select the code page with which the bar codes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page A-

10), and scan the value and the **Save** bar code from the <u>Programming</u> Chart on the inside the back cover of this manual. The data characters should then appear properly.



Code 39 Code Page

Interleaved 2 of 5

< Default All Interleaved 2 of 5 Settings >



Interleaved 2 of 5 On/Off







Off

Check Digit

No Check Digit indicates that the scanner reads and transmits bar code data with or without a check digit.

When Check Digit is set to Validate, but Don't Transmit, the unit only reads Interleaved 2 of 5 bar codes printed with a check digit, but will not transmit the check digit with the scanned data.

When Check Digit is set to **Validate and Transmit**, the scanner only reads Interleaved 2 of 5 bar codes printed with a check digit, and will transmit this digit at the end of the scanned data. *Default = No Check Digit*.



* No Check Digit



I25CK21. Validate, but Don't Transmit



Validate and Transmit

Interleaved 2 of 5 Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-80. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80.



I25MIN. Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

NEC 2 of 5

< Default All NEC 2 of 5 Settings >



NEC 2 of 5 On/Off





Check Digit

No Check Digit indicates that the scanner reads and transmits bar code data with or without a check digit.

When Check Digit is set to **Validate, but Don't Transmit**, the unit only reads NEC 2 of 5 bar codes printed with a check digit, but will not transmit the check digit with the scanned data.

When Check Digit is set to **Validate and Transmit**, the scanner only reads NEC 2 of 5 bar codes printed with a check digit, and will transmit this digit at the end of the scanned data. *Default = No Check Digit*.



* No Check Digit



Validate and Transmit



Validate, but Don't Transmit

NEC 2 of 5 Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-80. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80.



Minimum Message Length

N25MAX.

Maximum Message Length

Code 93

< Default All Code 93 Settings >



Code 93 On/Off





Code 93 Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 0-80. Minimum Default = 0, Maximum Default = 80.



Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

Code 93 Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Code 93 bar codes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When this function is enabled, the scanner stores those Code 93 bar codes that start with a space (excluding the start and stop symbols), and does not immediately transmit the data. The scanner stores the data in the order in

which the bar codes are read, deleting the first space from each. The scanner transmits the appended data when it reads a Code 93 bar code that starts with a character other than a space. *Default = Off.*





Code 93 Code Page

Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the bar code being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the bar code below, select the code page with which the bar codes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page A-10), and scan the value and the **Save** bar code from the Programming Chart on the inside the back cover of this manual. The data characters should then appear properly.



Straight 2 of 5 Industrial (three-bar start/stop)

<Default All Straight 2 of 5 Industrial Settings>



Straight 2 of 5 Industrial On/Off



On



* Off

Straight 2 of 5 Industrial Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-48. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 48.



Minimum Message Length



Straight 2 of 5 IATA (two-bar start/stop)

<Default All Straight 2 of 5 IATA Settings>



Straight 2 of 5 IATA On/Off



On



* Off

Straight 2 of 5 IATA Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-48. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 48.



Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

7 - 17

Matrix 2 of 5

<Default All Matrix 2 of 5 Settings>



Matrix 2 of 5 On/Off





Matrix 2 of 5 Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-80. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80.



X25MIN. Minimum Message Length



7 - 18

Code 11

<Default All Code 11 Settings>



Code 11 On/Off





Check Digits Required

This option sets whether 1 or 2 check digits are required with Code 11 bar codes. *Default = Two Check Digits*.



One Check Digit



Code 11 Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-80. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80.



Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

Code 128

<Default All Code 128 Settings>



128DFT.

Code 128 On/Off



* On



128ENAO Off

ISBT 128 Concatenation

In 1994 the International Society of Blood Transfusion (ISBT) ratified a standard for communicating critical blood information in a uniform manner. The use of ISBT formats requires a paid license. The ISBT 128 Application Specification describes 1) the critical data elements for labeling blood products, 2) the current recommendation to use Code 128 due to its high degree of security and its space-efficient design, 3) a variation of Code 128

that supports concatenation of neighboring symbols, and 4) the standard layout for bar codes on a blood product label. Use the bar codes below to turn concatenation on or off. *Default =Off.*





Code 128 Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 0-80. Minimum Default = 0, Maximum Default = 80.



Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

Code 128 Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Code 128 bar codes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters a Code 128 bar code with the append trigger character(s), it buffers Code 128 bar codes until it reads a Code 128 bar code that does not have the append trigger. The data is then transmitted in the order in which the bar codes were read (FIFO). *Default = On.*



∠0AFF1. * **O**n



⇔ΓΓ

Code 128 Code Page

Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the bar code being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the bar code below, select the code page with which the bar codes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page A-10), and scan the value and the **Save** bar code from the Programming Chart on the inside the back cover of this manual. The data characters should then appear properly.

128DCP. Code 128 Code Page

GS1-128

<Default All GS1-128 Settings>



GS1-128 On/Off



* On



Off

GS1-128 Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-80. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 80.



Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

Telepen

<Default All Telepen Settings>



Telepen On/Off





Telepen Output

Using AIM Telepen Output, the scanner reads symbols with start/stop pattern 1 and decodes them as standard full ASCII (start/stop pattern 1). When Original Telepen Output is selected, the scanner reads symbols with start/stop pattern 1 and decodes them as compressed numeric with optional full ASCII (start/stop pattern 2). Default = AIM Telepen Output.



* AIM Telepen Output



Original Telepen Output

Telepen Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-60. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 60.



Minimum Message Length

TELMAX.

Maximum Message Length

UPC-A

<Default All UPC-A Settings>



UPC-A On/Off



UPAENA1.

* On

UPAENAO.

Off

Note: To convert UPC-A bar codes to EAN-13, see Convert UPC-A to EAN-13 on page 7-32.

UPC-A Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data or not. Default = On.



ÜPACKXO.

Off

UPC-A Number System

The numeric system digit of a U.P.C. symbol is normally transmitted at the beginning of the scanned data, but the unit can be programmed so it will not transmit it. Default = On.



UPANSXO.

Off

UPC-A Addenda

This selection adds 2 or 5 digits to the end of all scanned UPC-A data. Default = Off for both 2 Digit and 5 Digit Addenda.



2 Digit Addenda On



* 2 Digit Addenda Off



* 5 Digit Addenda Off

UPC-A Addenda Required

When **Required** is scanned, the scanner will only read UPC-A bar codes that have addenda. You must then turn on a 2 or 5 digit addenda listed on page 7-26. Default = Not Required.





UPC-A Addenda Separator

When this feature is on, there is a space between the data from the bar code and the data from the addenda. When turned off, there is no space. Default = On.





UPC-A/EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code

Use the following codes to enable or disable UPC-A **and** EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code. When left on the default setting (**Off**), the scanner treats Coupon Codes and Extended Coupon Codes as single bar codes.

If you scan the **Allow Concatenation** code, when the scanner sees the coupon code and the extended coupon code in a single scan, it transmits both as separate symbologies. Otherwise, it transmits the first coupon code it reads.

If you scan the **Require Concatenation** code, the scanner must see and read the coupon code and extended coupon code in a single read to transmit the data. No data is output unless both codes are read.

Default = Off.



* Off



Allow Concatenation



Require Concatenation

Coupon GS1 DataBar Output

If you scan coupons that have both UPC and GS1 DataBar codes, you may wish to scan and output only the data from the GS1 DataBar code. Scan the GS1 Output On code below to scan and output only the GS1 DataBar code data. Default = GS1 Output Off.



CPNGS10. * GS1 Output Off



CPNGS11. **GS1 Output On**

UPC-E0

<Default All UPC-E Settings>



UPEDFT.

UPC-E0 On/Off

Most U.P.C. bar codes lead with the 0 number system. To read these codes, use the **UPC-E0 On** selection. If you need to read codes that lead with the 1 number system, use $\frac{\text{UPC-E1}}{\text{UPC-E1}}$ (page 7-31). Default = On.



* UPC-E0 On



UPEENOO.

UPC-E0 Expand

UPC-E Expand expands the UPC-E code to the 12 digit, UPC-A format. Default = Off.



On

On



* Off

UPC-E0 Addenda Required

When **Required** is scanned, the scanner will only read UPC-E bar codes that have addenda. *Default = Not Required*.



UPEARQO.

* Not Required

UPC-E0 Addenda Separator

When this feature is On, there is a space between the data from the bar code and the data from the addenda. When turned Off, there is no space. Default = On.





UPC-E0 Check Digit

Check Digit specifies whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data or not. *Default = On.*





UPC-E0 Leading Zero

This feature allows the transmission of a leading zero (0) at the beginning of scanned data. To prevent transmission, scan Off. Default = On.



* On



Off

UPC-F0 Addenda

This selection adds 2 or 5 digits to the end of all scanned UPC-E data. Default = Off for both 2 Digit and 5 Digit Addenda.



UPEAD21.

2 Digit Addenda On



5 Digit Addenda On



* 2 Digit Addenda Off



* 5 Digit Addenda Off

UPC-E1

Most U.P.C. bar codes lead with the 0 number system. For these codes, use UPC-E0 (page 7-29). If you need to read codes that lead with the 1 number system, use the UPC-E1 On selection. Default = Off.



UPFFN11

UPC-E1 On



* UPC-E1 Off

EAN/JAN-13

<Default All EAN/JAN Settings>



E13DFT.

EAN/JAN-13 On/Off





Off

Convert UPC-A to EAN-13

When **UPC-A Converted to EAN-13** is selected, UPC-A bar codes are converted to 13 digit EAN-13 codes by adding a zero to the front. When **Do not Convert UPC-A** is selected, UPC-A codes are read as UPC-A.



UPC-A Converted to EAN-13



* Do not Convert UPC-A

EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data or not. Default = On.



* On



E13CKXD Off

EAN/JAN-13 Addenda

This selection adds 2 or 5 digits to the end of all scanned EAN/JAN-13 data. Default = Off for both 2 Digit and 5 Digit Addenda.



2 Digit Addenda On



5 Digit Addenda On



* 2 Digit Addenda Off



* 5 Digit Addenda Off

EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required

When **Required** is scanned, the scanner will only read EAN/JAN-13 bar codes that have addenda. *Default = Not Required*.



E13ARQ1. Required

* Not Required

EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Separator

When this feature is **On**, there is a space between the data from the bar code and the data from the addenda. When turned Off, there is no space. Default = On.



* On



Off

Note: If you want to enable or disable EAN13 with Extended Coupon Code, refer to UPC-A/EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code (page 7-27).

ISBN Translate

When On is scanned, EAN-13 Bookland symbols are translated into their equivalent ISBN number format. *Default = Off.*



On



EAN/JAN-8

<Default All EAN/JAN-8 Settings>



EAN/JAN-8 On/Off





EAN/JAN-8 Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data or not. Default = On.



Off

7 - 35

EAN/JAN-8 Addenda

This selection adds 2 or 5 digits to the end of all scanned EAN/JAN-8 data. Default = Off for both 2 Digit and 5 Digit Addenda.



2 Digit Addenda On



5 Digit Addenda On



* 2 Digit Addenda Off



* 5 Digit Addenda Off

EAN/JAN-8 Addenda Required

When **Required** is scanned, the scanner will only read EAN/JAN-8 bar codes that have addenda. *Default = Not Required*.



EA8ARQ1.
Required



* Not Required

EAN/JAN-8 Addenda Separator

When this feature is On, there is a space between the data from the bar code and the data from the addenda. When turned Off, there is no space. Default = On.



* On



EA8ADS0.

Off

MSI

<Default All MSI Settings>



MSI On/Off





MSI Check Character

Different types of check characters are used with MSI bar codes. You can program the scanner to read MSI bar codes with Type 10 check characters. Default = Validate Type 10, but Don't Transmit.

When Check Character is set to Validate Type 10/11 and Transmit, the scanner will only read MSI bar codes printed with the specified type check character(s), and will transmit the character(s) at the end of the scanned data.

When Check Character is set to **Validate Type 10/11**, **but Don't Transmit**, the unit will only read MSI bar codes printed with the specified type check character(s), but will not transmit the check character(s) with the scanned



* Validate Type 10, but Don't



Validate 2 Type 10 Characters, but Don't Transmit



MSICHK4.

Validate Type 10 then Type 11 Character, but Don't Transmit



Disable MSI Check Characters

Validate Type 10 and Transmit



Validate 2 Type 10 Characters and Transmit



Validate Type 10 then Type 11 Character and Transmit

MSI Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 4-48. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 48.



Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional

< Default All GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional Settings >



GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional On/Off





Off

GS1 DataBar Limited

< Default All GS1 DataBar Limited Settings >



GS1 DataBar Limited On/Off



GS1 DataBar Expanded

< Default All GS1 DataBar Expanded Settings >



GS1 DataBar Expanded On/Off





GS1 DataBar Expanded Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 4-74. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 74.



Maximum Message Length

7 - 40

Trioptic Code

Note: If you are going to scan Code 32 Pharmaceutical codes (page 7-8), Trioptic Code must be off.

Trioptic Code is used for labeling magnetic storage media.





Codablock A

<Default All Codablock A Settings>



Codablock A On/Off





Codablock A Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-600. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 600.



Minimum Message Length

Maximum Message Length

Codablock F

<Default All Codablock F Settings>



CBFDF1.

Codablock F On/Off





Codablock F Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-2048. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 2048.



CBFMAX.
Maximum Message Length

7 - 43

PDF417

< Default All PDF417 Settings >



PDF417 On/Off





PDF417 Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-2750. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 2750.



PDFMIN.

Minimum Message Length



MacroPDF417

MacroPDF417 is an implementation of PDF417 capable of encoding very large amounts of data into multiple PDF417 bar codes. When this selection is enabled, these multiple bar codes are assembled into a single data string. *Default = On.*





MicroPDF417

< Default All MicroPDF417 Settings >



MicroPDF417 On/Off





MicroPDF417 Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-366. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 366.



MPDMAX.

Maximum Message Length

GS1 Composite Codes

Linear codes are combined with a unique 2D composite component to form a new class called GS1 Composite symbology. GS1 Composite symbologies allow for the co-existence of symbologies already in use. *Default = Off.*





UPC/EAN Version

Scan the *UPC/EAN Version On* bar code to decode GS1 Composite symbols that have a U.P.C. or an EAN linear component. (This does not affect GS1 Composite symbols with a GS1-128 or GS1 linear component.) *Default = UPC/EAN Version Off.*





* UPC/EAN Version Off

Note: If you scan coupons that have both UPC and GS1 DataBar codes, you may wish to scan and output only the data from the GS1 DataBar code. See Coupon GS1 DataBar Output (page 7-28) for further information.

GS1 Composite Code Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-2435. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 2435.





GS1 Emulation

The scanner can automatically format the output from any GS1 data carrier to emulate what would be encoded in an equivalent GS1-128 or GS1 DataBar symbol. GS1 data carriers include UPC-A and UPC-E, EAN-13 and EAN-8, ITF-14, GS1-128, and GS1-128 DataBar and GS1 Composites. (Any application that accepts GS1 data can be simplified since it only needs to recognize one data carrier type.)

If **GS1-128 Emulation** is scanned, all retail codes (U.P.C., UPC-E, EAN8, EAN13) are expanded out to 16 digits. If the AIM ID is enabled, the value will be the GS1-128 AIM ID,]C1 (see Symbology Charts on page A-1).

If **GS1 DataBar Emulation** is scanned, all retail codes (U.P.C., UPC-E, EAN8, EAN13) are expanded out to 16 digits. If the AIM ID is enabled, the value will be the GS1-DataBar AIM ID,]em (see Symbology Charts on page A-1).

If **GS1 Code Expansion Off** is scanned, retail code expansion is disabled, and UPC-E expansion is controlled by the UPC-E0 Expand (page 7-29) setting. If the AIM ID is enabled, the value will be the GS1-128 AIM ID,]C1 (see Symbology Charts on page A-1).

If EAN8 to EAN13 Conversion is scanned, all EAN8 bar codes are converted to EAN13 format.

Default = GS1 Emulation Off.



EANEMU1. **GS1-128 Emulation**



EANEMU3. **GS1 Code Expansion Off**



GS1 DataBar Emulation



EAN8 to EAN13 Conversion



* GS1 Emulation Off

TCIF Linked Code 39 (TLC39)

This code is a composite code since it has a Code 39 linear component and a MicroPDF417 stacked code component. All bar code readers are capable of reading the Code 39 linear component. The MicroPDF417 component can only be decoded if **TLC39 On** is selected. The linear component may be decoded as Code 39 even if TLC39 is off. *Default = Off.*





* Off

QR Code

< Default All QR Code Settings >



QR Code On/Off

This selection applies to both QR Code and Micro QR Code.





QR Code Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-7089. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 7089.



Maximum Message Length

QR Code Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several QR Code bar codes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters an QR Code bar code with the append trigger character(s), it buffers the number of QR Code bar codes determined by

information encoded in those bar codes. Once the proper number of codes is reached, the data is output in the order specified in the bar codes. *Default = On.*





QR Code Page

QR Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the bar code being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the bar code below, select the code page with which the bar codes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page A-10), and scan the value and the **Save** bar code from the Programming Chart on the inside the back cover of this manual. The data characters should then appear properly.



Data Matrix

< Default All Data Matrix Settings >



Data Matrix On/Off





Data Matrix Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-3116. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 3116.



Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

Data Matrix Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Data Matrix bar codes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters an Data Matrix bar code with the append trigger character(s), it buffers the number of Data Matrix bar codes determined by information encoded in those bar codes. Once the proper number of codes is reached, the data is output in the order specified in the bar codes. *Default = On.*





Data Matrix Code Page

Data Matrix Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the bar code being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the bar code below, select the code page with which the bar codes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page A-10), and scan the value and the **Save** bar code from the Programming Chart on the inside the back cover of this manual. The data characters should then appear properly.



MaxiCode

< Default All MaxiCode Settings >



MaxiCode On/Off





MaxiCode Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-150. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 150.



Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

Aztec Code

< Default All Aztec Code Settings >



Aztec Code On/Off





Aztec Code Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-3832. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 3832.





Maximum Message Length

Aztec Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Aztec bar codes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters an Aztec bar code with the append trigger character(s), it buffers the number of Aztec bar codes determined by information encoded in those bar codes. Once the proper number of codes is reached, the data is output in the order specified in the bar codes. *Default = On.*





Aztec Code Page

Aztec Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the bar code being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the bar code below, select the code page with which the bar codes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page A-10), and scan the value and the **Save** bar code from the Programming Chart on the inside the back cover of this manual. The data characters should then appear properly.



Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code

< Default All Han Xin Settings >



Han Xin Code On/Off





Han Xin Code Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-7833. Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 7833.





Postal Codes - 2D

The following lists the possible 2D postal codes, and 2D postal code combinations that are allowed. Only one 2D postal code selection can be active at a time. If you scan a second 2D postal code selection, the first selection is overwritten. Default = 2D Postal Codes Off.



* 2D Postal Codes Off

Single 2D Postal Codes:



Australian Post On

British Post On





Intelligent Mail Bar Code On





POSTAL3: Japanese Post On



Postal-4i On

Planet Code On Also see Planet Code Check Digit, page 7-60.



POSTAL6.
Postnet On
Also see Postnet Check
Digit, page 7-60.



POSTAL11.

Postnet with B and B' Fields On



InfoMail On

Combination 2D Postal Codes:



Intelligent Mail Bar Code and Postnet with B and B' Fields On



Postnet and Intelligent Mail Bar Code On



Postal-4i and
Postnet with B and B' Fields On



Planet Code and
Postnet with B and B' Fields On



POSTAL8.
InfoMail and British
Post On



POSTAL14.
Postnet and
Postal-4i On



POSTAL17.
Postal-4i and
Intelligent Mail Bar Code On



POSTAL12.
Planet Code and
Postnet On



POSTAL15.
Planet Code and
Intelligent Mail Bar Code On



Planet Code, Postnet, and Intelligent Mail Bar Code On



Postnet,
Postal-4i, and
Intelligent Mail Bar Code On



PUSTALZ5.
Planet Code,
Intelligent Mail Bar Code, and
Postnet with B and B' Fields On



POSTAL28.
Planet Code,
Postal-4i,
Intelligent Mail Bar Code, and
Postnet On



PUSTALI3.
Planet Code and
Postal-4i On



POSTAL21. Planet Code, Postnet, and Postal-4i On



POSTAL23.
Planet Code,
Postal-4i, and
Intelligent Mail Bar Code On



POSTAL25.
Planet Code,
Postal-4i, and
Postnet with B and B' Fields On



Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Bar Code, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On



Planet Code, Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Bar Code, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On

Planet Code Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of Planet Code data. *Default = Don't Transmit.*



Transmit Check Digit



* Don't Transmit Check Digit

Postnet Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of Postnet data. *Default = Don't Transmit.*





* Don't Transmit Check Digit

Australian Post Interpretation

This option controls what interpretation is applied to customer fields in Australian 4-State symbols.

Bar Output lists the bar patterns in "0123" format.

Numeric N Table causes that field to be interpreted as numeric data using the N Table.

Alphanumeric C Table causes the field to be interpreted as alphanumeric data using the C Table. Refer to the Australian Post Specification Tables.

Combination C and N Tables causes the field to be interpreted using either the C or N Tables.



AUSINTO.

* Bar Output



AUSINT1.
Numeric N Table



Alphanumeric C Table



Combination C and N Tables

Postal Codes - Linear

The following lists linear postal codes. Any combination of linear postal code selections can be active at a time.

China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)

<Default All China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5) Settings>



7 - 61

China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5) On/Off



On



* Off

China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5) Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-80. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80.



Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

Korea Post

<Default All Korea Post Settings>



KPCDF

Korea Post





* Off

Korea Post Message Length

Scan the bar codes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 7-2) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-80. Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 48.



Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

Korea Post Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data. *Default = Don't Transmit.*



Transmit Check Digit



* Don't Transmit Check Digit

Imaging Commands

The scanner is like a digital camera in the way it captures, manipulates, and transfers images. The following commands allow you to alter the way the scanner performs these functions.

Note: If you are using the scanner in a stand, you must set the In-Stand Sensor Mode to Off in order to take images (see In-Stand Sensor Mode on page 4-14).

Single-Use Basis

Imaging Commands with their modifiers send instructions to the scanner on a single-use basis, and take effect for a single image capture. Once that capture is complete, the scanner reverts to its imaging default settings. If you want to permanently change a setting, you must use the serial default commands (see Chapter 11). When the serial default command is used, that selection becomes the new, permanent setting for the scanner.

Command Syntax

Multiple modifiers and commands can be issued within one sequence. If additional modifiers are to be applied to the same command, just add the modifiers to that command. For example, to add 2 modifiers to the Image Snap command, such as setting the Imaging Style to 1P and the Wait for Trigger to 1T, you would enter **IMGSNP1P1T**.

Note: After processing an image capture command (IMGSNP or IMGBOX), you must follow it with an IMGSHP command if you want to see it on your terminal.

To add a command to a sequence, each new command is separated with a semicolon. For example, to add the Image Ship command to the above sequence, you would enter IMGSNP1P1T;IMGSHP.

The imaging commands are:

```
Image Snap - IMGSNP (page 8-2)
Image Ship - IMGSHP (page 8-5)
Intelligent Signature Capture - IMGBOX (page 8-14)
```

The modifiers for each of these commands follow the command description.

Note: The images included with each command description are examples only. The results you achieve may be different from those included in this manual. The quality of the output you receive will vary depending on lighting, quality of the initial image/object being captured, and distance of the scanner from the image/object. To achieve a high quality image, it is recommended that you position your scanner 4-6" (10.2-15.2 cm) away from the image/object you are capturing.

Step 1 - Take a Picture Using IMGSNP

Image Snap - IMGSNP

An image is taken whenever the hardware button is pressed, or when the Image Snap (IMGSNP) command is processed.

The image snap command has many different modifiers that can be used to change the look of the image in memory. Any number of modifiers may be appended to the IMGSNP command. For example, you can use the following command to snap an image, increase the gain, and have the beeper sound once the snap is complete: **IMGSNP2G1B**

IMGSNP Modifiers

P - Imaging Style

This sets the Image Snap style.

- OP Decoding Style. This processing allows a few frames to be taken until the exposure parameters are met. The last frame is then available for further use.
- 1P **Photo Style** (*default*). This mimics a simple digital camera, and results in a visually optimized image.
- 2P **Manual Style**. This is an advanced style that should only be used by an experienced user. It allows you the most freedom to set up the scanner, and has no auto-exposure.

B - Beeper

Causes a beep to sound after an image is snapped.

- 0B No beep (default)
- 1B Sounds a beep when the image is captured.

T - Wait for Trigger

Waits for a hardware button push before taking the image. This is only available when using Photo Style (1P).

- OT Takes image immediately (default)
- 1T Waits for a button push, then takes the image

L - LED State

Determines if the LEDs should be on or off, and when. Ambient illumination (0L) is preferred for taking pictures of color documents, such as ID cards, especially when the scanner is in a stand. LED illumination (1L) is preferred when the scanner is handheld. LED State is not available when using Decoding Style (0P).

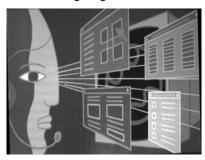
- OL LEDs off (default)
- 1L LEDs on

E - Exposure

Exposure is used in Manual Style only (2P), and allows you to set the exposure time. This is similar to setting a shutter speed on a camera. The exposure time determines how long the scanner takes to record an image. On a bright day, exposure times can be very short because plenty of light is available to help record an image. At nighttime, exposure time can increase dramatically due to the near absence of light. Units are 127 microseconds. (Default = 7874)

*n*E Range: 1 - 7874

Example of Exposure at 7874E with fluorescent lighting:



Example of Exposure at 100E with fluorescent lighting:



G - Gain

Gain is used in Manual Style only (2P). Like a volume control, the gain modifier boosts the signal and multiplies the pixel value. As you increase the gain, the noise in an image is also amplified.

- 1G No gain (default)
- 2G Medium gain
- 4G Heavy gain
- 8G Maximum gain

Example of Gain at 1G:



Example of Gain at 4G:



Example of Gain at 8G:



W - Target White Value

Sets the target for the median grayscale value in the captured image. For capturing close-up images of high contrast documents, a lower setting, such as 75, is recommended. Higher settings result in longer exposure times and brighter images, but if the setting is too high, the image may be overexposed. Target White Value is only available when using Photo Style (1P). (Default = 125)

nW Range: 0 - 255

Example of White Value at 75W:

Example of White Value at 125W:

Example of White Value at 200W:







D - Delta for Acceptance

This sets the allowable range for the white value setting (see W - Target White Value). Delta is only available when using Photo Style (1P). (Default = 25)

nD Range: 0 - 255

U - Update Tries

This sets the maximum number of frames the scanner should take to reach the D - Delta for Acceptance. Update Tries is only available when using Photo Style (1P). (Default = 6)

nU Range: 0 - 10

% - Target Set Point Percentage

Sets the target point for the light and dark values in the captured image. A setting of 75% means 75% of the pixels are at or below the target white value, and 25% of the pixels are above the target white value. Altering this setting from the default is not recommended under normal circumstances. To alter grayscale values, W - Target White Value should be used. (Default = 50)

n% Range: 1 - 99

Example of Target Set Point Percentage at 97%:

Set Point Percentage at 50%:

Example of Target

Example of Target Set Point Percentage at 40%:

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Curabitur massa. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Donec interdum volutrast arcu. Proin sed turnis. Donec

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Curabitur massa. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Donec interdum volutpat arcu. Proin sed turpis. Donec Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Curabitur massa. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Donec interdum volutpat arcu. Proin sed turpis. Donec

Step 2 - Ship a Picture Using IMGSHP

Image Ship - IMGSHP

An image is taken whenever the button is pressed, or when the Image Snap (IMGSNP) command is processed. The last image is always stored in memory. You can "ship" the image by using the IMGSHP command.

The image ship commands have many different modifiers that can be used to change the look of the image output. Modifiers affect the image that is transmitted, but do not affect the image in memory. Any number of modifiers may be appended to the IMGSHP command. For example, you can use the following command to snap and ship a bitmap image with gamma correction and document image filtering: IMGSNP;IMGSHP8F75K26U

IMGSHP Modifiers

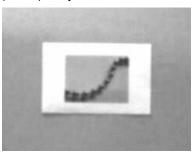
A - Infinity Filter

Enhances pictures taken from very long distances (greater than 10 feet or 3m). The Infinity Filter should not be used with IMGSHP Modifiers (page 8-5).

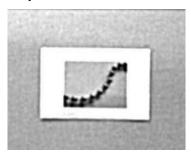
OA Infinity filter off (default)

1A Infinity filter on

Example of Infinity Filter off (0A) from approximately 12 feet (3.66m) away:



Example of Infinity Filter on (1A) from approximately 12 feet (3.66m) away:



C - Compensation

Flattens the image to account for variations in illumination across the image.

- 0C Compensation disabled (default)
- 1C Compensation enabled

Example of Compensation at 0C:

Example of Compensation at 1C:





D - Pixel Depth

Indicates the number of bits per pixel in the transmitted image (KIM or BMP format only).

- 8D 8 bits per pixel, grayscale image (default)
- 1D 1 bit per pixel, black and white image

E - Edge Sharpen

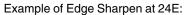
An edge sharpen filter cleans up the edges of an image, making it look cleaner and sharper. While edge sharpening does make the image look cleaner, it also removes some fine detail from the original image. The strength of the edge sharpen filter can be entered from 1 to 24. Entering a 23E gives the sharpest edges, but also increases noise in the image.

0E Don't sharpen image (default)

14E Apply edge sharpen for typical image

*n*e Apply edge sharpen using strength n (n = 1-24)

Example of Edge Sharpen at 0E:







F - File Format

Indicates the desired format for the image.

- 0F KIM format
- 1F TIFF binary
- 2F TIFF binary group 4, compressed
- 3F TIFF grayscale
- 4F Uncompressed binary (upper left to lower right, 1 pixel/bit, 0 padded end of line)
- 5F Uncompressed grayscale (upper left to lower right, bitmap format)
- 6F JPEG image (default)
- 8F BMP format (lower right to upper left, uncompressed)
- 10F TIFF color compressed image
- 11F TIFF color uncompressed image
- 12F JPEG color image
- 14F BMP color format
- 15F BMP Uncompressed raw image

H - Histogram Stretch

Increases the contrast of the transmitted image. Not available with some image formats.

0H No stretch (default)

1H Histogram stretch

Example of Histogram Stretch at 0H: Example of Histogram Stretch at 1H:





I - Invert Image

Invert image is used to rotate the image around the X or Y axis.

1ix Invert around the X axis (flips picture upside down)

1iy Invert around the Y axis (flips picture left to right)

Example of image not inverted:

Example of image with Invert Image set to 1ix:

Example of image with Invert Image set to 1iy:







IF- Noise Reduction

Used to reduce the salt and pepper noise in an image.

- Oif No salt and pepper noise reduction (default)
- 1if Salt and pepper noise reduction

Example of Noise Reduction Off (0if): Example of Noise Reduction On (1if):





IR - Image Rotate

- Oir Image as snapped (rightside up) (default)
- 1ir Rotate image 90 degrees to the right
- 2ir Rotate image 180 degrees (upside down)
- 3ir Rotate image 90 degrees to the left

Example of Image Rotate set to 0ir: Example of Image Rotate set to 2ir:





Example of Image Rotate set to 1ir: Example of Image Rotate set to 3ir:





J - JPEG Image Quality

Sets the desired quality when the JPEG image format is selected. Higher numbers result in higher quality, but larger files. Smaller numbers result in greater amounts of lossy compression, faster transmission times, lower quality, but smaller files. (*Default* = 50)

- *n*J Image is compressed as much as possible while preserving quality factor of n (n = 0 100)
- 0J worst quality (smallest file)
- 100Jbest quality (largest file)

K - Gamma Correction

Gamma measures the brightness of midtone values produced by the image. You can brighten or darken an image using gamma correction. A higher gamma correction yields an overall brighter image. The lower the setting, the darker the image. The optimal setting for text images is 50K.

- 0K Gamma correction off (default)
- 50K Apply gamma correction for brightening typical document image
- *n*K Apply gamma correction factor n (n = 0-1,000)

Example of Gamma Correction set to 0K:



Example of Gamma Correction set to 50K:



Example of Gamma Correction set to 255K:



L, R, T, B, M - Image Cropping

Ships a window of the image by specifying the left, right, top, and bottom pixel coordinates. Device columns are numbered 0 through 1279, and device rows are numbered 0 through 959.

- *n*L The left edge of the shipped image corresponds to column *n* of the image in memory. Range: 000 843. (*Default* = 0)
- nR The right edge of the shipped image corresponds to column n 1 of the image in memory. Range: 000 843. (Default = all columns)
- nT The top edge of the shipped image corresponds to row n of the image in memory. Range: 000 639. (Default = 0)

*n*B The bottom edge of the shipped image corresponds to row n - 1 of the image in memory. Range: 000 - 639. (*Default* = *all rows*)

Uncropped Image:

Example of Image Crop set to 300R:

Example of Image Crop set to 300L:







Example of Image Crop set to 200B:

Example of Image Crop set to 200T:





Alternately, specify the number of pixels to cut from the outside margin of the image; thus only the center pixels are transmitted.

nM Margin: cut n columns from the left, n+1 columns from the right, n rows from the top, and n+1 rows from the bottom of the image. Ship the remaining center pixels. Range: 0 - 238. (Default = 0, or full image)

Example of Image Crop set to 238M:



P - Protocol

Used for shipping an image. Protocol covers two features of the image data being sent to the host. It addresses the protocol used to send the data (Hmodem, which is an Xmodem 1K variant that has additional header information), and the format of the image data that is sent.

- OP None (raw data)
- 2P None (default for USB)
- 3P Hmodem compressed (default for RS232)
- 4P Hmodem

S - Pixel Ship

Pixel Ship sizes an image in proportion to its original size. It decimates the image by shipping only certain, regularly spaced pixels. For example, **4S** would transmit every fourth pixel from every fourth line. The smaller number of pixels shipped, the smaller the image, however, after a certain point the image becomes unusable.

1S ship every pixel (default)

2S ship every 2nd pixel, both horizontally and vertically

3S ship every 3rd pixel, both horizontally and vertically

Example of Pixel Ship set to 1S:

Example of Pixel Ship set to 2S:

Example of Pixel Ship set to 3S:







U - Document Image Filter

Allows you to input parameters to sharpen the edges and smooth the area between the edges of text in an image. This filter should be used with gamma correction (see page 8-10), with the scanner in a stand, and the image captured using the command:

IMGSNP1P0L168W90%32D

This filter typically provides better JPEG compression than the standard E-Edge Sharpen command (see page 8-13). This filter also works well when shipping pure black and white images (1 bit per pixel). The optimal setting is 26U.

0U Document image filter off (default)

26U Apply document image filter for typical document image

nU Apply document image filter using grayscale threshold n. Use lower numbers when the image contrast is lower. 1U will have a similar effect to setting E - Edge Sharpen (page 8-7) to 22e. Range: 0-255.

Example of Document Image Filter set to 0U:



Example of Document Image Filter set to 26U:



V - Blur Image

Smooths transitions by averaging the pixels next to the hard edges of defined lines and shaded areas in an image.

0V Don't blur (default)

1V Blur

Example of Blur Image Off (0V):



Example of Blur Image On (1V):



W - Histogram Ship

A histogram gives a quick picture of the tonal range of an image, or key type. A low-key image has detail concentrated in the shadows; a high-key image has detail concentrated in the highlights; and an average-key image has detail concentrated in the midtones. This modifier ships the histogram for an image.

0W Don't ship histogram (default)

1W Ship histogram

Image used for histogram:



Histogram of image at left:

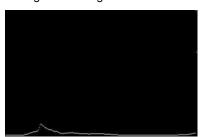


Image Size Compatibility

If you have applications that expect an image ship to return exactly 640x480 pixels, scan the Force VGA Resolution bar code. Default = Native Resolution



Force VGA Resolution



* Native Resolution

Intelligent Signature Capture - IMGBOX

IMGBOX allows you to configure the size and location of a signature capture area relative to its proximity to a bar code. This allows you to tailor a signature capture area to a specific form. In order to use IMGBOX, you need a set form where the signature box location is in a known location relative to a bar code. You can input the overall size of the signature area, as well as specify how far the signature area is from the bar code, vertically and horizontally. You can also set the resolution and file format for the final output of the signature capture image.

Note: IMGBOX commands can only be triggered by one of the following types of bar codes: PDF417, Code 39, Code 128, Aztec, Codabar, and Interleaved 2 of 5. Once one of these symbologies has been read, the image is retained for a possible IMGBOX command.

Signature Capture Optimize

If you will be using your scanner to capture signatures frequently, you should optimize it for this purpose. However, the speed of scanning bar codes may be slowed when this mode is enabled. *Default = Off.*



Optimize On



* Optimize Off

The following IMGBOX example was executed and viewed using QuickView software. This software is available at www.honeywellaidc.com. Click on Software Downloads. Select 4600r from the Products list, then select QuickView Software Utility.

Below is an example of a signature capture application. In this example, the aimer is centered over the signature capture area and the trigger is pressed. A single beep is emitted, indicating that the scanner has read a Code 128 bar code and the data has been transferred to the host. If using a Granit scanner, the scanner also vibrates. An IMGBOX command may now be sent from the host to specify the coordinates of the signature capture area below that code, and indicating that only that area containing the signature should be transferred as an image to the host.

To see this example, align the aimer with the signature area (not with the bar code), then press the trigger.



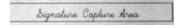
Signature Capture Area

Send the following IMGBOX command string after the button push:

Example: IMGBOX245w37h55v.

Note: Case is not important in the command string. It is used here only for clarity.

The following image is captured:



The IMGBOX commands have many different modifiers that can be used to change the size and appearance of the signature image output by the scanner. Modifiers affect the image that is transmitted, but do not affect the image in memory. Any number of modifiers may be appended to the IMGBOX command.

Note: The IMGBOX command will return a NAK unless a window size (width and height) are specified. See H - Height of Signature Capture Area (page 8-17) and W - Width of Signature Capture Area (page 8-18).

IMGBOX Modifiers

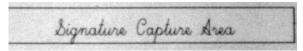
A - Output Image Width

This option is used to size the image horizontally. If using this option, set the resolution (R) to zero.

Example of Image Width set to 200A:



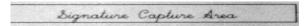
Example of Image Width set to 600A:



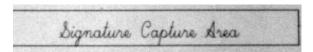
B - Output Image Height

This option is used to size the image vertically. If using this option, set the resolution (R) to zero.

Example of Image Height set to 50B:



Example of Image Height set to 100B:



D - Pixel Depth

This indicates the number of bits per pixel in the transmitted image, which defines whether it will be grayscale or black and white.

- 8D 8 bits per pixel, grayscale image (default)
- 1D 1 bit per pixel, black and white image

F - File Format

This option indicates the type of file format in which to save the image.

- 0F KIM format
- 1F TIFF binary
- 2F TIFF binary group 4, compressed
- 3F TIFF grayscale
- 4F Uncompressed Binary
- 5F Uncompressed grayscale
- 6F JPEG image (default)
- 7F Outlined image

8F BMP format

H - Height of Signature Capture Area

The height of the signature capture area must be measured in inches divided by .01. In the example, the height of the area to be captured is 3/8 inch, resulting in a value of H = .375/0.01 = 37.5.

Example: IMGBOX245w 37h 55y.

K - Gamma Correction

Gamma measures the brightness of midtone values produced by the image. You can brighten or darken an image using gamma correction. A higher gamma correction yields an overall brighter image. The lower the setting, the darker the image. The optimal setting for text images is 50K.

0K Gamma correction off (default)

50K Apply gamma correction for brightening typical document image

*n*K Apply gamma correction factor n (n = 1-255)

Example of Gamma Correction set to 0K:



Example of Gamma Correction set to 50K:



Example of Gamma Correction set to 255K:

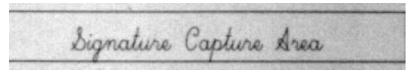


R - Resolution of Signature Capture Area

The resolution is the number of pixels that the scanner outputs per each minimum bar width. The higher the value for R, the higher the quality of the image, but also the larger the file size. Values begin at 1000. The scanner automatically inserts a decimal point between the first and second digit.

For example, use 2500 to specify a resolution of 2.5. Set to zero when using the A and B modifiers (see A - Output Image Width and B - Output Image Height on page 8-16).

Example of Resolution set to 0R:



Example of Resolution set to 1000R:



Example of Resolution set to 2000R:



S - Bar Code Aspect Ratio

All dimensions used in IMGBOX are measured as multiples of the minimum element size of the bar code. The bar code aspect ratio allows you to set the ratio of the bar code height to the narrow element width. In the example, the narrow element width is .010 inches and the bar code height is 0.400 inches, resulting in a value of S = 0.4/0.01 = 40.

W - Width of Signature Capture Area

The width of the signature capture area must be measured in inches divided by .01. In the example, the width of the area to be captured is 2.4 inches, resulting in a value of W = 2.4/0.01 = 240. (A value of 245 was used in the example to accommodate a slightly wider image area.)

Example: IMGBOX 245w 37h55y.

X - Horizontal Bar Code Offset

The horizontal bar code offset allows you to offset the horizontal center of the signature capture area. Positive values move the horizontal center to the right and negative values to the left. Measurements are in multiples of the minimum bar width.

Example of Horizontal Offset set to 75X:



Example of Horizontal Offset set to -75X:



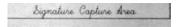
Y - Vertical Bar Code Offset

The vertical bar code offset allows you to offset the vertical center of the signature capture area. Negative numbers indicate that the signature capture is above the bar code, and positive numbers indicate that the area is below the bar code. Measurements are in multiples of the minimum bar width.

Example of Vertical Offset set to -7Y:



Example of Vertical Offset set to 65Y:



RF Default Imaging Device

The scanner supports imaging command processing (IMGSHP, IMGSNP, IMGBOX) so that EZConfig-Scanning (see page 10-3) and other applications are able to perform imaging functions as if they were communicating directly with a scanner. To accomplish this, the scanner uses a menu command called RF_DID (RF Default Imaging Device). RF_DID is the name of the scanner (BT_NAM) that is to receive imaging commands. The default for RF_DID is "*"indicating that imaging commands are to be sent to all associated scanners. Change this setting to RF_DIDscanner_name to ensure that they are sent to a particular scanner. Refer to "Paging" on page 3-10 to generate a report containing the port, work group, scanner name, and address for each scanner. Refer to "Scanner Name" on page 3-26 set a unique name for each scanner.

Interface Keys

Keyboard Function Relationships

The following Keyboard Function Code, Hex/ASCII Value, and Full ASCII "CTRL"+ relationships apply to all terminals that can be used with the scanner. Refer to page 2-22 enable Control + X (Control + ASCII) Mode.

Function Code	HEX/ASCII Value	Eull ACCII (CTDL . V Mada)
		Full ASCII (CTRL + X Mode)
NUL	00	@
SOH	01	A
STX	02	В
ETX	03	С
EOT	04	D
ENQ	05	E
ACK	06	F
BEL	07	G
BS	08	Н
HT	09	1
LF	0A	J
VT	0B	K
FF	0C	L
CR	0D	M
SO	0E	N
SI	0F	0
DLE	10	Р
DC1	11	Q
DC2	12	R
DC3	13	S
DC4	14	Т
NAK	15	U
SYN	16	V
ETB	17	W
CAN	18	X
EM	19	Υ
SUB	1A	Z
ESC	1B	[
FS	1C	\
GS	1D]
RS	1E	^
US	1F	
		_

The last five characters in the Full ASCII "CTRL"+ column ([\] 6 -), apply to US only. The following chart indicates the equivalents of these five characters for different countries.

Country			Codes		
United States	[\]	6	-
Belgium	[<]	6	-
Scandinavia	8	<	9	6	-
France	٨	8	\$	6	=
Germany		Ã	+	6	-
Italy		\	+	6	-
Switzerland		<		6	-
United Kingdom	[¢]	6	-
Denmark	8	\	9	6	-
Norway	8	\	9	6	-
Spain	[\]	6	-

Supported Interface Keys

ASCII	HEX	IBM PC/AT and Compatibles, USB PC Keyboard	Apple Mac/iMac Supported Keys
NUL	00	Reserved	Reserved
SOH	01	Enter (KP)	Enter/Numpad Enter
STX	02	Cap Lock	CAPS
ETX	03	ALT make	ALT make
EOT	04	ALT break	ALT break
ENQ	05	CTRL make	CNTRL make
ACK	06	CTRL break	CNTRL break
BEL	07	CR/Enter	RETURN
BS	80	Reserved	APPLE make
HT	09	Tab	TAB
LF	0A	Reserved	APPLE break
VT	0B	Tab	TAB
FF	0C	Delete	Del
CR	0D	CR/Enter	RETURN
SO	0E	Insert	Ins Help
SI	0F	Escape	ESC
DLE	10	F11	F11
DC1	11	Home	Home
DC2	12	Print	Prnt Scrn
DC3	13	Back Space	BACKSPACE
DC4	14	Back Tab	LSHIFT TAB
NAK	15	F12	F12
SYN	16	F1	F1
ETB	17	F2	F2
CAN	18	F3	F3
EM	19	F4	F4
SUB	1A	F5	F5
ESC	1B	F6	F6
FS	1C	F7	F7
GS	1D	F8	F8
RS	1E	F9	F9
US	1F	F10	F10
DEL	7F		BACKSPACE

To Add a Test Code I.D. Prefix to All Symbologies

This selection allows you to turn on transmission of a Code I.D. before the decoded symbology. (See the Symbology Charts, beginning on page A-1) for the single character code that identifies each symbology.) This action first clears all current prefixes, then programs a Code I.D. prefix for all symbologies. This is a temporary setting that will be removed when the unit is power cycled.



Add Code I.D. Prefix to All Symbologies (Temporary)

Show Decoder Revision

Scan the bar code below to output the decoder revision.



Show Scan Driver Revision

Scan the bar code below to output the scan driver revision. The scan driver controls image capture.



Show Scan Driver Revision

Show Software Revision

Scan the bar code below to output the current software revision, unit serial number, and other product information for both the scanner and base.



Show Revision

Show Data Format

Scan the bar code below to show current data format settings.



Data Format Settings

Test Menu

When you scan the Test Menu **On** code, then scan a programming code in this manual, the scanner displays the content of a programming code. The programming function will still occur, but in addition, the content of that programming code is output to the terminal.

Note: This feature should not be used during normal scanner operation.



TSTMNU1.

On



TSTMNU0

TotalFreedom

TotalFreedom is an open system architecture that makes it possible for you create applications that reside on your scanner. Decoding apps and Data Formatting apps can be created using TotalFreedom. For further information about TotalFreedom, go to our website at www.honeywellaidc.com.

Application Plug-Ins (Apps)

Any apps that you are using can be turned off or on by scanning the following bar codes. Apps are stored in groups: Decoding, and Formatting. You can enable and disable these groups of apps by scanning that group's **On** or **Off** bar code below. You can also scan the **List Apps** bar code to output a list of all your apps.



* Decoding Apps On



PLGFOE1.
* Formatting Apps On





Formatting Apps Off



PLGINF. List Apps

Note: You must reset your device in order for the apps setting to take effect.

EZConfig-Scanning Introduction

EZConfig-Scanning provides a wide range of PC-based programming functions that can be performed on a scanner connected to your PC's COM port. EZConfig-Scanning allows you to download upgrades to the scanner's firmware, change programmed parameters, and create and print programming bar codes. Using EZConfig-Scanning, you can even save/open the programming parameters for a scanner. This saved file can be e-mailed or, if required, you can create a single bar code that contains all the customized programming parameters and mail or fax that bar code to any location. Users in other locations can scan the bar code to load in the customized programming.

To communicate with a scanner, EZConfig-Scanning requires that the PC have at least one available serial communication port, or a serial port emulation using a physical USB port. If you are using the serial port and RS232 cable, an external power supply is required. When using a USB serial port emulation, only a USB cable is required.

EZConfig-Scanning Operations

The EZConfig-Scanning software performs the following operations:

Scan Data

Scan Data allows you to scan bar codes and display the bar code data in a window. Scan Data lets you send serial commands to the scanner and receive scanner response that can be seen in the Scan Data window. The data displayed in the Scan Data window can either be saved in a file or printed.

Configure

Configure displays the programming and configuration data of the scanner. The scanner's programming and configuration data is grouped into different categories. Each category is displayed as a tree item under the "Configure" tree node in the application explorer. When one of these tree nodes is clicked, the right-hand side is loaded with the parameters' form belonging to that particular category. The "Configure" tree option has all the programming and configuration parameters specified for a scanner. You can set or modify these parameters as required. You can later write the modified settings to the scanner, or save them to a dcf file.

Imaging

Imaging provides all the image-related functions that a 2D Scanner can perform. You can capture an image using the current settings, and the image will be displayed in an image window. Images captured from the scanner can be saved to files in different image formats. You can modify the image settings and save the image settings to an INI file, which can be loaded later to capture new images. Imaging also lets you preview the images continuously captured by the scanner.

Installing EZConfig-Scanning from the Web

Note: EZConfig-Scanning requires .NET software. If .NET is not installed on your PC, you will be prompted to install it during the EZConfig-Scanning installation.

- Access the Honeywell web site at www.honeywellaidc.com
- 2. Click on the Resources tab. Select Software.
- 3. Click on the dropdown for Select Product Number. Click on 1900.
- Click on the listing for EZConfig-Scanning.
- When prompted, select Save File, and save the files to the c:\windows\temp directory.
- 6. Once you have finished downloading the file, exit the web site.
- 7. Using Explorer, go to the **c:\windows\temp** file.
- 8. Double click on the **Setup.exe** file. Follow the screen prompts to install the EZConfig-Scanning program.



Serial Programming Commands

The serial programming commands can be used in place of the programming bar codes. Both the serial commands and the programming bar codes will program the scanner. For complete descriptions and examples of each serial programming command, refer to the corresponding programming bar code in this manual.

The device must be set to an RS232 interface (see page 2-2). The following commands can be sent via a PC COM port using terminal emulation software.

Conventions

The following conventions are used for menu and query command descriptions: parameterA label representing the actual value you should send as part of a command.

[option]An optional part of a command.

{Data}Alternatives in a command.

boldNames of menus, menu commands, buttons, dialog boxes, and windows that appear on the screen.

Menu Command Syntax

Menu commands have the following syntax (spaces have been used for clarity only):

Prefix [:Name:] Tag SubTag {Data} [, SubTag {Data}] [; Tag SubTag {Data}] [...] Storage

PrefixThree ASCII characters: SYN M CR (ASCII 22,77,13).

:Name:To send information to the scanner (with the base connected to host), use :Xenon: The default factory setting for a Xenon scanner is Xenon scanner. This setting is changed by using the BT_NAM command, which accepts alphanumeric values. If the name is not known, a wildcard (*) can be used :*:.

Note: Since the base stores all work group settings and transfers to them to scanner once they are linked, changes are typically done to the base and not to the scanner.

Tag A 3 character case-insensitive field that identifies the desired menu command group. For example, all RS232 configuration settings are identified with a Tag of 232.

SubTagA 3 character case-insensitive field that identifies the desired menu command within the tag group. For example, the SubTag for the RS232 baud rate is **BAD**.

DataThe new value for a menu setting, identified by the Tag and SubTag.

StorageA single character that specifies the storage table to which the command is applied. An exclamation point (!) performs the command's operation on the device's volatile menu configuration table. A period (.) performs the command's operation on the device's non-volatile menu configuration table. Use the non-volatile table only for semi-permanent changes you want saved through a power cycle.

Query Commands

Several special characters can be used to query the device about its settings.

- Mhat is the default value for the setting(s).
- ? What is the device's current value for the setting(s).
- * What is the range of possible values for the setting(s). (The device's response uses a dash (-) to indicate a continuous range of values. A pipe (I) separates items in a list of non-continuous values.)

:Name: Field Usage (Optional)

This command returns the query information from the scanner.

Tag Field Usage

When a query is used in place of a Tag field, the query applies to the *entire* set of commands available for the particular storage table indicated by the Storage field of the command. In this case, the SubTag and Data fields should not be used because they are ignored by the device.

SubTag Field Usage

When a query is used in place of a SubTag field, the query applies only to the subset of commands available that match the Tag field. In this case, the Data field should not be used because it is ignored by the device.

Data Field Usage

When a query is used in place of the Data field, the query applies only to the specific command identified by the Tag and SubTag fields.

Concatenation of Multiple Commands

Multiple commands can be issued within one Prefix/Storage sequence. Only the Tag, SubTag, and Data fields must be repeated for each command in the sequence. If additional commands are to be applied to the same Tag, then the new command sequence is separated with a comma (,) and only the SubTag and Data fields of the additional command are issued. If the additional command requires a different Tag field, the command is separated from previous commands by a semicolon (;).

Responses

The device responds to serial commands with one of three responses:

ACKIndicates a good command which has been processed.

ENQIndicates an invalid Tag or SubTag command.

NAKIndicates the command was good, but the Data field entry was out of the allowable range for this Tag and SubTag combination, e.g., an entry for a minimum message length of 100 when the field will only accept 2 characters.

When responding, the device echoes back the command sequence with the status character inserted directly before each of the punctuation marks (the period, exclamation point, comma, or semicolon) in the command.

Examples of Query Commands

In the following examples, a bracketed notation [] depicts a non-displayable response.

Example: What is the range of possible values for Codabar Coding Enable?

Enter: cbrena*.

Response: CBRENA0-1[ACK]

This response indicates that Codabar Coding Enable (CBRENA) has a range of values from 0 to 1 (off and on).

Example: What is the default value for Codabar Coding Enable?

Enter: cbrena^.

Response: CBRENA1[ACK]

This response indicates that the default setting for Codabar Coding Enable (CBRENA) is 1, or on.

Example: What is the device's current setting for Codabar Coding Enable?

Enter: cbrena?.

Response: CBRENA1[ACK]

This response indicates that the device's Codabar Coding Enable (CBRENA) is set to 1, or on.

Example: What are the device's settings for all Codabar selections?

Enter: cbr?.

Response: CBRENA1[ACK],

SSX0[ACK], CK20[ACK], CCT1[ACK], MIN2[ACK],

MAX60[ACK], DFT[ACK].

This response indicates that the device's Codabar Coding Enable (CBRENA) is set to 1, or on:

the Start/Stop Character (SSX) is set to 0, or Don't Transmit;

the Check Character (CK2) is set to 0, or Not Required;

concatenation (CCT) is set to 1, or Enabled;

the Minimum Message Length (MIN) is set to 2 characters;

the Maximum Message Length (MAX) is set to 60 characters;

and the Default setting (DFT) has no value.

Trigger Commands

You can activate and deactivate the scanner with serial trigger commands. First, the scanner must be put in Manual Trigger Mode by scanning a Manual Trigger Mode bar code (page 4-7), or by sending a serial menu command for triggering (page 4-9). Once the scanner is in serial trigger mode, the trigger is activated and deactivated by sending the following commands:

Activate: SYN T CR
Deactivate: SYN U CR

The scanner scans until a bar code has been read, until the deactivate command is sent, or until the serial time-out has been reached (see "Read Time-Out" on page 4-9 for a description, and the serial command on page 11-19).

Resetting the Custom Defaults

If you want the custom default settings restored to your scanner, scan the **Activate Custom Defaults** bar code below. This resets the scanner to the custom default settings. If there are no custom defaults, it will reset the scanner to the factory default settings. Any settings that have not been specified through the custom defaults will be defaulted to the factory default settings.



Activate Custom Defaults

Note: If using a cordless system, scanning this bar code also causes both the scanner and the base or Access Point to perform a reset and become unlinked. The scanner must be placed in its base to re-establish the link. If using an Access Point, the linking bar code must be scanned. See Cordless System Operation beginning on page 3-1 for additional information.

The charts on the following pages list the factory default settings for each of the commands (indicated by an asterisk (*) on the programming pages).

Menu Commands

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Product Default Se	ttings		
Setting Custom	Set Custom Defaults	MNUCDP	1-15
Defaults	Save Custom Defaults	MNUCDS	1-15
Resetting the Custom Defaults	Activate Custom Defaults	DEFALT	1-16
Resetting the Factory Defaults	Remove Custom Defaults	DEFOVR	1-16
	Activate Defaults	DEFALT	1-16
Resetting the Factory Defaults - cordless scanners	Factory Default Settings: All Application Groups	PAPDFT&	3-29
Resetting the Custom Defaults - cordless scanners	Custom Default Settings: All Application Groups	PAPDFT	3-30
Programming the li	nterface		
Plug and Play Codes	Keyboard Wedge: IBM PC AT and Compatibles with CR suffix	PAP_AT	2-1
	Laptop Direct Connect with CR suffix	PAPLTD	2-1
	RS232 Serial Port	PAP232	2-2

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Plug and Play Codes: RS485	IBM Port 5B Interface	PAPP5B	2-2
	IBM Port 9B HHBCR-1 Interface	PAP9B1	2-2
	IBM Port 17 Interface	PAPP17	2-2
	IBM Port 9B HHBCR-2 Interface	PAP9B2	2-2
	RS485 Packet Mode On	RTLPDF1	2-3
	RS485 Packet Mode Off	RTLPDF0	2-3
	RS485 Packet Length (20-256)	RTLMPS	2-3
Plug and Play Codes: IBM SurePos	USB IBM SurePos Handheld	PAPSPH	2-4
	USB IBM SurePos Tabletop	PAPSPT	2-4
Plug and Play Codes:	USB Keyboard (PC)	PAP124	2-4
USB	USB Keyboard (Mac)	PAP125	2-4
	USB Japanese Keyboard (PC)	TRMUSB134	2-4
	USB HID	PAP131	2-5
	USB Serial	TRMUSB130	2-5
	CTS/RTS Emulation On	USBCTS1	2-5
	CTS/RTS Emulation Off*	USBCTS0	2-5
	ACK/NAK Mode On	USBACK1	2-5
	ACK/NAK Mode Off*	USBACK0	2-5
Remote MasterMind	ReM Off	REMIFC0	2-6
for USB	ReM On	REMIFC1	2-6

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Plug and Play Codes	Verifone Ruby Terminal	PAPRBY	2-6
	Gilbarco Terminal	PAPGLB	2-7
	Honeywell Bioptic Aux Port	PAPBIO	2-7
	Datalogic Magellan Aux Port	PAPMAG	2-7
	NCR Bioptic Aux Port	PAPNCR	2-8
	Wincor Nixdorf Terminal	PAPWNX	2-8
	Wincor Nixdorf Beetle	PAPBTL	2-8
Program Keyboard	*U.S.A.	KBDCTY0	2-9
Country	Albania	KBDCTY35	2-9
	Azeri (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY81	2-9
	Azeri (Latin)	KBDCTY80	2-9
	Belarus	KBDCTY82	2-9
	Belgium	KBDCTY1	2-9
	Bosnia	KBDCTY33	2-10
	Brazil	KBDCTY16	2-10
	Brazil (MS)	KBDCTY59	2-10
	Bulgaria (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY52	2-10
	Bulgaria (Latin)	KBDCTY53	2-10
	Canada (French legacy)	KBDCTY54	2-10
	Canada (French)	KBDCTY18	2-10
	Canada (Multilingual)	KBDCTY55	2-10
	Croatia	KBDCTY32	2-11
	Czech	KBDCTY15	2-11

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Program Keyboard Country	Czech (Programmers)	KBDCTY40	2-11
	Czech (QWERTY)	KBDCTY39	2-11
	Czech (QWERTZ)	KBDCTY38	2-11
	Denmark	KBDCTY8	2-11
	Dutch (Netherlands)	KBDCTY11	2-11
	Estonia	KBDCTY41	2-11
	Faroese	KBDCTY83	2-12
	Finland	KBDCTY2	2-12
	France	KBDCTY3	2-12
	Gaelic	KBDCTY84	2-12
	Germany	KBDCTY4	2-12
	Greek	KBDCTY17	2-12
	Greek (220 Latin)	KBDCTY64	2-12
	Greek (220)	KBDCTY61	2-12
	Greek (319 Latin)	KBDCTY65	2-13
	Greek (319)	KBDCTY62	2-13
	Greek (Latin)	KBDCTY63	2-13
	Greek (MS)	KBDCTY66	2-13
	Greek (Polytonic)	KBDCTY60	2-13
	Hebrew	KBDCTY12	2-13
	Hungarian (101 key)	KBDCTY50	2-13
	Hungary	KBDCTY19	2-13
	Iceland	KBDCTY75	2-13
	Irish	KBDCTY73	2-14
	Italian (142)	KBDCTY56	2-14
	Italy	KBDCTY5	2-14
	Japan ASCII	KBDCTY28	2-14
	Kazakh	KBDCTY78	2-14
	Kyrgyz (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY79	2-14
	Latin America	KBDCTY14	2-14
	Latvia	KBDCTY42	2-14

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Program Keyboard	Latvia (QWERTY)	KBDCTY43	2-15
Country	Lithuania	KBDCTY44	2-15
	Lithuania (IBM)	KBDCTY45	2-15
	Macedonia	KBDCTY34	2-15
	Malta	KBDCTY74	2-15
	Mongolian (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY86	2-15
	Norway	KBDCTY9	2-15
	Poland	KBDCTY20	2-15
	Polish (214)	KBDCTY57	2-16
	Polish (Programmers)	KBDCTY58	2-16
	Portugal	KBDCTY13	2-16
	Romania	KBDCTY25	2-16
	Russia	KBDCTY26	2-16
	Russian (MS)	KBDCTY67	2-16
	Russian (Typewriter)	KBDCTY68	2-16
	SCS	KBDCTY21	2-16
	Serbia (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY37	2-17
	Serbia (Latin)	KBDCTY36	2-17
	Slovakia	KBDCTY22	2-17
	Slovakia (QWERTY)	KBDCTY49	2-17
	Slovakia (QWERTZ)	KBDCTY48	2-17
	Slovenia	KBDCTY31	2-17
	Spain	KBDCTY10	2-17
	Spanish variation	KBDCTY51	2-17
	Sweden	KBDCTY23	2-18
	Switzerland (French)	KBDCTY29	2-18
	Switzerland (German)	KBDCTY6	2-18
	Tatar	KBDCTY85	2-18
	Turkey F	KBDCTY27	2-18
	Turkey Q	KBDCTY24	2-18

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Program Keyboard	Ukrainian	KBDCTY76	2-18
Country	United Kingdom	KBDCTY7	2-18
	United Stated (Dvorak right)	KBDCTY89	2-19
	United States (Dvorak left)	KBDCTY88	2-19
	United States (Dvorak)	KBDCTY87	2-19
	United States (International)	KBDCTY30	2-19
	Uzbek (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY77	2-19
Keyboard Conversion	*Keyboard Conversion Off	KBDCNV0	2-21
	Convert all Characters to Upper Case	KBDCNV1	2-21
	Convert all Characters to Lower Case	KBDCNV2	2-21
Keyboard Style	*Regular	KBDSTY0	2-19
	Caps Lock	KBDSTY1	2-20
	Shift Lock	KBDSTY2	2-20
	Automatic Caps Lock	KBDSTY6	2-20
	Emulate External Keyboard	KBDSTY5	2-20
Control Character Output	*Control Character Output Off	KBDNPE0	2-21
	*Control Character Output On	KBDNPE1	2-21

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Keyboard Modifiers	*Control + X Off	KBDCAS0	2-22
	DOS Mode Control + X	KBDCAS1	2-22
	Windows Mode Control + X	KBDCAS2	2-22
	Windows Mode Prefix/Suffix Off	KBDCAS3	2-22
	*Turbo Mode Off	KBDTMD0	2-22
	Turbo Mode On	KBDTMD1	2-22
	*Numeric Keypad Off	KBDNPS0	2-23
	Numeric Keypad On	KBDNPS1	2-23
	*Auto Direct Connect Off	KBDADC0	2-23
	Auto Direct Connect On	KBDADC1	2-23
Baud Rate	300 BPS	232BAD0	2-23
	600 BPS	232BAD1	2-23
	1200 BPS	232BAD2	2-24
	2400 BPS	232BAD3	2-24
	4800 BPS	232BAD4	2-24
	9600 BPS	232BAD5	2-24
	19200 BPS	232BAD6	2-24
	38400 BPS	232BAD7	2-24
	57600 BPS	232BAD8	2-24
	*115200 BPS	232BAD9	2-24

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Word Length: Data Bits, Stop Bits, and	7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Even	232WRD3	2-25
Parity	7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity None	232WRD0	2-25
	7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Odd	232WRD6	2-25
	7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Even	232WRD4	2-25
	7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity None	232WRD1	2-25
	7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Odd	232WRD7	2-25
	8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Even	232WRD5	2-25
	*8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity None	232WRD2	2-26
	8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Odd	232WRD8	2-26
	7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Space	232WRD9	2-26
	7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Space	232WRD10	2-26
	8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Space	232WRD11	2-26
	7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Mark	232WRD12	2-26
	7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Mark	232WRD13	2-26
	8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Mark	232WRD14	2-26
RS232 Receiver Time-out	Range 0 - 300 seconds	232LPT###	2-27

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
RS232 Handshaking	*RTS/CTS Off	232CTS0	2-27
	Flow Control, No Timeout	232CTS1	2-27
	Two-Direction Flow Control	232CTS2	2-27
	Flow Control with Timeout	232CTS3	2-27
	RS232 Timeout	232DEL####	2-28
	*XON/XOFF Off	232XON0	2-28
	XON/XOFF On	232XON1	2-28
	*ACK/NAK Off	232ACK0	2-29
	ACK/NAK On	232ACK1	2-29
Scanner-Bioptic	*Packet Mode Off	232PKT0	2-29
Packet Mode	Packet Mode On	232PKT2	2-3
Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Mode	*Bioptic ACK/NAK Off	232NAK0	2-30
	Bioptic ACK/NAK On	232NAK1	2-30
Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Timeout	ACK/NAK Timeout *5100	232DLK####	2-30
Cordless System C Note: This section app corded scanner	• plies only to cordless sy	stems. It does not app	oly to
Base Power	*On	:*:BASRED1	3-9
Communication Indicator	Off	:*:BASRED0	3-9
Reset Scanner	Reset Scanner	RESET_	3-9
Scanning While in Base Cradle	Scanning in Cradle Off	BT_SIC0	3-10
	*Scanning in Cradle On (CCB01-010BT default)	BT_SIC1	3-10
	Shut Down Scanner in Cradle	BT_SIC2	3-10

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Paging Mode	*On	BEPPGE1	3-10
	Off	BEPPGE0	3-10
Paging Pitch	Range 400 - 9000 Hz (*1000)	BEPPFQ####	3-10
Beeper Pitch - Base Error	*Razz (250) (min 200Hz)	BASFQ2250	3-11
	Medium (3250)	BASFQ23250	3-11
	High (4200) (max 9000Hz)	BASFQ24200	3-11
Number of Beeps -	*1	BASERR3	3-12
Base Error	Range 1 - 9	BASERR#	3-12
Scanner Report	Scanner Report	RPTSCN	3-12
Scanner Address	Scanner Address	BT_LDA	3-12
Base Address	Base Address	:*:BASLDA	3-12
Scanner Modes	Charge Only Mode	:*:BASLNK0	3-13
	Charge and Link Mode	::BASLNK1	3-13
	Locked Link Mode	BASCON0,DNG1	3-14
	*Open Link Mode	BASCON1,DNG1	3-14
	Unlink Scanner	BT_RMV	3-14
	Override Locked Scanner	BT_RPL1	3-15
Out-of-Range Alarm	Base Alarm Duration (Range 1 - 3000 sec (*0))	BASORD	3-15
	Scanner Alarm Duration (Range 1 - 3000 sec (*0))	BT_ORD	3-15
Alarm Sound Type	Base Alarm Type	BASORW	3-16
	Scanner Alarm Type	BT_ORW	3-16

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Scanner Power	Timer (0-7200	BT_LPT0	3-17
Time-Out Timer	seconds)		
	200 Seconds	BT_LPT200	3-17
	400 Seconds	BT_LPT400	3-17
	900 Seconds	BT_LPT900	3-17
	3600 Seconds	BT_LPT3600	3-17
	7200 Seconds	BT_LPT7200	3-17
Flexible Power	*Full Power	BT_TXP100	3-18
Management	Medium Power	BT_TXP35	3-18
	Medium Low Power	BT_TXP5	3-18
	Low Power	BT_TXP1	3-18
Reset	Reset Base	RESET_	3-19
	Reset Scanner	:*:RESET_	3-19
Batch Mode	Automatic Batch Mode	BATENA1	3-20
	*Batch Mode Off	BATENA0	3-20
	Inventory Batch Mode	BATENA2	3-20
	Persistent Batch Mode	BATENA3	3-20
Batch Mode Beep	Off	BATBEP0	3-20
	*On	BATBEP1	3-20
Batch Mode Storage	*Flash Storage	BATNVS1	3-21
	RAM Storage	BATNVS0	3-21
Batch Mode Quantity	*Off	BATQTY0	3-21
	On	BATQTY1	3-21

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Quantity Codes	0	BATNUM0	3-22
	*1	BATNUM1	3-22
	2	BATNUM2	3-22
	3	BATNUM3	3-22
	4	BATNUM4	3-22
	5	BATNUM5	3-23
	6	BATNUM6	3-23
	7	BATNUM7	3-23
	8	BATNUM8	3-23
	9	BATNUM9	3-23
Batch Mode Output	*FIFO	BATLIF0	3-23
Order	LIFO	BATLIF1	3-23
Total Records	Total Records	BATNRC	3-24
Delete Last Code	Delete Last Code	BATUND	3-24
Clear All Codes	Clear All Codes	BATCLR	3-24
Transmit Records to Host	Transmit Inventory Records	BAT_TX	3-24
Batch Mode Transmit Delay	*Off	BATDLY0	3-25
	Short (ms)	BATDLY250	3-25
	Medium (ms)	BATDLY500	3-25
	Long (ms)	BATDLY1000	3-25
Multiple Scanner Operation	Multiple Scanner Operation	BASCON2,DNG3	3-26
Scanner Name	Name 1-7	BT_NAM####	3-26
	Reset	RESET_	3-27
	Scanner Name	BT_NAM	3-27
Application Work	*Group 0	GRPSEL0	3-28
Group Selections	Group 1-6	GRPSEL#	3-28
Resetting the Factory Defaults: All Application Work Groups	Factory Default Settings: All Work Groups	PAPDFT&	3-29

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Resetting the Custom Defaults: All Application Work Groups	Custom Default Settings: All Work Groups	PAPDFT	3-30
Bluetooth Connection	Bluetooth HID Keyboard Connect	PAPBTH	3-30
	Bluetooth HID Keyboard Disconnect	PAPSPP	3-32
	Bluetooth Serial Port - PCs/Laptops	BT_TRM0;BT_DN G5	3-33
	BT Connection - PDA/Mobility Systems Device	BT_TRM0;BT_DN G1	3-33
	Bluetooth PIN Code	BT_PIN	3-33
Bluetooth PIN Code	Bluetooth PIN	BT_PIN	3-33
Auto Reconnect	*Auto Reconnect On	BT_ACM1	3-34
Mode	Auto Reconnect Off	BT_ACM0	3-34
Maximum Link Attempts	Maximum Link Attempts	BT_MLA	3-35
Relink Time-Out	Relink Time-Out	BT_RLT	3-36
Host Command	Host ACK On	HSTACK1	3-38
Acknowledgment	*Host ACK Off	HSTACK0	3-38
Input/Output Selec	tions		
Power Up Beeper	Power Up Beeper Off - Scanner	BEPPWR0	4-1
	*Power Up Beeper On - Scanner	BEPPWR1	4-1
	Power Up Beeper Off - Cordless Base	BASPWR0	4-1
	Power Up Beeper On - Cordless Base	BASPWR1	4-1
Beep on BEL	Beep on BEL On	BELBEP1	4-2
Character	*Beep on BEL Off	BELBEP0	4-2

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Trigger Click	On	BEPTRG1	4-2
	*Off	BEPTRG0	4-2
Beeper - Good Read	Off	BEPBEP0	4-2
	*On	BEPBEP1	4-2
Beeper Volume -	Off	BEPLVL0	4-2
Good Read	Low	BEPLVL1	4-3
	Medium	BEPLVL2	4-3
	*High	BEPLVL3	4-3
Beeper Pitch - Good Read (Frequency)	Low (1600) (min 400Hz)	BEPFQ11600	4-3
	*Medium - Xenon (2700 Hz)	BEPFQ12700	4-3
	*Medium - Granit (3200 Hz)	BEPFQ13200	4-3
	High (4200) (max 9000Hz)	BEPFQ14200	4-3
Vibrate - Good Read	Vibrate - Good Read Off	TFBGRD0	4-4
	*Vibrate - Good Read On	TFBGRD1	4-4
Vibrate Duration	Duration (100 - 2,000 ms) *300	TFBDUR###	4-4
Beeper Pitch - Error (Frequency)	*Razz (250) (min 200Hz)	BEPFQ2800	4-5
	Medium (3250)	BEPFQ23250	4-5
	High (4200) (max 9000Hz)	BEPFQ24200	4-5
Beeper Duration -	*Normal Beep	BEPBIP0	4-5
Good Read	Short Beep	BEPBIP1	4-5
LED - Good Read	Off	BEPLED0	4-5
	*On	BEPLED1	4-5
Number of Beeps -	*1	BEPERR3	4-6
Error	Range 1 - 9	BEPERR#	4-6

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Number of Beeps -	*1	BEPRPT1	4-6
Good Read	Range 1 - 9	BEPRPT#	4-6
Beeper Volume Max	Beeper Volume Max	PAPBLM	4-6
Good Read Delay	*No Delay	DLYGRD0	4-7
	Short Delay (500 ms)	DLYGRD500	4-7
	Medium Delay (1000 ms)	DLYGRD1000	4-7
	Long Delay (1500 ms)	DLYGRD1500	4-7
User-Specified Good Read Delay	Range 0 - 30,000 ms	DLYGRD####	4-7
Manual Trigger Modes	*Manual Trigger - Normal	PAPHHF	4-8
	Manual Trigger - Enhanced	PAPHHS	4-8
LED Illumination -	Off	PWRNOL0	4-8
Manual Trigger	Low	PWRNOL100	4-8
	Medium (Xenon only)	PWRNOL120	4-8
	*High	PWRNOL150	4-8
Serial Trigger Mode	Read Time-Out (0 - 300,000 ms) *30,000	TRGSTO####	4-9
Presentation Mode	Presentation Mode - Xenon	TRGMOD3	4-9
	Presentation Mode - Granit	PAPTPR	4-9
LED Illumination -	Off	PWRLDC0	4-10
Presentation Mode	Low	PWRLDC100	4-10
	*High	PWRLDC150	4-10
Presentation LED	*LEDs On	TRGPCK1	4-10
Behavior After Decode	LEDs Off	TRGPCK0	4-10

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Presentation Sensitivity	Range 0-20 (*1)	TRGPMS##	4-11
Presentation Centering Window	Presentation Centering On	PDCWIN1	4-12
	*Presentation Centering Off	PDCWIN0	4-13
	Left of Presentation Centering Window (*40%)	PDCLFT###	4-13
	Right of Presentation Centering Window (*60%)	PDCRGT###	4-13
	Top of Presentation Centering Window (*40%)	PDCTOP###	4-13
	Bottom of Presentation Centering Window (*60%)	PDCBOT###	4-13
In-Stand Sensor	Sensor On	TRGSSW1	4-14
Mode	Sensor Off	TRGSSW0	4-14
CodeGate	*CodeGate Off Out- of-Stand	AOSCGD0.	4-14
	CodeGate On Out- of-Stand	AOSCGD1.	4-14
Streaming Presentation	Streaming Presentation Mode - Normal	PAPSPN	4-15
	Streaming Presentation Mode - Enhanced	PAPSPE	4-15

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Mobile Phone Read Mode	Hand Held Scanning - Mobile Phone	PAPHHC	4-16
	Streaming Presentation - Mobile Phone	PAPSPC	4-16
Hands Free Time- Out	Range 0 - 300,000 ms	TRGPTO#####	4-16
Reread Delay	Short (500 ms)	DLYRRD500	4-17
	*Medium (750 ms)	DLYRRD750	4-17
	Long (1000 ms)	DLYRRD1000	4-17
	Extra Long (2000 ms)	DLYRRD2000	4-16
User-Specified	Range 0 - 30,000 ms	DLYRRD####	4-17
Illumination Lights	*Lights On	SCNLED1	4-18
	Lights Off	SCNLED0	4-18
Aimer Delay	200 milliseconds	SCNDLY200	4-18
	400 milliseconds	SCNDLY400	4-18
	*Off (no delay)	SCNDLY0	4-18
User-Specified Aimer Delay	Range 0 - 4,000 ms	SCNDLY####	4-18
Scanner Time-Out	0 - 999,999 ms	SDRTIM###	4-19
Aimer Mode	Off	SCNAIM0	4-19
	*Interlaced	SCNAIM2	4-19
Centering Window	Centering On	DECWIN1	4-20
	*Centering Off	DECWIN0	4-21
	Left of Centering Window (*40%)	DECLFT###	4-21
	Right of Centering Window (*60%)	DECRGT###	4-21
	Top of Centering Window (*40%)	DECTOP###	4-21
	Bottom of Centering Window (*60%)	DECBOT###	4-21

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Preferred Symbology	On	PRFENA1	4-22
	*Off	PRFENA0	4-22
	High Priority Symbology	PRFCOD##	4-22
	Low Priority Symbology	PRFBLK##	4-22
	Preferred Symbology Timeout (*500) Range 100- 3000	PRFPTO####	4-23
	Preferred Symbology Default	PRFDFT	4-23
Output Sequence	Enter Sequence	SEQBLK	4-26
Editor	Default Sequence	SEQDFT	4-26
Partial Sequence	Transmit Partial Sequence	SEQTTS1	4-26
	*Discard Partial Sequence	SEQTTS0	4-26
Require Output	Required	SEQ_EN2	4-27
Sequence	On/Not Required	SEQ_EN1	4-27
	*Off	SEQ_EN0	4-27
Multiple Symbols	On	SHOTGN1	4-27
	*Off	SHOTGN0	4-27
No Read	On	SHWNRD1	4-28
	*Off	SHWNRD0	4-28
Video Reverse	Video Reverse Only	VIDREV1	4-28
	Video Reverse and Standard Bar Codes	VIDREV2	4-28
	*Video Reverse Off	VIDREV0	4-28

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Working Orientation	*Upright	ROTATN0	4-29
	Vertical, Bottom to Top (Rotate CCW 90°)	ROTATN1	4-29
	Upside Down	ROTATN2	4-29
	Vertical, Top to Bottom (Rotate CW 90°)	ROTATN3	4-29
Prefix/Suffix Select	ions		
Add CR Suffix to All Sy	rmbologies	VSUFCR	5-3
Prefix	Add Prefix	PREBK2##	5-3
	Clear One Prefix	PRECL2	5-3
	Clear All Prefixes	PRECA2	5-3
Suffix	Add Suffix	SUFBK2##	5-3
	Clear One Suffix	SUFCL2	5-3
	Clear All Suffixes	SUFCA2	5-3
Function Code	*Enable	RMVFNC0	5-4
Transmit	Disable	RMVFNC1	5-4
Intercharacter Delay	Range 0 - 1000 (5ms increments)	DLYCHR##	5-5
User Specified Intercharacter Delay	Delay Length 0 - 1000 (5ms increments)	DLYCRX##	5-5
	Character to Trigger Delay	DLY_XX##	5-5
Interfunction Delay	Range 0 - 1000 (5ms increments)	DLYFNC##	5-6
Intermessage Delay	Range 0 - 1000 (5ms increments)	DLYMSG##	5-6

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Data Formatter Sel	ections		
Data Format Editor	*Default Data Format (None)	DFMDF3	6-1
	Enter Data Format	DFMBK3##	6-2
	Clear One Data Format	DFMCL3	6-3
	Clear All Data Formats	DFMCA3	6-3
Data Formatter	Data Formatter Off	DFM_EN0	6-16
	*Data Formatter On, Not Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix	DFM_EN1	6-17
	Data Format Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix	DFM_EN2	6-17
	Data Formatter On, Not Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix	DFM_EN3	6-17
	Data Format Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix	DFM_EN4	6-17
Data Format Non- Match Error Tone	*Data Format Non- Match Error Tone On	DFMDEC0	6-18
	Data Format Non- Match Error Tone Off	DFMDEC1	6-18
Primary/Alternate Data Formats	Primary Data Format	ALTFNM0	6-18
	Data Format 1	ALTFNM1	6-18
	Data Format 2	ALTFNM2	6-18
	Data Format 3	ALTFNM3	6-18

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Single Scan Data Format Change	Single Scan-Primary Data Format	VSAF_0	6-19
	Single Scan-Data Format 1	VSAF_1	6-19
	Single Scan-Data Format 2	VSAF_2	6-19
	Single Scan-Data Format 3	VSAF_3	6-19
Symbologies	<u>.</u>		
All Symbologies	All Symbologies Off	ALLENA0	7-2
	All Symbologies On	ALLENA1	7-2
Codabar	Default All Codabar Settings	CBRDFT	7-3
	Off	CBRENA0	7-3
	*On	CBRENA1	7-3
Codabar Start/Stop	*Don't Transmit	CBRSSX0	7-3
Char.	Transmit	CBRSSX1	7-3
Codabar Check	*No Check Char.	CBRCK20	7-4
Char.	Validate, But Don't Transmit	CBRCK21	7-4
	Validate, and Transmit	CBRCK22	7-4
Codabar	*Off	CBRCCT0	7-4
Concatenation	On	CBRCCT1	7-4
	Require	CBRCCT2	7-4
Codabar Message	Minimum (2 - 60) *4	CBRMIN##	7-5
Length	Maximum (2 - 60) *60	CBRMAX##	7-5
Code 39	Default All Code 39 Settings	C39DFT	7-6
	Off	C39ENA0	7-6
	*On	C39ENA1	7-6

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Code 39 Start/Stop	*Don't Transmit	C39SSX0	7-6
Char.	Transmit	C39SSX1	7-6
Code 39 Check Char.	*No Check Char.	C39CK20	7-7
	Validate, But Don't Transmit	C39CK21	7-7
	Validate, and Transmit	C39CK22	7-7
Code 39 Message	Minimum (0 - 48) *0	C39MIN##	7-7
Length	Maximum (0 - 48) *48	C39MAX##	7-7
Code 39 Append	*Off	C39APP0	7-8
	On	C39APP1	7-8
Code 32	*Off	C39B320	7-8
Pharmaceutical (PARAF)	On	C39B321	7-8
Code 39 Full ASCII	*Off	C39ASC0	7-9
	On	C39ASC1	7-9
	Code 39 Code Page	C39DCP	7-10
Interleaved 2 of 5	Default All Interleaved 2 of 5 Settings	I25DFT	7-10
	Off	I25ENA0	7-10
	*On	I25ENA1	7-10
Interleaved 2 of 5	*No Check Char.	I25CK20	7-11
Check Digit	Validate, But Don't Transmit	I25CK21	7-11
	Validate, and Transmit	I25CK22	7-11
Interleaved 2 of 5	Minimum (2 - 80) *4	I25MIN##	7-11
Message Length	Maximum (2 - 80) *80	I25MAX##	7-11

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
NEC 2 of 5	Default All NEC 2 of 5 Settings	N25DFT	7-12
	Off	N25ENA0	7-12
	*On	N25ENA1	7-12
NEC 2 of 5 Check	*No Check Char.	N25CK20	7-12
Digit	Validate, But Don't Transmit	N25CK21	7-12
	Validate, and Transmit	N25CK22	7-12
NEC 2 of 5 Message	Minimum (2 - 80) *4	N25MIN##	7-13
Length	Maximum (2 - 80) *80	N25MAX##	7-13
Code 93	Default All Code 93 Settings	C93DFT	7-14
	Off	C93ENA0	7-14
	*On	C93ENA1	7-16
Code 93 Message	Minimum (0 - 80) *0	C93MIN##	7-14
Length	Maximum (0 - 80) *80	C93MAX##	7-14
Code 93 Append	On	C93APP1	7-15
	*Off	C93APP0	7-15
Code 93 Code Page	Code 93 Code Page	C93DCP	7-15
Straight 2 of 5 Industrial	Default All Straight 2 of 5 Industrial Settings	R25DFT	7-16
	*Off	R25ENA0	7-16
	On	R25ENA1	7-16
Straight 2 of 5 Industrial Message Length	Minimum (1 - 48) *4	R25MIN##	7-16
	Maximum (1 - 48) *48	R25MAX##	7-16
Straight 2 of 5 IATA	Default All Straight 2 of 5 IATA Settings	A25DFT	7-17

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Straight 2 of 5 IATA	*Off	A25ENA0	7-17
	On	A25ENA1	7-17
Straight 2 of 5 IATA	Minimum (1 - 48) *4	A25MIN##	7-17
Message Length	Maximum (1 - 48) *48	A25MAX##	7-17
Matrix 2 of 5	Default All Matrix 2 of 5 Settings	X25DFT	7-18
	*Off	X25ENA0	7-18
	On	X25ENA1	7-18
Matrix 2 of 5	Minimum (1 - 80) *4	X25MIN##	7-18
Message Length	Maximum (1 - 80) *80	X25MAX##	7-18
Code 11	Default All Code 11 Settings	C11DFT	7-19
	*Off	C11ENA0	7-19
	On	C11ENA1	7-19
Code 11 Check	1 Check Digit	C11CK20	7-19
Digits Required	*2 Check Digits	C11CK21	7-19
Code 11 Message	Minimum (1 - 80) *4	C11MIN##	7-20
Length	Maximum (1 - 80) *80	C11MAX##	7-20
Code 128	Default All Code 128 Settings	128DFT	7-20
	Off	128ENA0	7-20
	*On	128ENA1	7-20
ISBT Concatenation	*Off	ISBENA0	7-21
	On	ISBENA1	7-21
Code 128 Message	Minimum (0 - 80) *0	128MIN##	7-21
Length	Maximum (0 - 80) *80	128MAX##	7-21
Code 128 Append	*On	128APP1	7-21
	Off	128APP0	7-21

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Code 128 Code Page	Code 128 Code Page (*2)	128DCP##	7-22
GS1-128	Default All GS1-128 Settings	GS1DFT	7-23
	*On	GS1ENA1	7-23
	Off	GS1ENA0	7-23
GS1-128 Message	Minimum (1 - 80) *1	GS1MIN##	7-23
Length	Maximum (0 - 80) *80	GS1MAX##	7-23
Telepen	Default All Telepen Settings	TELDFT	7-24
	*Off	TELENA0	7-24
	On	TELENA1	7-24
Telepen Output	*AIM Telepen Output	TELOLD0	7-24
	Original Telepen Output	TELOLD1	7-24
Telepen Message	Minimum (1 - 60) *1	TELMIN##	7-25
Length	Maximum (1 - 60) *60	TELMAX##	7-25
UPC-A	Default All UPC-A Settings	UPADFT	7-25
	Off	UPAENA0	7-26
	*On	UPAENA1	7-26
UPC-A Check Digit	Off	UPACKX0	7-25
	*On	UPACKX1	7-26
UPC-A Number	Off	UPANSX0	7-26
System	*On	UPANSX1	7-26
UPC-A 2 Digit	*Off	UPAAD20	7-26
Addenda	On	UPAAD21	7-26
UPC-A 5 Digit	*Off	UPAAD50	7-26
Addenda	On	UPAAD51	7-26
UPC-A Addenda	*Not Required	UPAARQ0	7-27
Required	Required	UPAARQ1	7-27

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
UPC-A Addenda	Off	UPAADS0	7-27
Separator	*On	UPAADS1	7-27
UPC-A/EAN-13 with	*Off	CPNENA0	7-28
Extended Coupon	Allow Concatenation	CPNENA1	7-28
Code	Require Concatenation	CPNENA2	7-28
Coupon GS1	GS1 Output Off	CPNGS10	7-28
DataBar Output	GS1 Output On	CPNGS11	7-28
UPC-E0	Default All UPC-E Settings	UPEDFT	7-29
	Off	UPEEN00	7-29
	*On	UPEEN01	7-29
UPC-E0 Expand	*Off	UPEEXP0	7-29
	On	UPEEXP1	7-29
UPC-E0 Addenda	Required	UPEARQ1	7-30
Required	*Not Required	UPEARQ0	7-30
UPC-E0 Addenda	*On	UPEADS1	7-30
Separator	Off	UPEADS0	7-30
UPC-E0 Check Digit	Off	UPECKX0	7-30
	*On	UPECKX1	7-30
UPC-E0 Leading	Off	UPENSX0	7-31
Zero	*On	UPENSX1	7-31
UPC-E0 Addenda	2 Digit Addenda On	UPEAD21	7-31
	*2 Digit Addenda Off	UPEAD20	7-31
	5 Digit Addenda On	UPEAD51	7-31
	*5 Digit Addenda Off	UPEAD50	7-31
UPC-E1	*Off	UPEEN10	7-31
	On	UPEEN11	7-31
EAN/JAN-13	Default All EAN/ JAN Settings	E13DFT	7-32
	Off	E13ENA0	7-32
	*On	E13ENA1	7-32

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Convert UPC-A to EAN-13	UPC-A Converted to EAN-13	UPAENA0	7-32
	Do not Convert UPC-A	UPAENA1	7-32
EAN/JAN-13 Check	Off	E13CKX0	7-33
Digit	*On	E13CKX1	7-32
EAN/JAN-13 2 Digit	2 Digit Addenda On	E13AD21	7-33
Addenda	*2 Digit Addenda Off	E13AD20	7-33
	5 Digit Addenda On	E13AD51	7-33
	*5 Digit Addenda Off	E13AD50	7-33
EAN/JAN-13	*Not Required	E13ARQ0	7-33
Addenda Required	Required	E13ARQ1	7-33
EAN/JAN-13	Off	E13ADS0	7-34
Addenda Separator	*On	E13ADS1	7-34
ISBN Translate	*Off	E13ISB0	7-34
	On	E13ISB1	7-34
EAN/JAN-8	Default All EAN/ JAN 8 Settings	EA8DFT	7-35
	Off	EA8ENA0	7-35
	*On	EA8ENA1	7-35
EAN/JAN-8 Check	Off	EA8CKX0	7-35
Digit	*On	EA8CKX1	7-35
EAN/JAN-8 Addenda	*2 Digit Addenda Off	EA8AD20	7-36
	2 Digit Addenda On	EA8AD21	7-36
	*5 Digit Addenda Off	EA8AD50	7-36
	5 Digit Addenda On	EA8AD51	7-36
EAN/JAN-8 Addenda Required	*Not Required	EA8ARQ0	7-36
	Required	EA8ARQ1	7-36
EAN/JAN-8 Addenda	Off	EA8ADS0	7-36
Separator	*On	EA8ADS1	7-36

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
MSI	Default All MSI Settings	MSIDFT	7-37
	*Off	MSIENA0	7-37
	On	MSIENA1	7-37
MSI Check Character	*Validate Type 10, but Don't Transmit	MSICHK0	7-38
	Validate Type 10 and Transmit	MSICHK1	7-38
	Validate 2 Type 10 Chars, but Don't Transmit	MSICHK2	7-38
	Validate 2 Type 10 Chars and Transmit	MSICHK3	7-38
	Validate Type 10 then Type 11 Char, but Don't Transmit	MSICHK4	7-38
	Validate Type 10 then Type 11 Char and Transmit	MSICHK5	7-38
	Disable MSI Check Characters	MSICHK6	7-38
MSI Message Length	Minimum (4 - 48) *4	MSIMIN##	7-38
	Maximum (4 - 48) *48	MSIMAX##	7-38
GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional	Default All GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional Settings	RSSDFT	7-39
	Off	RSSENA0	7-39
	*On	RSSENA1	7-39
GS1 DataBar Limited	Default All GS1 DataBar Limited Settings	RSLDFT	7-39
	Off	RSLENA0	7-39
	*On	RSLENA1	7-39

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
GS1 DataBar Expanded	Default All GS1 DataBar Expanded Settings	RSEDFT	7-40
	Off	RSEENA0	7-40
	*On	RSEENA1	7-40
GS1 DataBar	Minimum (4 - 74) *4	RSEMIN##	7-40
Expanded Msg. Length	Maximum (4 - 74) *74	RSEMAX##	7-40
Trioptic Code	*Off	TRIENA0	7-41
	On	TRIENA1	7-41
Codablock A	Default All Codablock A Settings	CBADFT	7-41
	*Off	CBAENA0	7-41
	On	CBAENA1	7-41
Codablock A Msg. Length	Minimum (1 - 600) *1	CBAMIN###	7-42
	Maximum (1 - 600) *600	CBAMAX###	7-42
Codablock F	Default All Codablock F Settings	CBFDFT	7-41
	*Off	CBFENA0	7-43
	On	CBFENA1	7-43
Codablock F Msg. Length	Minimum (1 - 2048) *1	CBFMIN####	7-43
	Maximum (1 - 2048) *2048	CBFMAX####	7-43
PDF417	Default All PDF417 Settings	PDFDFT	7-44
	*On	PDFENA1	7-44
	Off	PDFENA0	7-44

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
PDF417 Msg. Length	Minimum (1-2750) *1	PDFMIN####	7-44
	Maximum (1-2750) *2750	PDFMAX####	7-44
MacroPDF417	*On	PDFMAC1	7-45
	Off	PDFMAC0	7-45
MicroPDF417	Default All Micro PDF417 Settings	MPDDFT	7-45
	On	MPDENA1	7-45
	*Off	MPDENA0	7-45
MicroPDF417 Msg.	Minimum (1-366) *1	MPDMIN###	7-46
Length	Maximum (1-366) *366	MPDMAX###	7-46
GS1 Composite	On	COMENA1	7-46
Codes	*Off	COMENA0	7-46
UPC/EAN Version	On	COMUPC1	7-46
	*Off	COMUPC0	7-46
GS1 Composite Codes Msg. Length	Minimum (1-2435) *1	COMMIN####	7-47
	Maximum (1-2435) *2435	COMMAX####	7-47
GS1 Emulation	GS1-128 Emulation	EANEMU1	7-48
	GS1 DataBar Emulation	EANEMU2	7-48
	GS1 Code Expansion Off	EANEMU3	7-48
	EAN8 to EAN13 Conversion	EANEMU4	7-48
	*GS1 Emulation Off	EANEMU0	7-48
TCIF Linked Code 39	On	T39ENA1	7-48
	*Off	T39ENA0	7-48

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
QR Code	Default All QR Code Settings	QRCDFT	7-56
	*On	QRCENA1	7-49
	Off	QRCENA0	7-49
QR Code Msg. Length	Minimum (1-7089) *1	QRCMIN####	7-49
	Maximum (1-7089) *7089	QRCMAX####	7-49
QR Code Append	*On	QRCAPP1	7-50
	Off	QRCAPP0	7-50
QR Code Page	QR Code Page (*3)	QRCDCP##	7-50
Data Matrix	Default All Data Matrix Settings	IDMDFT	7-51
	*On	IDMENA1	7-51
	Off	IDMENA0	7-51
Data Matrix Msg. Length	Minimum (1-3116) *1	IDMMIN###	7-51
	Maximum (1-3116) *3116	IDMMAX####	7-51
Data Matrix Append	*On	IDMAPP1	7-52
	Off	IDMAPP0	7-52
Data Matrix Code Page	Data Matrix Code Page (*51)	IDMDCP##	7-52
MaxiCode	Default All MaxiCode Settings	MAXDFT	7-53
	On	MAXENA1	7-53
	*Off	MAXENA0	7-53
MaxiCode Msg.	Minimum (1-150) *1	MAXMIN###	7-53
Length	Maximum (1-150) *150	MAXMAX###	7-53
Aztec Code	Default All Aztec Code Settings	AZTDFT	7-54
	*On	AZTENA1	7-54
	Off	AZTENA0	7-54

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Aztec Code Msg. Length	Minimum (1-3832) *1	AZTMIN###	7-54
	Maximum (1-3832) *3832	AZTMAX####	7-54
Aztec Append	*On	AZTAPP1	7-55
	Off	AZTAPP0	7-55
Aztec Code Page	Aztec Code Page (*51)	AZTDCP##	7-55
Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code	Default All Han Xin Code Settings	HX_DFT	7-56
	On	HX_ENA1	7-56
	*Off	HX_ENA0	7-56
Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code Msg.	Minimum (1-7833) *1	HX_MIN###	7-56
Length	Maximum (1-7833) *7833	HX_MAX####	7-56
Postal Codes - 2D			
2D Postal Codes	*Off	POSTAL0	7-57
Single 2D Postal	Australian Post On	POSTAL1	7-57
Codes	British Post On	POSTAL7	7-57
	Canadian Post On	POSTAL30	7-57
	Intelligent Mail Bar Code On	POSTAL10	7-57
	Japanese Post On	POSTAL3	7-57
	KIX Post On	POSTAL4	7-57
	Planet Code On	POSTAL5	7-57
	Postal-4i On	POSTAL9	7-57
	Postnet On	POSTAL6	7-58
	Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL11	7-58
	InfoMail On	POSTAL2	7-58

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Combination 2D Postal Codes	InfoMail and British Post On	POSTAL8	7-58
	Intelligent Mail Bar Code and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL20	7-58
	Postnet and Postal- 4i On	POSTAL14	7-58
	Postnet and Intelligent Mail Bar Code On	POSTAL16	7-58
	Postal-4i and Intelligent Mail Bar Code On	POSTAL17	7-58
	Postal-4i and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL19	7-58
	Planet and Postnet On	POSTAL12	7-58
	Planet and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL18	7-58
	Planet and Postal-4i On	POSTAL13	7-59
	Planet and Intelligent Mail Bar Code On	POSTAL15	7-59
	Planet, Postnet, and Postal-4i On	POSTAL21	7-59
	Planet, Postnet, and Intelligent Mail Bar Code On	POSTAL22	7-59
	Planet, Postal-4i, and Intelligent Mail Bar Code On	POSTAL23	7-59

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Combination 2D Postal Codes (continued)	Postnet, Postal-4i, and Intelligent Mail Bar Code On	POSTAL24	7-59
	Planet, Postal-4i, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL25	7-59
	Planet, Intelligent Mail Bar Code, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL26	7-59
	Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Bar Code, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL27	7-59
	Planet, Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Bar Code, and Postnet On	POSTAL28	7-59
	Planet, Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Bar Code, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL29	7-59
Planet Code Check	Transmit	PLNCKX1	7-60
Digit	*Don't Transmit	PLNCKX0	7-60
Postnet Check Digit	Transmit	NETCKX1	7-60
	*Don't Transmit	NETCKX0	7-60
Australian Post Interpretation	Bar Output	AUSINT0	7-61
	Numeric N Table	AUSINT1	7-61
	Alphanumeric C Table	AUSINT2	7-61
	Combination N and C Tables	AUSINT3	7-61

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Postal Codes - Lin	ear		
China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)	Default All China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5) Settings	CPCDFT	7-61
	*Off	CPCENA0	7-62
	On	CPCENA1	7-62
China Post (Hong	Minimum (2 - 80) *4	CPCMIN##	7-62
Kong 2 of 5) Msg. Length	Maximum (2 - 80) *80	CPCMAX##	7-62
Korea Post	Default All Korea Post Settings	KPCDFT	7-63
	*Off	KPCENA0	7-63
	On	KPCENA1	7-63
Korea Post Msg.	Minimum (2 - 80) *4	KPCMIN##	7-63
Length	Maximum (2 - 80) *48	KPCMAX##	7-63
Korea Post Check	Transmit Check Digit	KPCCHK1	7-63
Digit	*Don't Transmit Check Digit	KPCCHK0	7-63

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Imaging Default Co	ommands		
Image Snap	Default all Imaging Commands	IMGDFT	8-1
	Imaging Style - Decoding	SNPSTY0	8-2
	*Imaging Style - Photo	SNPSTY1	8-2
	Imaging Style - Manual	SNPSTY2	8-2
	Beeper On	SNPBEP1	8-2
	*Beeper Off	SNPBEP0	8-2
	*Wait for Trigger Off	SNPTRG0	8-2
	Wait for Trigger On	SNPTRG1	8-2
	*LED State - Off	SNPLED0	8-2
	LED State - On	SNPLED1	8-2
	Exposure (1-7874 microseconds)	SNPEXP	8-3
	*Gain - None	SNPGAN1	8-3
	Gain - Medium	SNPGAN2	8-3
	Gain - Heavy	SNPGAN4	8-3
	Gain - Maximum	SNPGAN8	8-3
	Target White Value (0-255) *125	SNPWHT###	8-4
	Delta for Acceptance (0-255) *25	SNPDEL###	8-4
	Update Tries (0-10) *6	SNPTRY##	8-4
	Target Set Point Percentage (1-99) *50	SNPPCT##	8-4

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Image Ship	*Infinity Filter - Off	IMGINF0	8-5
	Infinity Filter - On	IMGINF1	8-5
	*Compensation Off	IMGCOR0	8-6
	Compensation On	IMGCOR1	8-6
	*Pixel Depth - 8 bits/ pixel (grayscale)	IMGBPP8	8-6
	Pixel Depth - 1 bit/ pixel (B&W)	IMGBPP1	8-6
	*Don't Sharpen Edges	IMGEDG0	8-7
	Sharpen Edges (0- 23)	IMGEDG##	8-7
	*File Format - JPEG	IMGFMT6	8-7
	File Format - KIM	IMGFMT0	8-7
	File Format - TIFF binary	IMGFMT1	8-7
	File Format - TIFF binary group 4, compressed	IMGFMT2	8-7
	File Format - TIFF grayscale	IMGFMT3	8-7
	File Format - Uncompressed binary	IMGFMT4	8-7
	File Format - Uncompressed grayscale	IMGFMT5	8-7
	File Format - BMP	IMGFMT8	8-7
	*Histogram Stretch Off	IMGHIS0	8-8
	Histogram Stretch On	IMGHIS1	8-8
	*Noise Reduction Off	IMGFSP0	8-9
	Noise Reduction On	IMGFSP1	8-9

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Image Ship (continued)	Invert Image around X axis	IMGNVX1	8-8
	Invert Image around Y axis	IMGNVY1	8-8
	Rotate Image none	IMGROT0	8-9
	Rotate Image 90° right	IMGROT1	8-9
	Rotate Image 180° right	IMGROT2	8-9
	Rotate Image 90° left	IMGROT3	8-9
	JPEG Image Quality (0-100) *50	IMGJQF###	8-10
	*Gamma Correction Off	IMGGAM0	8-10
	Gamma Correction On (0-1000)	IMGGAM###	8-10
	Image Crop - Left (0- 843) *0	IMGWNL###	8-10
	Image Crop - Right (0-843) *843	IMGWNR###	8-10
	Image Crop - Top (0- 639) *0	IMGWNT###	8-10
	Image Crop - Bottom (0-639) *639	IMGWNB###	8-11
	Image Crop - Margin (1-238) *0	IMGMAR###	8-11
	Protocol - None (raw)	IMGXFR0	8-11
	Protocol - None (default USB)	IMGXFR2	8-11
	Protocol - Hmodem Compressed	IMGXFR3	8-11
	Protocol - Hmodem	IMGXFR4	8-11
	Ship Every Pixel	IMGSUB1	8-12

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Image Ship	Ship Every 2nd Pixel	IMGSUB2	8-12
(continued)	Ship Every 3rd Pixel	IMGSUB3	8-12
	*Document Image Filter Off	IMGUSH0	8-12
	Document Image Filter On (0-255)	IMGUSH###	8-12
	*Don't Ship Histogram	IMGHST0	8-13
	Ship Histogram	IMGHST1	8-13
Image Size Compatibility	Force VGA Resolution	IMGVGA1	8-14
	*Native Resolution	IMGVGA0	8-14
Intelligent Signature	Optimize On	DECBND1	8-14
Capture	*Optimize Off	DECBND0	8-14

Product Specifications

Xenon 1900/1910 Corded Scanner Product Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Dimensions (Typical):	
Height	6.3 inches (16cm)
Length	4.1 inches (10.41cm)
Width	2.8 inches (7.11cm)
Weight	5.2 ounces (147.42g)
Illumination LED:	
Peak Wavelength	624nm ± 18nm (red LED) IEC 62471: "Exempt Risk Group"
	442nm, 552nm (white LED) IEC 62471: "Exempt Risk Group"
Aiming:	
Peak Wavelength Laser	650nm IEC 60825-1: "Class 2"
Peak Wavelength LED	624nm ± 18nm IEC 62471: "Exempt Risk Group"
Optical Power Laser	<1mW
Image Size	838 x 640 pixels
Skew Angle	±65°
Pitch Angle	<u>±</u> 45°
Motion Tolerance: Streaming Presentation Trigger	up to 240 inches per second for 13 mil UPC
Symbol Contrast	Grade 1.0 (20% or greater)
Voltage Requirements	4 - 5.5 VDC at input connector
Current Draw @5VDC B&W Color	Scanning Standby 470mA, 2.35W 90mA, .45W 490mA, 2.45W 90mA, .45W
Power Supply Noise Rejection	Maximum 100mV peak to peak, 10 to 100 kHz
Temperature Ranges:	
Operating	+32°F to +122°F (0°C to 50°C)
Storage	-40°F to +158°F (-40°C to 70°C)

Parameter	Specification
Humidity	0 to 95% non-condensing
Mechanical Drop	Operational after 50 drops from 6 feet (1.83m) to concrete at 23°C
Vibration	Withstands 5G peak from 22 to 300 Hz
ESD Tolerance	Up to 15kV direct air Up to 8 kV indirect coupling plane

Xenon 1902/1912 Cordless Scanner Product Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Dimensions (Typical):	
Height	6.3 inches (160cm)
Length	4.1 inches (10.41cm)
Width	2.8 inches (7.11cm)
Weight	7.5 ounces (212.62g)
Illumination LED:	
Peak Wavelength	624nm ± 18nm (red LED) IEC 62471: "Exempt Risk Group"
	442nm, 552nm (white LED) IEC 62471: "Exempt Risk Group"
Aiming:	
Peak Wavelength Laser	650nm IEC 60825-1: "Class 2"
Peak Wavelength LED	624nm ± 18nm IEC 62471: "Exempt Risk Group"
Optical Power Laser	<1mW
Image Size	838 x 640 pixels
Skew Angle	±65°
Pitch Angle	<u>+</u> 45°
Motion Tolerance: Streaming Presentation Trigger	up to 240 inches per second for 13 mil UPC
Symbol Contrast	Grade 1.0 (20% or greater)
Battery:	
Lithium Ion	1800 mAHr minimum
Number of Scans	Up to 50,000 per charge

Parameter	Specification
Expected Hours of Operation	14
Expected Charge Time	4.5 hours
Radio:	
Frequency	2.4 to 2.5 GHz (ISM Band) Frequency Hopping Bluetooth v.2.1
Range	33 ft. (10 m) typical
Data Rate	Up to 1 MBps
Temperature Ranges:	
Operating	32° F to +122° F (0° C to 50° C)
Storage*	-40°F to +158°F (-40°C to 70°C)
Humidity	Up to 95% non-condensing
Mechanical Drop	Operational after 50 drops from 6 feet (1.8 m) to concrete
Vibration	Withstands 5G peak from 22 to 300 Hz
ESD Sensitivity	Up to 15kV direct air Up to 8 kV indirect coupling plane
Sealant Rating	IP41

^{*}Storage outside of this temperature range could be detrimental to battery life.

Granit 1910i Industrial Corded Scanner Product Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Dimensions (Typical):	
Height	7.7 in. (19.45cm)
Length	5.2 in. (13.31cm)
Width	2.9 in. (7.5cm)
Weight	10.6 oz. (300g)
Illumination LED:	
Peak Wavelength	656nm (hyper red LED) IEC 62471: "Exempt Risk Group"
Aiming:	
Peak Wavelength Laser	650nm IEC 60825-1: "Class 2"
Optical Power Laser	<1mW
Image Size	838 x 640 pixels
Skew Angle	±65°

Parameter	Specification
Pitch Angle	<u>±</u> 45°
Motion Tolerance: Streaming Presentation Trigger: 13 mil UPC	240 inches per second at 6.5 in. (16.5cm) 150 inches per second at 10 in. (25.4cm)
Symbol Contrast	Grade 1.0 (20% or greater)
Voltage Requirements	4 - 5.5 VDC at input connector
Current Draw @5VDC	Scanning Standby 470mA, 2.35W 100mA, .5W
Power Supply Noise Rejection	Maximum 100mV peak to peak, 10 to 100 kHz
Temperature Ranges:	
Operating	-22°F to +122°F (-30°C to 50°C)
Storage	-40°F to +158°F (-40°C to 70°C)
Humidity	0 to 95% non-condensing
Mechanical Drop	Operational after 50 drops from 6.5 feet (1.98m) to concrete at 23°, -30°, and 50°C
Vibration	Complies with MIL-STD-810G, Method 514.6, Annex C
ESD Tolerance	Up to 20kV direct air Up to 8 kV indirect coupling plane
Sealant Rating	IP65

Granit 1911i Industrial Cordless Scanner Product Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Dimensions (Typical):	
Height	7.7 in. (19.45cm)
Length	5.2 in. (13.31cm)
Width	2.9 in. (7.5cm)
Weight	12.9 oz. (365g)
Illumination LED:	
Peak Wavelength	656nm (hyper red LED) IEC 62471: "Exempt Risk Group"
Aiming:	
Peak Wavelength Laser	650nm IEC 60825-1: "Class 2"
Optical Power Laser	<1mW

Parameter	Specification
Image Size	838 x 640 pixels
Skew Angle	±65°
Pitch Angle	<u>±</u> 45°
Motion Tolerance: Streaming Presentation Trigger: 13 mil UPC	240 inches per second at 6.5 in. (16.5cm) 150 inches per second at 10 in. (25.4cm)
Symbol Contrast	Grade 1.0 (20% or greater)
Battery:	
Lithium Ion	1800 mAHr minimum
Number of Scans	Up to 50,000 per charge
Expected Hours of Operation	14
Expected Charge Time	4.5 hours
Radio:	
Frequency	2.4 to 2.5 GHz (ISM Band) Frequency Hopping Bluetooth v.2.1
Range	330 ft. (100m) typical
Data Rate	Up to 1 MBps
Temperature Ranges:	
Operating while not charging	-4°F to + 122°F (-20°C to 50°C)
Operating while charging	41°F to + 104°F (5°C to 40°C)
Storage*	-40°F to +158°F (-40°C to 70°C)
Humidity	Up to 95% non-condensing
Mechanical Drop	Operational after 50 drops from 6.5 feet (1.98m) to concrete at 23°, -30°, and 50°C
Vibration	Complies with MIL-STD-810G, Method 514.6, Annex C
ESD Sensitivity	Up to 20kV direct air Up to 8 kV indirect coupling plane
Sealant Rating	IP65

^{*}Storage outside of this temperature range could be detrimental to battery life.

CCB01-010BT Charge Base Product Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Dimensions (Typical):	
Height	3.2 inches (8.13cm)
Length	5.19 inches (13.18cm)
Width	3.98 inches (10.11cm)
Weight	6.3 oz (179g)
Voltage:	4.5 to 5.5 volts
Current Draw:	
Host Terminal Port	500mA
Aux Power Port	1A
Charge Time	5 hours
Radio:	
Frequency	2.4 to 2.5 GHz (ISM Band) Frequency Hopping Bluetooth v.2.1
Range	33 ft. (10 m) typical
Data Rate	Up to 1 MBps
Temperature Ranges:	
Operating	32° F to +122° F (0° C to +50° C)
Battery Charge	41° F to +104° F (5° C to +40° C)
Storage	-40° F to +158° F (-40° C to +70° C)
Humidity	Up to 95% non-condensing
Mechanical Drop	Operational after 50 drops from 3.28 feet (1 m) to concrete
Vibration	5G Peak from 22Hz to 300Hz
ESD Sensitivity	Up to 15kV direct air Up to 8 kV indirect coupling plane

CCB02-100BT Industrial Charge Base Product Specifications

Parameter	Specification			
Dimensions (Typical):				
Height	2.6 in. (6.6cm)			
Length	9.8 in. (24.98mm)			
Width	4.05 in. (10.28cm)			
Weight	10.05 oz. (285g)			
Voltage:	4.5 to 5.5 volts			
Current Draw:				
Host Terminal Port	500mA			
Aux Power Port	1A			
Charge Time	5 hours			
Radio:				
Frequency	2.4 to 2.5 GHz (ISM Band) Frequency Hopping Bluetooth v.2.1			
Range	330 ft. (100m) typical			
Data Rate	Up to 1 MBps			
Temperature Ranges:				
Operating	-4° F to +122° F (-20° C to +50° C)			
Battery Charge	41° F to +104° F (5° C to +40° C)			
Storage	-40° F to +158° F (-40° C to +70° C)			
Humidity	Up to 95% non-condensing			
Mechanical Drop	Operational after 50 drops from 3.94 feet (1.2m) to concrete			
Vibration	Complies with MIL-STD-810G, Method 514.6, Annex C			
ESD Sensitivity	Up to 20kV direct air Up to 8 kV indirect coupling plane			

Depth of Field Charts

Xenon B&W Scanner Typical Performance

Focus		High Density (HD)		Standard Range (SR)		Extended Range (ER)	
Symbology		Near Distance	Far Distance	Near Distance	Far Distance	Near Distance	Far Distance
5 mil Code 39	in.	.2	3.8	1.6	5.3	3.7	8
	mm	5.1	96.5	40.6	134.6	94	203.2
13 mil UPC	in.	.5	6.5	.3	16.7	1	20.7
	mm	12.7	165.1	7.6	424.2	25.4	525.8
20 mil Code 39	in.	.6	8.6	.4	24.6	1	23.5
	mm	15.2	218.4	10.2	624.8	25.4	596.9
6.7 mil PDF417	in.	.4	4	.7	6	2.8	9.2
	mm	10.2	101.6	17.8	152.4	71.1	233.7
10 mil Data Matrix	in.	.3	4.2	.8	7	2.5	11.3
	mm	7.6	106.7	20.3	177.8	63.5	287
20 mil QR Code	in.	.7	7	.5	14.8	.7	19
	mm	17.8	177.8	12.7	375.9	17.8	482.6
Resolution (1D Code 39)		3 mil (.076mm)		5 mil (.127mm)		5 mil (.127mm)	
Resolution (2D Data Matrix)		5 mil (.127mm)		6.7 mil (.170mm)		7.5 mil (.191mm)	

Xenon B&W Scanner Guaranteed Performance

Focus		High De (HD)	ensity	Standard Range (SR)		Extended Range (ER)	
Symbology		Near Distance	Far Distance	Near Distance	Far Distance	Near Distance	Far Distance
5 mil Code 39	in.	.3	3.3	2.1	5.1	4.2	7.8
5 IIII Code 39	mm	7.62	83.8	53.3	129.5	106.7	198.1
13 mil UPC	in.	.7	6.1	.4	15.6	1.1	19.7
13 11111 0FC	mm	17.8	154.9	10.2	396.2	27.9	500.4
20 mil Codo 20	in.	.7	7.8	.5	20.2	1.5	25
20 mil Code 39	mm	17.8	198.1	12.7	513.1	38.1	635
6.7 mil PDF417	in.	.5	3.8	.9	5.8	3.3	8.7
6.7 Mili PDF417	mm	12.7	96.5	22.9	147.3	83.8	221
10 mil Data	in.	.4	3.8	.9	6.6	3.4	10.3
Matrix	mm	10.2	96.5	22.9	167.6	86.4	261.6
20 mil OD Codo	in.	1.2	6.4	.7	13	.9	18
20 mil QR Code	mm	30.5	162.6	17.8	330.2	22.9	457.2
Resolution (1D Code 39)		3 mil (.076mm)		5 mil (.127mm)		5 mil (.127mm)	
Resolution (2D Da Matrix)	ata	5 mil (.12	27mm)	, ,		7.5 mil (.191mm)	

Xenon Color Scanner (Model COL) Typical Performance

Focus		High Density (HD)		Standard Range (SR)		
Symbology	Symbology		Far Distance	Near Distance	Far Distance	
5 mil Code 39	in.	0	3.6	1.1	5.2	
5 mil Code 39	mm	0	91.4	27.9	132.1	
13 mil UPC	in.	.4	5.9	.4	16.2	
13 IIIII OPC	mm	10.2	149.9	10.2	411.5	
20 mil Code 39	in.	.4	8.4	.5	22	
20 mii Code 39	mm	10.2	213.4	12.7	558.8	
6.7 mil PDF417	in.	0	3.8	.4	6	
0.7 IIIII FDF417	mm	0	96.5	10.2	152.4	
10 mil Data	in.	0	4.2	.5	7	
Matrix	mm	0	106.7	12.7	177.8	
20 mil QR Code	in.	.4	6.8	.6	13.4	
20 mii QR Code	mm	10.2	172.7	15.2	340.4	
Resolution (1D Co	Resolution (1D Code 39)		3 mil (.076mm)		5 mil (.127mm)	
Resolution (2D Da	ta Matrix)	5 mil (.127mm)		6.7 mil (.170mm)		

Xenon Color Scanner (Model COL) Guaranteed Performance

Focus		High De (HD)	ensity	Standard Range (SR)		
Symbology		Near Distance	Far Distance	Near Distance	Far Distance	
5 mil Code 39	in.	0	3.3	1.7	4.9	
5 mii Code 39	mm	0	83.8	43.2	124.5	
13 mil UPC	in.	.6	5.2	.4	14.5	
13 IIIII OPC	mm	15.2	132.1	10.2	368.3	
20 mil Code 39	in.	.5	7.4	.5	17.5	
20 mii Code 39	mm	12.7	188	12.7	444.5	
6.7 mil PDF417	in.	0	3.4	.5	5.7	
6.7 IIIII PDF417	mm	0	86.4	12.7	144.8	
10 mil Data Matrix	in.	0	4	.8	6.4	
10 IIII Dala Maliix	mm	0	101.6	20.3	162.6	
20 mil QR Code	in.	.7	6.2	.7	12.3	
20 IIIII QA Code	mm	17.8	157.5	17.8	312.4	
Resolution (1D Code	Resolution (1D Code 39)		3 mil (.076mm)		5 mil (.127mm)	
Resolution (2D Data	Matrix)	5 mil (.12	27mm)	6.7 mil (.170mm)		

Granit Scanner Typical Performance

Focus	Extended Range (ER)		
Symbology	Near Distance	Far Distance	
5 mil Code 39	in.	3.6	7.4
5 mii Code 39	mm	91.4	188
20 mil Code 39	in.	.6	29.5
20 IIIII Code 39	mm	15.2	749.3
100% UPC	in.	.6	21.4
100 % OFC	mm	15.2	543.6
6.7 mil PDF417	in.	2.7	8.9
0.7 IIIII FDF417	mm	68.6	226.1

Focus	Extended Range (ER)		
10 mil Data Matrix	in.	2.8	10.3
10 IIIII Data Watiix	mm	71.1	261.6
20 mil QR Code	in.	.8	19.5
20 IIIII QA Code	mm	20.3	495.3
Resolution (1D Code	5 mil (.127mm)		
Resolution (2D Data Matrix)		7.5 mil (.191mm)	

Granit Scanner Guaranteed Performance

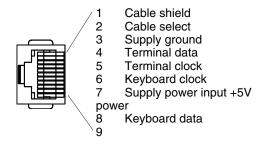
Focus	Extended Range (ER)		
Symbology		Near Distance	Far Distance
5 mil Code 39	in.	3.8	7.2
5 mii Code 39	mm	96.5	182.9
20 mil Code 39	in.	1	28.7
20 mii Code 39	mm	25.4	729
100% UPC	in.	.6	21.7
100% OPC	mm	15.2	551.2
6.7 mil PDF417	in.	3	8.5
6.7 IIIII PDF417	mm	76.2	215.9
10 mil Data Matrix	in.	3.1	9.7
10 IIIII Data Matilix	mm	78.7	246.4
20 mil QR Code	in.	.9	19.8
20 IIIII QH Code	mm	22.9	502.9
Resolution (1D Code 39)		5 mil (.127mm)	
Resolution (2D Data	Matrix)	7.5 mil (.191mm)	

Standard Connector Pinouts

Note: The following pin assignments are not compatible with Honeywell legacy products. Use of a cable with improper pin assignments may lead to damage to the unit. Use of any cables not provided by the manufacturer may result in damage not covered by your warranty.

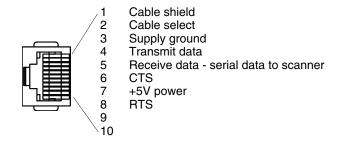
Keyboard Wedge

10 Pin RJ41 Modular Plug - connects to the base



Serial Output

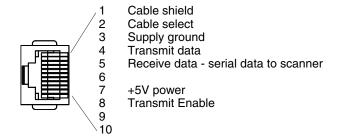
10 Pin RJ41 Modular Plug - connects to the base



RS485 Output

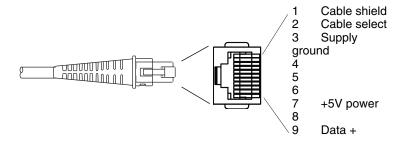
10 Pin RJ41 Modular Plug - connects to the base

Note: RS485 signal conversion is performed in the cable.



USB

10 Pin Modular Plug - connects to the base



Maintenance

Repairs

Repairs and/or upgrades are not to be performed on this product. These services are to be performed only by an authorized service center (see Customer Support on page 14-1).

Maintenance

Your device provides reliable and efficient operation with a minimum of care. Although specific maintenance is not required, the following periodic checks ensure dependable operation:

Cleaning the Scanner

The scanner or base's housing may be cleaned with a soft cloth or tissue dampened with water (or a mild detergent-water solution.) If a detergent solution is used, rinse with a clean tissue dampened with water only.



Do not submerge the scanner in water. The scanner's housing is not watertight.

Do not use abrasive wipes or tissues on the scanner's window – abrasive wipes may scratch the window. Never use solvents (e.g., acetone) on the housing or window – solvents may damage the finish or the window.

Cleaning the Window

Reading performance may degrade if the scanner's window is not clean. If the window is visibly dirty, or if the scanner isn't operating well, clean the window with one of the cleaning solutions listed for Health Care Housing, below.

Health Care Housing

Some configurations of Xenon scanners are available with an external plastic housing that is designed to resist the effects of harsh chemicals in a health care environment. The plastic is crystalline in nature, which helps prevent chemicals from seeping through the housing.

Important! The following cleaning solutions have been tested to assure safe cleaning of your scanner's disinfectant-ready housing. They are the only solutions approved for use with these scanners. Damage caused by the use of cleaners other than those listed below may not be covered by the warranty.

- Sani-Cloth[®] HB wipes
- Sani-Cloth[®] Plus wipes
- Super Sani-Cloth[®] wipes
- Isopropyl Alcohol wipes (70%)
- CaviWipes[™]
- Virex[®] 256
- 409[®] Glass and Surface Cleaner
- Windex[®] Blue
- Clorox[®] Bleach 10%
- · Gentle dish soap and water

Inspecting Cords and Connectors

Inspect the interface cable and connector for wear or other signs of damage. A badly worn cable or damaged connector may interfere with scanner operation. Contact your distributor for information about cable replacement. Cable replacement instructions are on page 13-2.

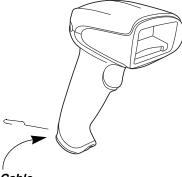
Replacing Cables in Corded Scanners

The standard interface cable is attached to the scanner with an 10-pin modular connector. When properly seated, the connector is held in the scanner's handle by a flexible retention tab. The interface cable is designed to be field replaceable.

- Order replacement cables from Honeywell or from an authorized distributor.
- When ordering a replacement cable, specify the cable part number of the original interface cable.

Replacing a Xenon Interface Cable

- 1. Turn the power to the host system OFF.
- Disconnect the scanner's cable from the terminal or computer.
- Locate the small hole on the back of the scanner's handle. This is the cable release.
- 4. Straighten one end of a paper clip.
- 5. Insert the end of the paper clip into the small hole and press in. This depresses the retention tab, releasing the connector. Pull the connector out while maintaining pressure on the paper clip, then remove the paper clip.

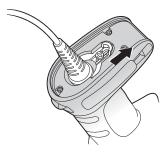


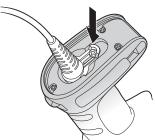
Cable Release

Replace with the new cable.
 Insert the connector into the opening and press firmly. The connector is keyed to go in only one way, and will click into place.

Replacing a Granit Interface Cable

- Turn the power to the host system OFF.
- Disconnect the scanner's cable from the terminal or computer.
- 3. Unscrew the locking plate on the bottom of the scanner.
- Slide the locking plate away from the connector and pull the cable out of the scanner.
- Replace with the new cable. Insert the connector into the opening and press firmly.
- Slide the locking plate over the base of the connector to secure the cable, and screw the plate into place.



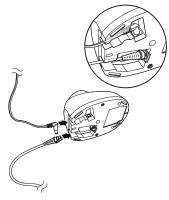


Replacing Cables and Batteries in Cordless Systems

Replacing an Interface Cable in a Base

- 1. Turn the power to the host system OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the base's cable from the terminal or computer.
- 3. Turn the base upside down.
- Pull the connector out while maintaining pressure on the connector release clip.

CCB01-010BT Base:



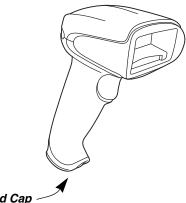
CCB02-100BT Base:



 Replace with the new cable. Insert the connector into the opening and press firmly. The connector is keyed to go in only one way, and will click into place.

Changing a Xenon Scanner Battery

- Use a Phillips head screwdriver to remove the screw from the end cap.
- Remove the end cap and remove the battery from the handle.
- 3. Insert replacement battery.
- 4. Replace end cap and screw.

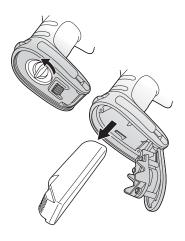


End Cap

Changing a Granit Scanner Battery

- Twist the tab in the bottom of the end cap and open the hinged battery door.
- 2. Remove the battery from the handle.
- 3. Insert replacement battery.
- 4. Close the battery door and twist the tab to lock it.

Note: The battery door is designed to pop off the hinge if the scanner is dropped while changing a battery. If this occurs, simply snap it back on.



Troubleshooting a Corded Scanner

The scanner automatically performs self-tests whenever you turn it on. If your scanner is not functioning properly, review the following Troubleshooting Guide to try to isolate the problem.

Is the power on? Is the aimer on?

If the aimer isn't illuminated, check that:

- The cable is connected properly.
- The host system power is on (if external power isn't used).
- The trigger works.

Is the scanner having trouble reading your symbols?

If the scanner isn't reading symbols well, check that the symbols:

- Aren't smeared, rough, scratched, or exhibiting voids.
- Aren't coated with frost or water droplets on the surface.
- Are enabled in the scanner or in the decoder to which the scanner connects.

Is the bar code displayed but not entered?

The bar code is displayed on the host device correctly, but you still have to press a key to enter it (the Enter/Return key or the Tab key, for example).

 You need to program a suffix. Programming a suffix enables the scanner to output the bar code data plus the key you need (such as "CR") to enter the data into your application. Refer to Prefix/Suffix Overview on page 5-1 for further information.

Does the scanner read the bar code incorrectly?

If the scanner reads a bar code, but the data is not displayed correctly on the host screen:

 The scanner may not be programmed for the appropriate terminal interface.

For example, you scan "12345" and the host displays "@es%."

Reprogram the scanner with the correct Plug and Play bar code. See Programming the Interface beginning on page 2-1.

 The scanner may not be programmed to output your bar code data properly.
 For example, you scan "12345" and the host displays "A12345B."

Reprogram the scanner with the proper symbology selections. See Chapter 7.

The scanner won't read your bar code at all.

- Scan the sample bar codes in the back of this manual. If the scanner reads the sample bar codes, check that your bar code is readable. Verify that your bar code symbology is enabled (see Chapter 7).
- If the scanner still can't read the sample bar codes, scan All Symbologies On, page 7-2.

If you aren't sure what programming options have been set in the scanner, or if you want the factory default settings restored, refer to Resetting the Factory Defaults on page 1-16.

Troubleshooting a Cordless System

Troubleshooting a Base

Note: Visit the Services and Support section of our website (www.honeywellaidc.com) to check for the latest software for both the scanner and the base.

If your base is not functioning properly, review the following troubleshooting guidelines to try to isolate the problem.

Is the red LED on?

If the red LED isn't illuminated, check that:

- The power cable is connected properly and there is power at the power source.
- The host system power is on (if external power isn't used).

Is the green LED on?

If the *green* LED isn't illuminated, check that:

- The scanner is correctly placed in the base.
- · There is external power or 12 volt host power.
- Charge mode is turned on. (See "Beeper and LED Sequences and Meaning" on page 3-7)
- The battery is not bad or deeply discharged. In some cases, the scanner's battery may trickle charge to bring it into an acceptable level and then transition to a normal charge cycle.

Troubleshooting a Cordless Scanner

Note: Make sure that your scanner's battery is charged.
Visit the Services and Support section of our website
(www.honeywellaidc.com) to check for the latest software for both
the scanner and the base or Access Point.

Is the scanner having trouble reading your symbols?

If the scanner isn't reading symbols well, check that the symbols:

- Aren't smeared, rough, scratched, or exhibiting voids.
- Aren't coated with frost or water droplets on the surface.
- Are enabled in the base or Access Point to which the scanner connects.

Is the bar code displayed but not entered into the application?

The bar code is displayed on the host device correctly, but you still have to press a key to enter it (the Enter/Return key or the Tab key, for example).

 You need to program a suffix. Programming a suffix enables the scanner to output the bar code data plus the key you need (such as "CR") to enter the data into your application. Refer to Prefix/Suffix Overview on page 5-1 for further information.

Does the scanner read the bar code incorrectly?

If the scanner reads a bar code, but the data is not displayed correctly on the host screen:

 The base or Access Point may not be programmed for the appropriate terminal interface. For example, you scan "12345" and the host displays "@es%."

Reprogram the base/Access Point with the correct Plug and Play bar code. See Programming the Interface beginning on page 2-1.

 The bas or Access Pointe may not be programmed to output your bar code data properly. For example, you scan "12345" and the host displays "A12345B."

Reprogram the base/Access Point with the proper symbology selections. See Chapter 7.

The scanner won't read your bar code at all.

 Scan the sample bar codes in the back of this manual. If the scanner reads the sample bar codes, check that your bar code is readable.

Verify that your bar code symbology is enabled (see Chapter 7).

If the scanner still can't read the sample bar codes, scan All Symbologies on page 7-2.

Customer Support

Technical Assistance

If you need assistance installing or troubleshooting your device, please contact us by using one of the methods below:

Knowledge Base: www.hsmknowledgebase.com

Our Knowledge Base provides thousands of immediate solutions. If the Knowledge Base cannot help, our Technical Support Portal (see below) provides an easy way to report your problem or ask your question.

Technical Support Portal: www.hsmsupportportal.com

The Technical Support Portal not only allows you to report your problem, but it also provides immediate solutions to your technical issues by searching our Knowledge Base. With the Portal, you can submit and track your questions online and send and receive attachments.

Web form: www.hsmcontactsupport.com

You can contact our technical support team directly by filling out our online support form. Enter your contact details and the description of the question/problem.

Telephone: www.honeywellaidc.com/locations

For our latest contact information, please check our website at the link above.

Product Service and Repair

Honeywell International Inc. provides service for all of its products through service centers throughout the world. To obtain warranty or non-warranty service, please visit www.honeywellaidc.com and select **Support > Contact Service and Repair** to see your region's instructions on how to obtain a Return Material Authorization number (RMA #). You should do this prior to returning the product.

Limited Warranty

Honeywell International Inc. ("HII") warrants its products to be free from defects in materials and workmanship and to conform to HII's published specifications applicable to the products purchased at the time of shipment. This warranty does not cover any HII product which is (i) improperly installed or used; (ii) damaged by accident or negligence, including failure to follow the proper maintenance, service, and cleaning schedule; or (iii) damaged as a result of (A) modification or alteration by the purchaser or other party, (B) excessive voltage or current supplied to or drawn from the interface connections, (C) static electricity or electro-static discharge, (D) operation under conditions beyond the specified operating parameters, or (E) repair or service of the product by anyone other than HII or its authorized representatives.

This warranty shall extend from the time of shipment for the duration published by HII for the product at the time of purchase ("Warranty Period"). Any defective product must be returned (at purchaser's expense) during the Warranty Period to HII factory or authorized service center for inspection. No product will be accepted by HII without a Return Materials Authorization, which may be obtained by contacting HII. In the event that the product is returned to HII or its authorized service center within the Warranty Period and HII determines to its satisfaction that the product is defective due to defects in materials or workmanship, HII, at its sole option, will either repair or replace the product without charge, except for return shipping to HII.

EXCEPT AS MAY BE OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE FOREGOING WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER COVENANTS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, ORAL OR WRITTEN, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR NON-INFRINGEMENT.

HII'S RESPONSIBILITY AND PURCHASER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY UNDER THIS WARRANTY IS LIMITED TO THE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF THE DEFECTIVE PRODUCT WITH NEW OR REFURBISHED PARTS. IN NO EVENT SHALL HII BE LIABLE FOR INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, AND, IN NO EVENT, SHALL ANY LIABILITY OF HII ARISING IN CONNECTION WITH ANY PRODUCT SOLD HEREUNDER (WHETHER SUCH LIABILITY ARISES FROM A CLAIM BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, OR OTHERWISE) EXCEED THE ACTUAL AMOUNT PAID TO HII FOR THE PRODUCT. THESE LIMITATIONS ON LIABILITY SHALL REMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT EVEN WHEN HII MAY HAVE BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH INJURIES, LOSSES, OR DAMAGES. SOME STATES, PROVINCES, OR COUNTRIES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATIONS OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATION OR EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.

All provisions of this Limited Warranty are separate and severable, which means that if any provision is held invalid and unenforceable, such determination shall not affect the validity of enforceability of the other provisions hereof. Use of any peripherals not provided by the manufacturer may result in damage not covered by this warranty. This includes but is not limited to: cables, power supplies, cradles, and docking stations. HII extends these warranties only to the first end-users of the products. These warranties are non-transferable.

The duration of the limited warranty for the Xenon 1900 and 1910 scanners is five (5) years.

The duration of the limited warranty for the Xenon 1902 and 1912 scanners and CCB01-010BT Charge Base is three (3) years.

The duration of the limited warranty for the Granit 1910i and 1911i scanners and CCB02-100BT Charge Base is three (3) years.

The duration of the limited warranty for the Xenon or Granit battery is one (1) year.



Reference Charts

Symbology Charts

Note: "m" represents the AIM modifier character. Refer to International Technical Specification, Symbology Identifiers, for AIM modifier character details.

Prefix/Suffix entries for specific symbologies override the universal (All Symbologies, 99) entry.

Refer to Data Editing beginning on page 5-1 and Data Formatting beginning on page 6-1 for information about using Code ID and AIM ID.

Linear Symbologies

		AIM	Honeywell	
Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
All Symbologies				99
Codabar]F <i>m</i>	0-1	а	61
Code 11]H3		h	68
Code 128]C <i>m</i>	0, 1, 2, 4	j	6A
Code 32 Pharmaceutical (PARAF)]X0		<	3C
Code 39 (supports Full ASCII mode)]A <i>m</i>	0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 7	b	62
TCIF Linked Code 39 (TLC39)]L2		T	54
Code 93 and 93i]G <i>m</i>	0-9, A-Z, a-m	i	69
EAN]E <i>m</i>	0, 1, 3, 4	d	64
EAN-13 (including Bookland EAN)]E0		d	64
EAN-13 with Add-On]E3		d	64
EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code]E3		d	64
EAN-8]E4		D	44
EAN-8 with Add-On]E3		D	44

		AIM	Honeywell	
Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
GS1				
GS1 DataBar]e <i>m</i>	0	у	79
GS1 DataBar Limited]e <i>m</i>		{	7B
GS1 DataBar Expanded]e <i>m</i>		}	7D
GS1-128]C1		I	49
2 of 5				
China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)]X0		Q	51
Interleaved 2 of 5]l <i>m</i>	0, 1, 3	е	65
Matrix 2 of 5]X0		m	6D
NEC 2 of 5]X0		Υ	59
Straight 2 of 5 IATA]R <i>m</i>	0, 1, 3	f	66
Straight 2 of 5 Industrial]S0		f	66
MSI]M <i>m</i>	0, 1	g	67
Telepen]B <i>m</i>		t	74
UPC		0, 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, A, B, C		
UPC-A]E0		С	63
UPC-A with Add-On]E3		С	63
UPC-A with Extended Coupon Code]E3		С	63
UPC-E]E0		Е	45
UPC-E with Add-On]E3		Е	45
UPC-E1]X0		Е	45
			•	
Add Honeywell Code ID				5C80
Add AIM Code ID				5C81
Add Backslash				5C5C
Batch mode quantity			5	35

2D Symbologies

		AIM	Hone	eywell
Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
All Symbologies				99
Aztec Code]zm	0-9, A-C	z	7A
Chinese Sensible Code (Han Xin Code)]X0		Н	48
Codablock A]06	0, 1, 4, 5, 6	V	56
Codablock F]O <i>m</i>	0, 1, 4, 5, 6	q	71
Code 49]T <i>m</i>	0, 1, 2, 4	I	6C
Data Matrix]d <i>m</i>	0-6	w	77
GS1]e <i>m</i>	0-3		
GS1 Composite]e <i>m</i>	0-3	у	79
GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional]e <i>m</i>		У	79
MaxiCode]Um	0-3	х	78
PDF417]L <i>m</i>	0-2	r	72
MicroPDF417]L <i>m</i>	3-5	R	52
QR Code]Q <i>m</i>	0-6	S	73
Micro QR Code]Q <i>m</i>		s	73

Postal Symbologies

	AIM		Honeywell	
Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (<i>m</i>)	ID	Hex
All Symbologies				99
Australian Post]X0		Α	41
British Post]X0		В	42
Canadian Post]X0		С	43

		AIM		eywell
Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
China Post]X0		Q	51
InfoMail]X0		,	2c
Intelligent Mail Bar Code]X0		М	4D
Japanese Post]X0		J	4A
KIX (Netherlands) Post]X0		K	4B
Korea Post]X0		?	3F
Planet Code]X0		L	4C
Postal-4i]X0		N	4E
Postnet]X0		Р	50

ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252)

In keyboard applications, ASCII Control Characters can be represented in 3 different ways, as shown below. The CTRL+X function is OS and application dependent. The following table lists some commonly used Microsoft functionality. This table applies to U.S. style keyboards. Certain characters may differ depending on your Country Code/PC regional settings.

Non-printable ASCII control characters			Keyboard Control + ASCII (CTRL+X) Mode			
				Windows Mode Cor On (KBDCAS2)		
DEC	HEX	Char	Control + X Mode Off (KBDCAS0)	CTRL + X	CTRL + X function	
0	00	NUL	Reserved	CTRL+ @		
1	01	SOH	NP Enter	CTRL+ A	Select all	
2	02	STX	Caps Lock	CTRL+ B	Bold	
3	03	ETX	ALT Make	CTRL+ C	Сору	
4	04	EOT	ALT Break	CTRL+ D	Bookmark	
5	05	ENQ	CTRL Make	CTRL+ E	Center	
6	06	ACK	CTRL Break	CTRL+ F	Find	
7	07	BEL	Enter / Ret	CTRL+ G		
8	08	BS	(Apple Make)	CTRL+ H	History	
9	09	HT	Tab	CTRL+ I	Italic	
10	0A	LF	(Apple Break)	CTRL+ J	Justify	

	rintable control	characters	Keyboard Control + ASCII (CTRL+X) Mode					
				Windows Mode C On (KBDCAS2)	Windows Mode Control + X Mode On (KBDCAS2)			
DEC	HEX	Char	Control + X Mode Off (KBDCAS0)	CTRL + X	CTRL + X function			
11	0B	VT	Tab	CTRL+ K	hyperlink			
12	0C	FF	Delete	CTRL+ L	list, left align			
13	0D	CR	Enter / Ret	CTRL+ M				
14	0E	SO	Insert	CTRL+ N	New			
15	0F	SI	ESC	CTRL+ O	Open			
16	10	DLE	F11	CTRL+ P	Print			
17	11	DC1	Home	CTRL+ Q	Quit			
18	12	DC2	PrtScn	CTRL+ R				
19	13	DC3	Backspace	CTRL+ S	Save			
20	14	DC4	Back Tab	CTRL+ T				
21	15	NAK	F12	CTRL+ U				
22	16	SYN	F1	CTRL+ V	Paste			
23	17	ETB	F2	CTRL+ W				
24	18	CAN	F3	CTRL+ X				
25	19	EM	F4	CTRL+ Y				
26	1A	SUB	F5	CTRL+ Z				
27	1B	ESC	F6	CTRL+[
28	1C	FS	F7	CTRL+\				
29	1D	GS	F8	CTRL+]				
30	1E	RS	F9	CTRL+ ^				
31	1F	US	F10	CTRL+ -				
127	7F	Δ	NP Enter					

Lower ASCII Reference Table

Note: Windows Code page 1252 and lower ASCII use the same characters.

	Printable Characters										
DEC	HEX	Character	DEC	HEX	Character	DEC	HEX	Character			
32	20	<space></space>	64	40	@	96	60	`			
33	21	!	65	41	Α	97	61	а			
34	22	ш	66	42	В	98	62	b			
35	23	#	67	43	С	99	63	С			

	Printable Characters (Continued)										
DEC	HEX	Character	DEC	HEX	Character	DEC	HEX	Character			
36	24	\$	68	44	D	100	64	d			
37	25	%	69	45	Е	101	65	е			
38	26	&	70	46	F	102	66	f			
39	27	1	71	47	G	103	67	g			
40	28	(72	48	Н	104	68	h			
41	29)	73	49	I	105	69	i			
42	2A	*	74	4A	J	106	6A	j			
43	2B	+	75	4B	К	107	6B	k			
44	2C	,	76	4C	L	108	6C	1			
45	2D	-	77	4D	М	109	6D	m			
46	2E		78	4E	N	110	6E	n			
47	2F	/	79	4F	0	111	6F	0			
48	30	0	80	50	Р	112	70	р			
49	31	1	81	51	Q	113	71	q			
50	32	2	82	52	R	114	72	r			
51	33	3	83	53	S	115	73	S			
52	34	4	84	54	Т	116	74	t			
53	35	5	85	55	U	117	75	u			
54	36	6	86	56	٧	118	76	V			
55	37	7	87	57	W	119	77	w			
56	38	8	88	58	Х	120	78	х			
57	39	9	89	59	Υ	121	79	у			
58	ЗА	:	90	5A	Z	122	7A	z			
59	3B	;	91	5B	[123	7B	{			
60	3C	<	92	5C	\	124	7C	1			
61	3D	=	93	5D]	125	7D	}			
62	3E	>	94	5E	٨	126	7E	~			
63	3F	?	95	5F	_	127	7F	Δ			

	Extended ASCII Characters									
DEC	HEX	CP 1252	ASCII	Alternate Extended	PS2 Scan Code					
128	80	€	Ç	up arrow ↑	0x48					
129	81		ü	down arrow ↓	0x50					
130	82	,	é	right arrow →	0x4B					
131	83	f	â	left arrow ←	0x4D					
132	84	"	ä	Insert	0x52					
133	85		à	Delete	0x53					

	Extended ASCII Characters (Continued)									
DEC	HEX	CP 1252	ASCII	Alternate Extended	PS2 Scan Code					
134	86	†	å	Home	0x47					
135	87	‡	ç	End	0x4F					
136	88	^	ê	Page Up	0x49					
137	89	%	ë	Page Down	0x51					
138	8A	Š	è	Right ALT	0x38					
139	8B	<	ï	Right CTRL	0x1D					
140	8C	Œ	î	Reserved	n/a					
141	8D		ì	Reserved	n/a					
142	8E	Ž	Ä	Numeric Keypad Enter	0x1C					
143	8F		Å	Numeric Keypad /	0x35					
144	90		É	F1	0x3B					
145	91	'	æ	F2	0x3C					
146	92	,	Æ	F3	0x3D					
147	93	"	ô	F4	0x3E					
148	94	"	Ö	F5	0x3F					
149	95	•	Ò	F6	0x40					
150	96	_	û	F7	0x41					
151	97	_	ù	F8	0x42					
152	98	~	ÿ	F9	0x43					
153	99	тм	Ö	F10	0x44					
154	9A	š	Ü	F11	0x57					
155	9B	,	¢	F12	0x58					
156	9C	œ	£	Numeric Keypad +	0x4E					
157	9D		¥	Numeric Keypad -	0x4A					
158	9E	ž	Pts	Numeric Keypad *	0x37					
159	9F	Ϋ	f	Caps Lock	0x3A					
160	A0		á	Num Lock	0x45					
161	A1	i	ĺ	Left Alt	0x38					
162	A2	¢	ó	Left Ctrl	0x1D					
163	А3	£	ú	Left Shift	0x2A					
164	A4	۵	ñ	Right Shift	0x36					
165	A5	¥	Ñ	Print Screen	n/a					
166	A6	1	<u>a</u>	Tab	0x0F					
167	A7	§	ō	Shift Tab	0x8F					
168	A8		i	Enter	0x1C					
169	A9	©	г	Esc	0x01					
170	AA	<u>a</u>	7	Alt Make	0x36					
171	AB	«	1/2	Alt Break	0xB6					
172	AC	٦	1/4	Control Make	0x1D					

	Extended ASCII Characters (Continued)									
DEC	HEX	CP 1252	ASCII	Alternate Extended	PS2 Scan Code					
173	AD		i	Control Break	0x9D					
174	AE	®	«	Alt Sequence with 1 Character	0x36					
175	AF	-	»	Ctrl Sequence with 1 Character	0x1D					
176	B0	0	300							
177	B1	±	******							
178	B2	2								
179	ВЗ	3	T							
180	B4	,	À							
181	B5	μ	4							
182	В6	1	4							
183	В7	•	7							
184	B8	3	7							
185	В9	1	4							
186	ВА	ō	Ï							
187	ВВ	»								
188	ВС	1/4	1							
189	BD	1/2	Ш							
190	BE	3/4	_							
191	BF	i	٦							
192	C0	À	L							
193	C1	Á	1							
194	C2	Â	Т							
195	C3	Ã	ŀ							
196	C4	Ä	_							
197	C5	Å	ĺ							
198	C6	Æ	F							
199	C7	Ç È	ŀ							
200	C8	È	L							
201	C9	É	F							
202	CA	Ê	1							
203	СВ	Ë	ī							
204	CC	Ì	T - -							
205	CD	ĺ	=							
206	CE	Î	#							
207	CF	Ϊ	±							
208	D0	Đ	1							
209	D1	Ñ	₹							
210	D2	Ò	π							
211	D3	Ó	Ĺ							

	Extended ASCII Characters (Continued)									
DEC	HEX	CP 1252	ASCII	Alternate Extended	PS2 Scan					
					Code					
212	D4	Ô	L							
213	D5	Õ	F							
214	D6	Ö	Г							
215	D7	×	ļ.							
216	D8	Ø	‡							
217	D9	Ù	J							
218	DA	Ú	Г							
219	DB	Û								
220	DC	Ü								
221	DD	Ý								
222	DE	Þ								
223	DF	ß								
224	E0	à	α							
225	E1	á	ß							
226	E2	â	Γ							
227	E3	ã	π							
228	E4	ä	Σ							
229	E5	å	σ							
230	E6	æ	μ							
231	E7	ç	T							
232	E8	è	Ф							
233	E9	é	Θ							
234	EA	ê	Ω							
235	EB	ë	δ							
236	EC	ì	∞							
237	ED	í	φ							
238	EE	î	ε							
239	EF	ï	n							
240	F0	ð	=							
241	F1	ñ	±							
242	F2	ò	≥							
243	F3	ó	≤							
244	F4	ô	ſ							
245	F5	õ	<u> </u>							
246	F6	Ö	÷							
247	F7	÷	≈							
248	F8	ø	0							
249	F9	ù								
250	FA	ú								
200	17	l u	l	1						

	Extended ASCII Characters (Continued)									
DEC	HEX	CP 1252	ASCII	Alternate Extended	PS2 Scan Code					
251	FB	û	V							
252	FC	ü	n							
253	FD	ý	2							
254	FE	þ								
255	FF	ÿ								

ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements

Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the bar code being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, select the code page with which the bar codes were created. The data characters should then appear properly.

Code Page Selection Method/Country	Standard	Keyboard Country	Honeywell Code Page Option						
United States									
(standard ASCII)	ISO/IEC 646-IRV	n/a	1						
Automatic National									
Character									
Replacement	ISO/IEC 2022	n/a	2 (default)						
Binary Code page	n/a	n/a	3						
	Default "Automatic National Character replacement" will select the below Honeywell Code Page options for Code128, Code 39 and Code 93.								
United States	ISO/IEC 646-06	0	1						
Canada	ISO /IEC 646-121	54	95						
Canada	ISO /IEC 646-122	18	96						
Japan	ISO/IEC 646-14	28	98						
China	ISO/IEC 646-57	92	99						
Great Britain (UK)	ISO /IEC 646-04	7	87						

Code Page Selection Method/Country	Standard	Keyboard Country	Honeywell Code Page Option
France	ISO /IEC 646-69	3	83
Germany	ISO/IEC646-21	4	84
Switzerland	ISO /IEC 646-CH	6	86
Sweden / Finland (extended Annex C)	ISO/IEC 646-11	2	82
Ireland	ISO /IEC 646-207	73	97
Danmark	ISO/IEC 646-08	8	88
Norway	ISO/IEC 646-60	9	94
Italy	ISO/IEC 646-15	5	85
Portugal	ISO/IEC 646-16	13	92
Spain	ISO/IEC 646-17	10	90
Spain	ISO/IEC 646-85	51	91

	Dec		35	36	64	91	92	93	94	96	123	124	125	126
	Hex			24	40	5B	5C	5D	5E	60	7B	7C	7D	7E
US	0	1	#	\$	@	[١]	۸	•	{	1	}	~
CA	54	95	#	\$	à	â	ç	ê	î	ô	é	ù	è	û
CA	18	96	#	\$	à	â	ç	ê	É	ô	é	ù	è	û
JP	28	98	#	\$	@	[¥]	۸	,	{		}	ı
CN	92	99	#	¥	@	[\]	^	`	{		}	-
GB	7	87	£	\$	@	[\]	۸	,	{		}	2
FR	3	83	£	\$	à	0	ç	§	۸	μ	é	ù	è	
DE	4	84	#	\$	§	Ä	Ö	Ü	۸	`	ä	ö	ü	ß
СН	6	86	ù	\$	à	é	ç	ê	î	ô	ä	ö	ü	û
SE/FI	2	82	#	¤	É	Ä	Ö	Å	Ü	é	ä	ö	å	ü
DK	8	88	#	\$	@	Æ	Ø	Å	۸	,	æ	Ø	å	2
NO	9	94	#	\$	@	Æ	Ø	Å	۸	,	æ	Ø	å	
IE	73	97	£	\$	Ó	É	ĺ	Ú	Á	ó	é	í	ú	á
IT	5	85	£	\$	§	0	ç	é	۸	ù	à	ò	è	ì
PT	13	92	#	\$	§	Ã	Ç	Õ	۸	`	ã	ç	õ	0
ES	10	90	#	\$	§	i	Ñ	خ	۸	`	o	ñ	ç	~
ES	51	91	#	\$		i	Ñ	Ç	خ	`	,	ñ	ç	
COUNTRY	Country Keyboard	Honeywell CodePage												

Unicode Key Maps

6E 70 71 72 7	3 74 75 76 77	78 79 7A 7B	7C 7D 7E	
	06 07 08 09 0A 0E		4B 50 55	5A 5F 64 69
	l 15 16 17 18 19 22 23 24 25 26 27		4C 51 56	5B 60 65 5C 61 66
2C 2E 2F 30	53	5D 62 67		
3A 3B 3C		3E 3F 38 40	4F 54 59	63 68 6C

104 Key U.S. Style Keyboard

6E 70 71 72 73	74 75 76 77	78 79 7A 7B	7C 7D 7E	
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0F			4B 50 55	5A 5F 64 69
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C _{2B}			4C 51 56	5B 60 65
1E 1F 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A				5C 61 66
2C 2D 2E 2F 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 39			53	5D 62 67
3A 3B 3C	3D 3	3E 3F 38 40	4F 54 59	63 68 ^{6C}

105 Key European Style Keyboard

Sample Symbols

UPC-A



0 123456 7890



Code 128

Code 39



BC321

Code 93



Interleaved 2 of 5



1234567890

EAN-13



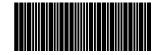
9 780330 290951

Codabar



A13579R

Straight 2 of 5 Industrial



123456

Sample Symbols

Matrix 2 of 5



GS1 DataBar



PDF417



Car Registration

Postnet

Zip Code

Data Matrix



Test Symbol

QR Code



4-CB (4-State Customer Bar Code)



01,234,567094,987654321,01234567891

ID-tag (UPU 4-State)



J18CUSA8E6N062315014880T

Sample Symbols

Aztec



Package Label

MaxiCode



Test Message

Micro PDF417



Test Message

Programming Chart





















Programming Chart



















Note: If you make an error while scanning the letters or digits (before scanning Save), scan Discard, scan the correct letters or digits, and **Save** again.

Honeywell Scanning & Mobility

9680 Old Bailes Road Fort Mill, SC 29707

www.honeywellaidc.com